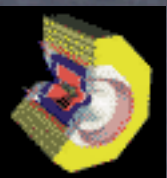


# Search for the Lepton Flavor Violating B Decays $B^0 \rightarrow \tau$ and $B^0 \rightarrow e\tau$ at CLEO2

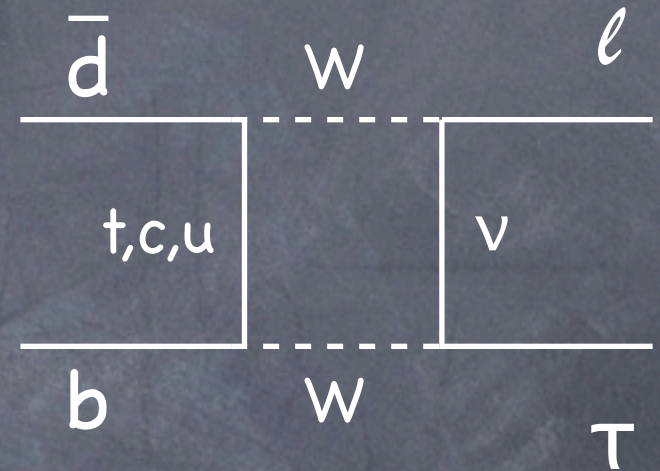
J.E.Duboscq  
Cornell University  
TAU04, Nara Japan

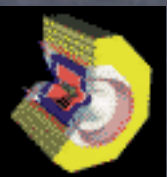




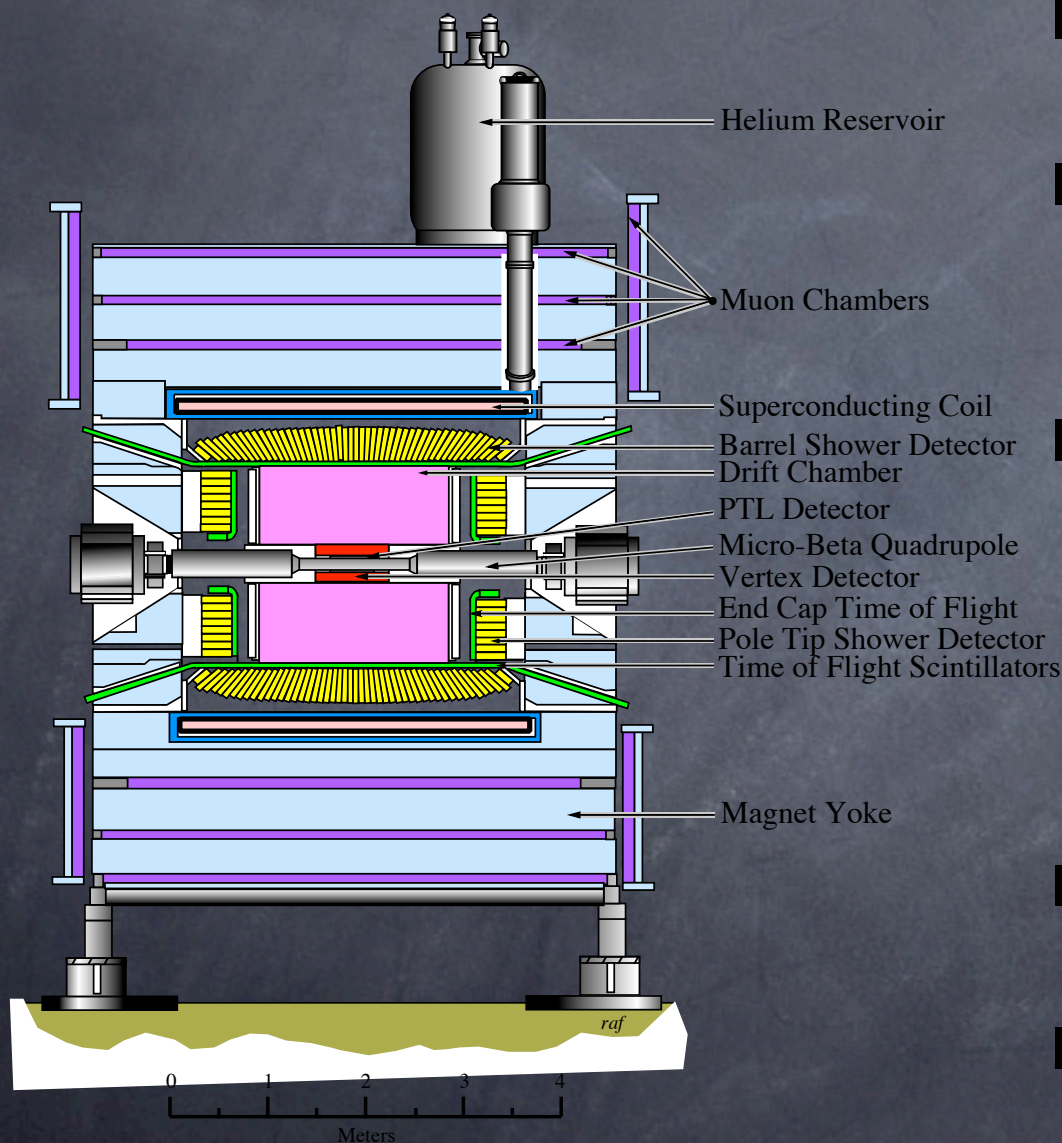
# The Physics: $B \rightarrow \ell \tau$

- We search for the decays  $B^0 \rightarrow \tau$  and  $B^0 \rightarrow e\tau$  in all charge combinations
- This decay is forbidden in the Standard Model with massless neutrinos
- With massive (eV) neutrinos, and mixing, it is still expected to be suppressed
- Observation would indicate interesting new physics

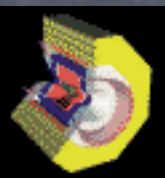




# CLEO2 Data and Detector



- Data is from CLEO2
- $9.6 \times 10^6$   $B\bar{B}$  from  $\Upsilon(4s)$  resonance
- 4.5 /fb 60 MeV below resonance for continuum, 2 photon background
- Use  $Lumi/E^2$  scaling
- Use missing momentum cut for 2photon bgd

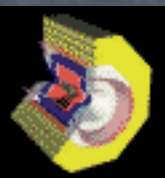


# Analysis Technique

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- Search for final states  $(e)^+ \tau^-$ ,  $(e)^- \tau^+$
- Use  $\tau$  decay modes:  $\tau \rightarrow \nu \nu$  and  $\tau \rightarrow e \nu \nu$
- Denote modes by  $(l, l')$  for  $B \rightarrow l \tau$ ,  $\tau \rightarrow l' \nu \nu$
- In B rest frame, primary  $l$  is monoenergetic
- In lab frame,  $2.2 \text{ GeV} < P(l) < 2.5 \text{ GeV}$
- Secondary  $l'$  required to have  $p(e) > 0.6 \text{ GeV}$  or  $P(\nu) > 1.0 \text{ GeV}$  for PID
- $P_{\nu \nu}$  is event missing  $E, P$  - use  $E(\text{beam})$
- Use 2 Neural Nets:  $NN_{BB}$  and  $NN_{\text{cont}}$

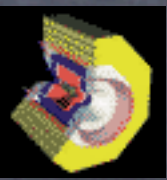
$$B \rightarrow \ell \tau$$



# Continuum Suppression

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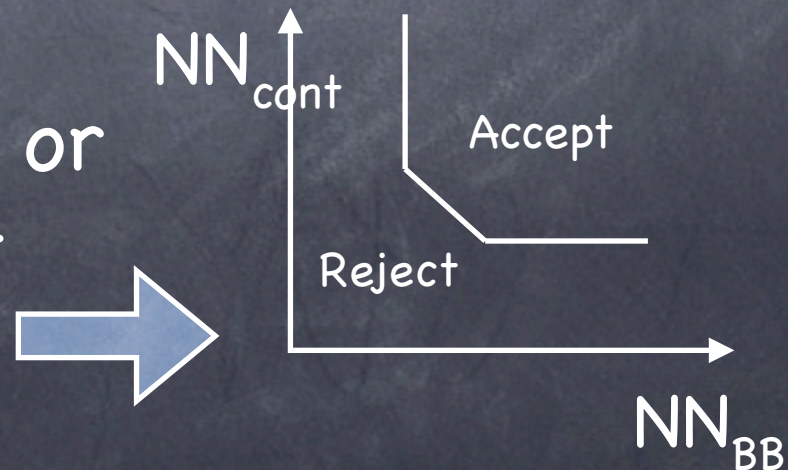
- Continuum Suppression  $NN_{\text{cont}}$ 
  - Input: R2 ( ratio of 2nd and 0th Fox Wolfram Moments)
  - Input: Event Sphericity
  - Input: Event Thrust
  - Input: cos of angle between  $p(l)-p(l')$  and thrust axis of rest of event
  - Input: cos of angle between neutrino pair and lepton pair
  -
- Train with Signal and generic Continuum MC



# BB Suppression

- BB suppression  $NN_{BB}$ 
  - Input: Beam Constrained B candidate Mass
  - Input: Missing Candidate B energy
  - Input:  $\cos$  of angle between  $l$  and  $-(\text{momentum of non Candidate B})$
- Train with Signal and BB generic Monte Carlo

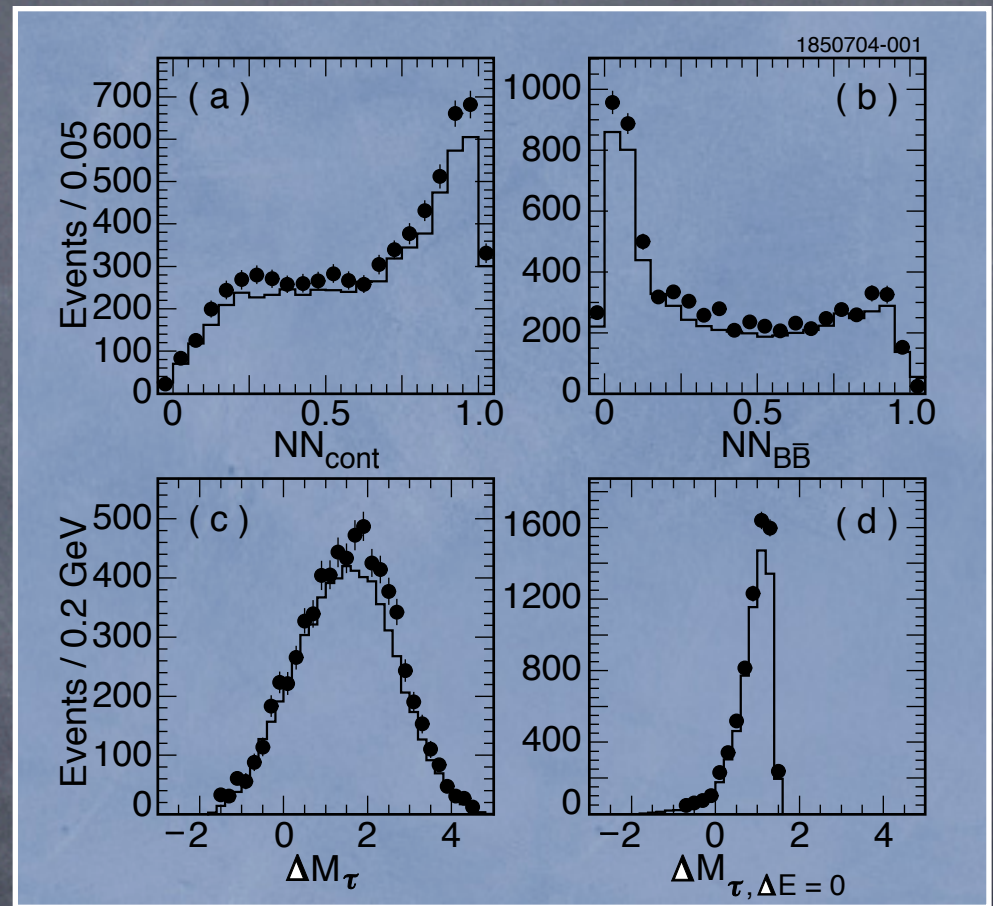
For each mode, accept or reject in Neural Net plane



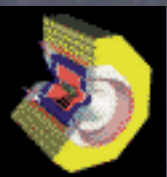
$B \rightarrow e \tau$

# SideBand Data/MC Check

- Use Primary Lepton Sidebands ( $2.0 < p(l) < 2.2$  GeV,  $2.5 < p(l) < 2.7$  GeV)
- Plot off resonance subtracted Data, B Generic MC
- $\Delta M_\tau$  is  $\tau$  mass diff using  $P_{VV}$
- $\Delta M_{\tau, \Delta E=0}$  is beam constrained  $\tau$  mass diff
- Good Match



Spectra from Primary Lepton Sideband regions ( ,e) mode

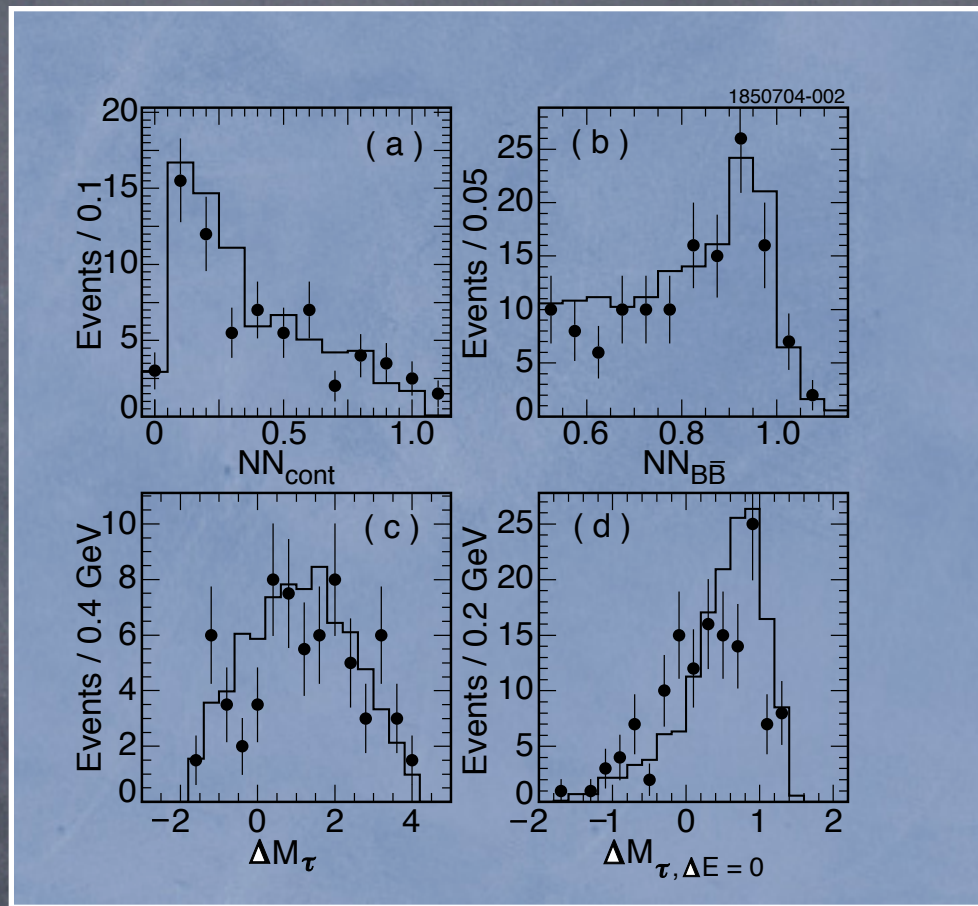


# SideBand Data/MC Check 2

Use Primary Lepton Sidebands ( $2.0 < p(l) < 2.2$  GeV,  $2.5 < p(l) < 2.7$  GeV)

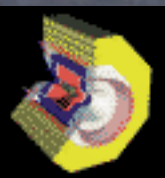
Plot off resonance Data, Continuum Generic MC

In (e,e) mode data exceeds MC:  $2 \gamma$  bgd  
Scale MC in signal region by this ratio  
Small error because we do on-off data subtraction



Spectra from Primary Lepton Sideband regions (e,e) mode

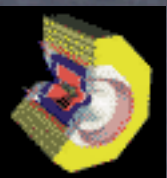




# Results

- Subtract (scaled) Off Resonance Data from On Resonance Data, after cuts
- Compare to  $N(\text{BB})$ ,  $N(\text{Cont})$  scaled according to primary sideband estimation
- The rest would be signal

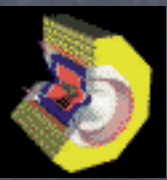
$(l, l')$	$(\mu, e)$	$(\mu, \mu)$	$(e, e)$	$(e, \mu)$
$N(\text{on})$	19	10	28	6
$N(\text{off})$	2	3	7	0
$N(\text{obs})$	$15.0 \pm 5.2$	$4.0 \pm 4.7$	$14.0 \pm 7.5$	$6.0 \pm 2.4$
$\langle N_{\text{BB}} \rangle$	$23.7 \pm 2.7$	$9.0 \pm 1.4$	$11.6 \pm 1.4$	$5.1 \pm 0.8$
$\langle N_{\text{cont}} \rangle$	$1.8 \pm 0.6$	$0.4 \pm 0.2$	$3.1 \pm 1.0$	$0.5 \pm 0.3$



# Results 2

- Dominant Systematics:
  - Lepton ID (3.5% for each lepton)
  - $P_{\nu\nu}$  uncertainties (5.4%)
  - Allow MC Scaling to vary by  $1\sigma$  in least favorable direction for UL
- Limits including Systematics

$(l,l')$	$(\mu,e)$	$(\mu,\tau)$	$(e,e)$	$(e,\tau)$
BR 90% UL ( $10^{-4}$ )	0.55	0.87	1.64	1.46



# Conclusions

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- Combining Modes gives:

- $B(B \rightarrow \tau) < 3.8 \times 10^{-5} @ 90\%CL$

- $B(B \rightarrow e\tau) < 1.1 \times 10^{-4} @ 90\%CL$

Submitted to PRL

Limits are a factor of 22(5) better than previous lowest, also by CLEO

Results given are for unpolarized  $\tau$

For  $V-A$   $\epsilon \rightarrow \epsilon + 11\%$

For  $V+A$   $\epsilon \rightarrow \epsilon - 8\%$