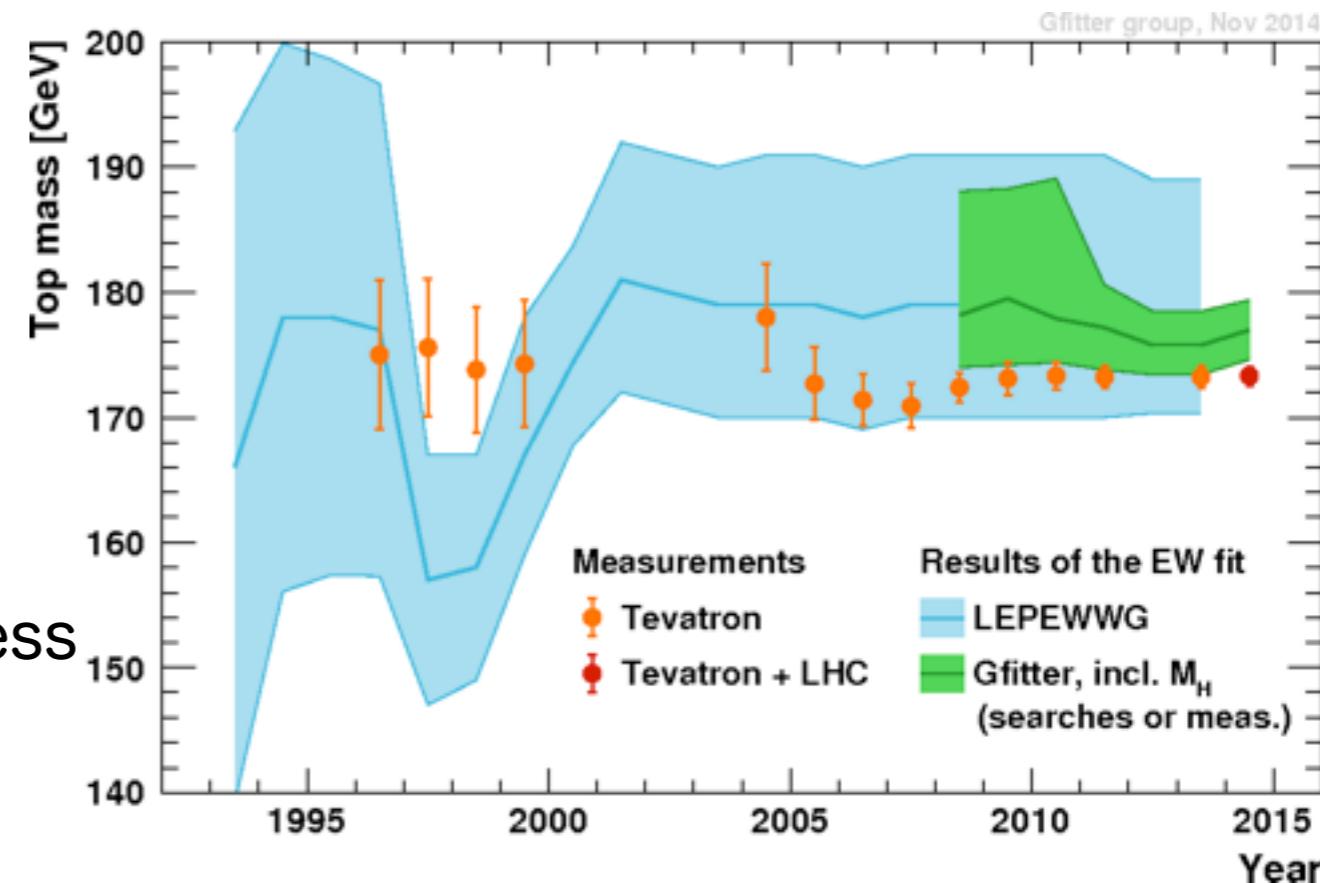


# Top quark physics results at LHC

Makoto Tomoto  
Nagoya University

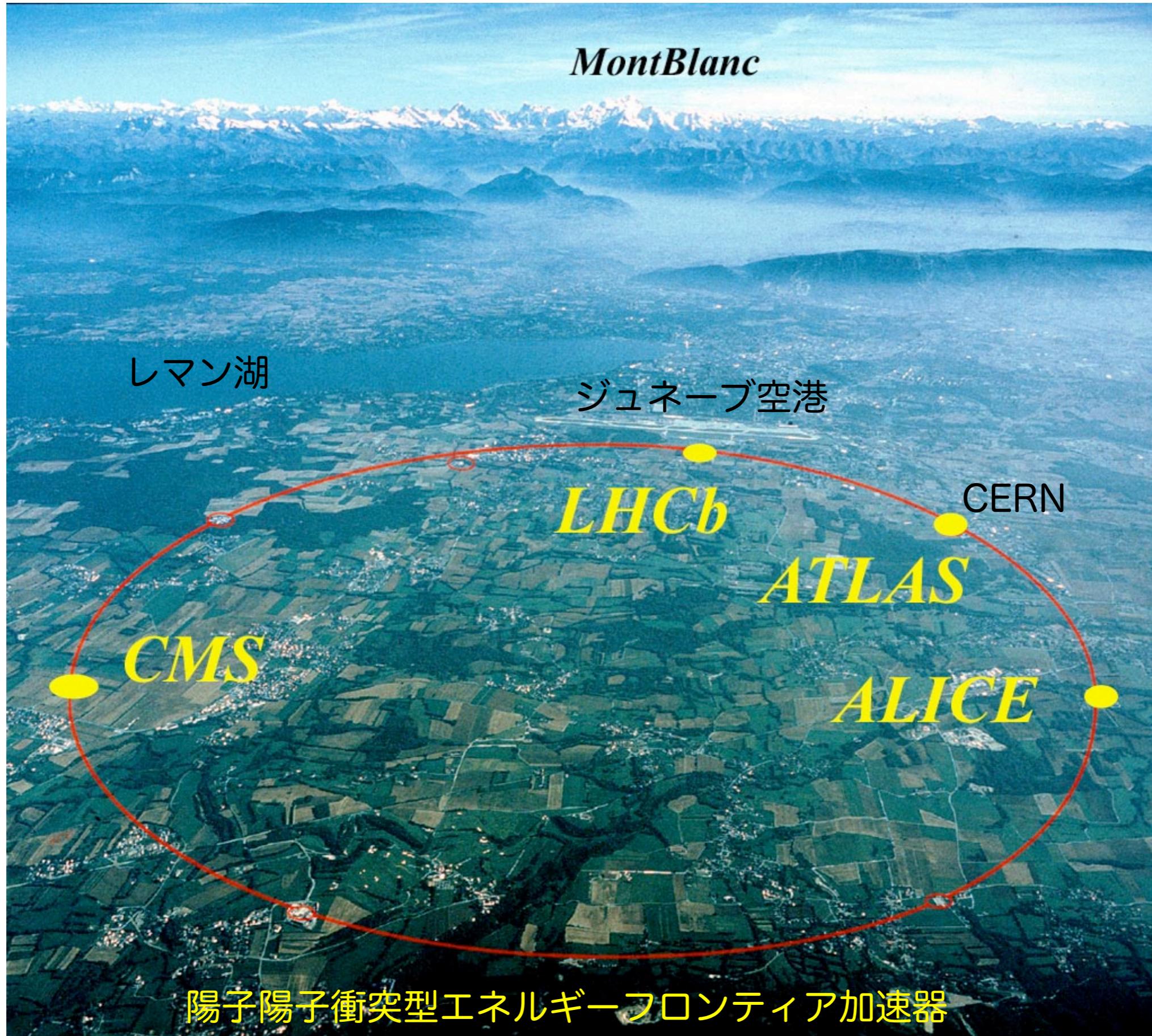
# Introduction

- Discovered in 1995 at the Tevatron
- Heaviest particle in SM
  - ▶  $\Upsilon t \sim 1$
  - ▶ Sensitive to new physics BSM
- Short lifetime  $\sim 10^{-25}$ s
  - ▶ Information on a bare quark
- top quark pair produced via QCD process
- Decays via EW process



- LHC is a top quark factory
  - ▶ In Run 2, a top quark pair every second
- Top quark physics is crucial to the LHC
  - ▶ Precise measurement of the QCD and EW
  - ▶ Probe couplings to Higgs, W, Z,  $\gamma$
  - ▶ 3rd generation models within BSM (stop, ... )
  - ▶ Significant background to searches and Higgs

# Large Hadron Collider



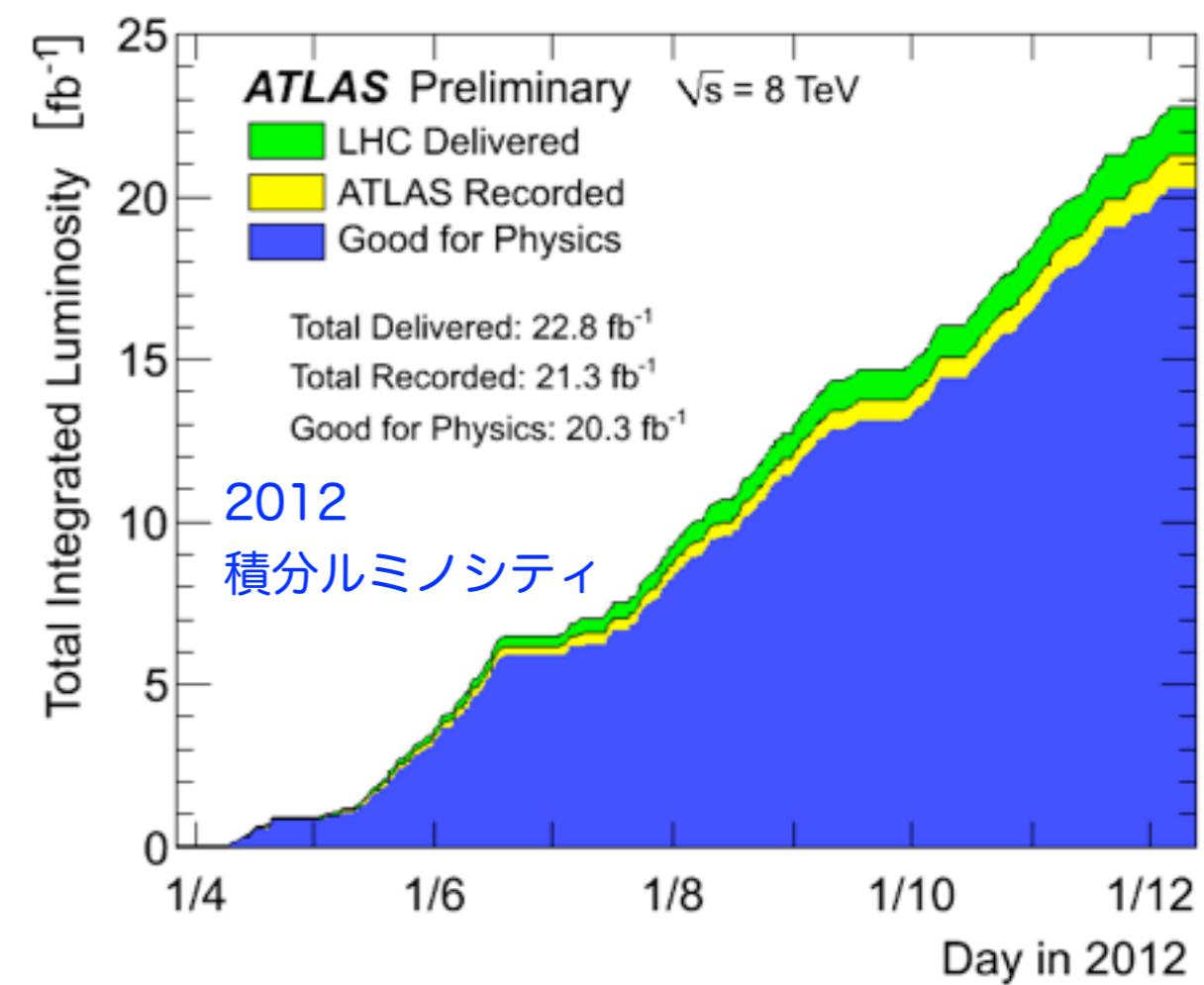
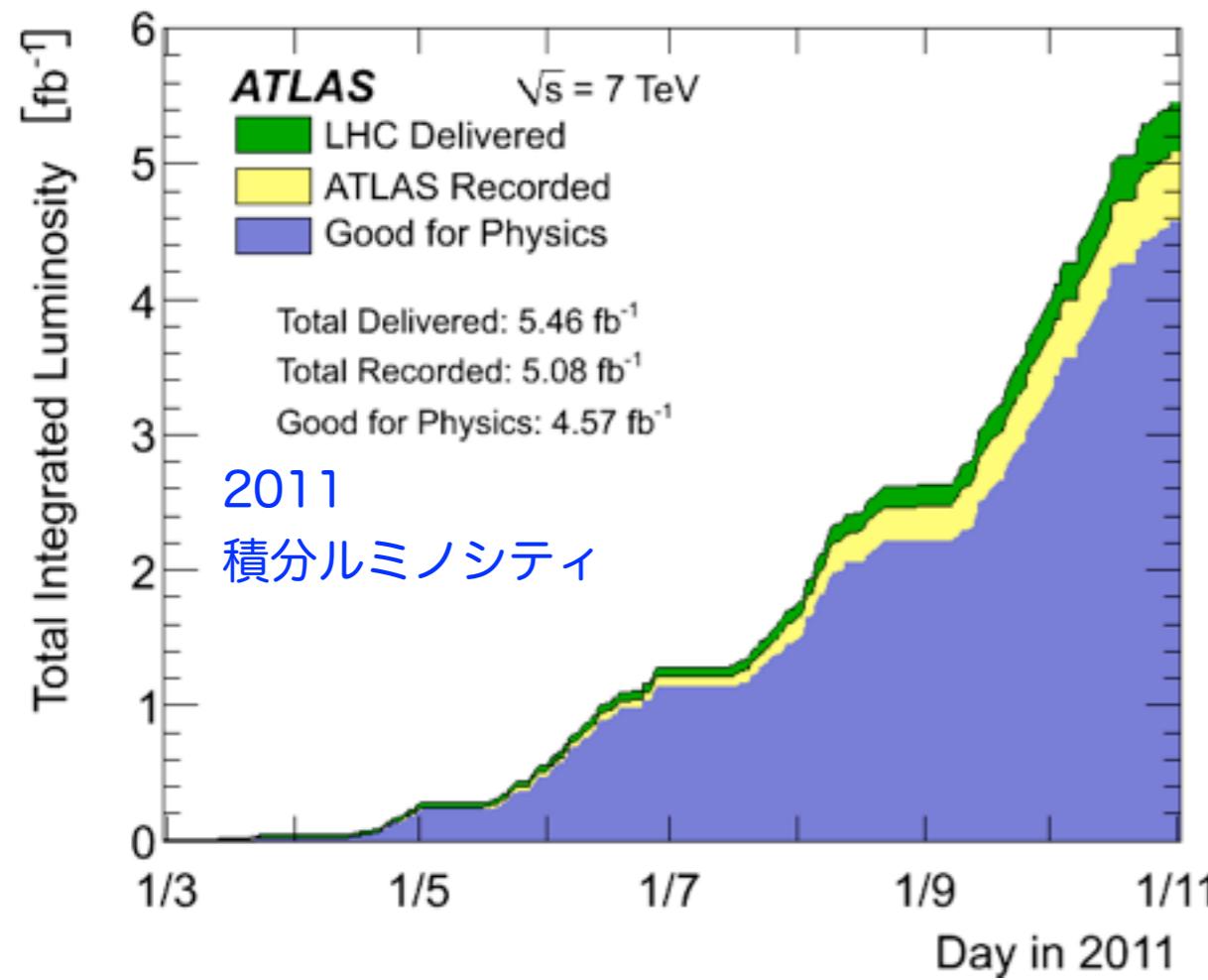
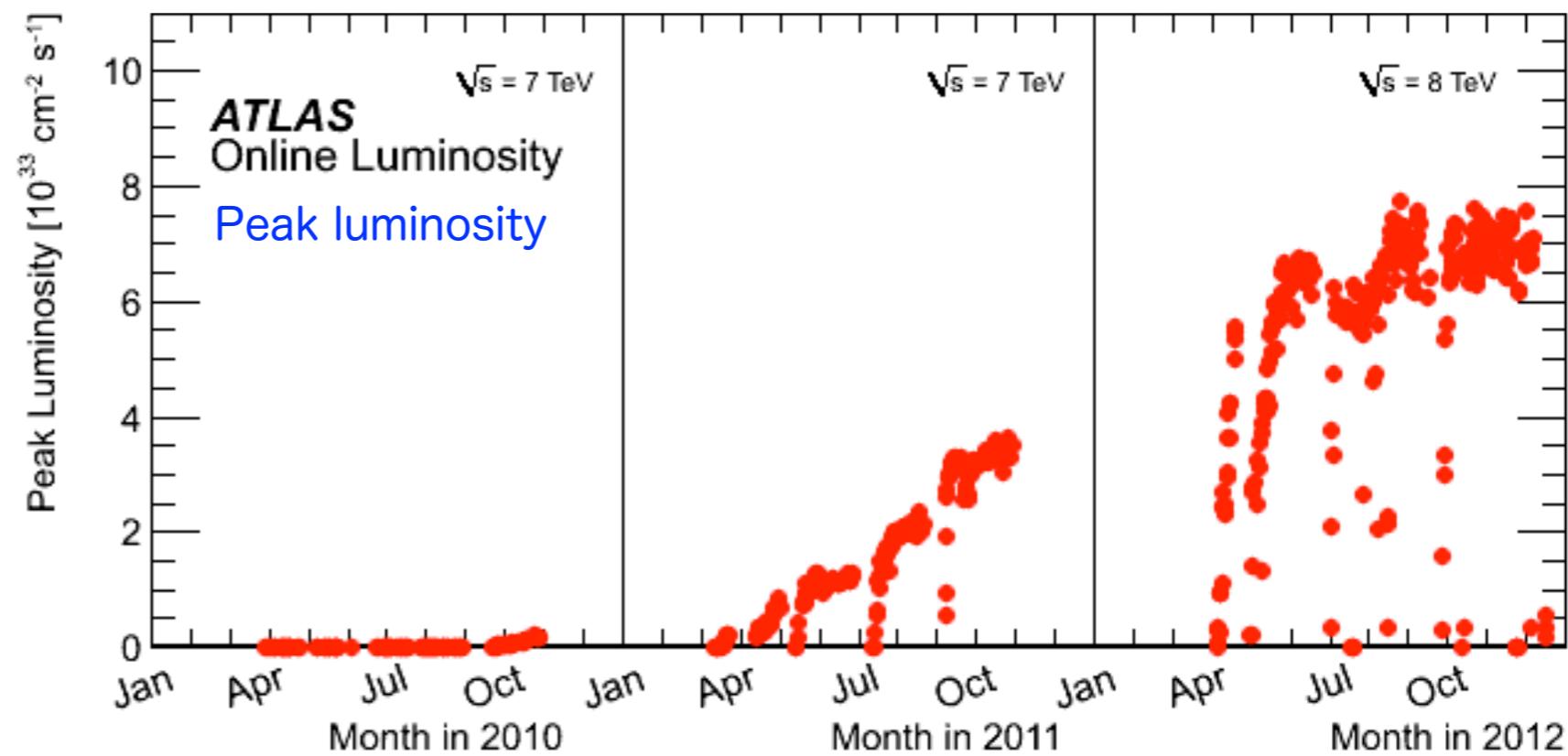
# LHC実験のこれまでの歩み

~2009	: 建設	
2009	: 加速器事故	
2010	: Physics run開始	
2011	: $\sqrt{s}=7\text{TeV}$ の物理データ収集	
2012	: $\sqrt{s}=8\text{TeV}$ の物理データ収集	} Run 1
2012/7/4	: ヒッグス粒子の発見	
2013-2015	: Shutdown	
2015	: $\sqrt{s}=13\text{TeV}$ の物理データ収集	Run 2

Publishされた論文数：477！  
(2016年2月14日)

# Run 1 : 2010 - 2012

$\sqrt{s}=7\sim 8\text{TeV}$   
50ns bunch spacing

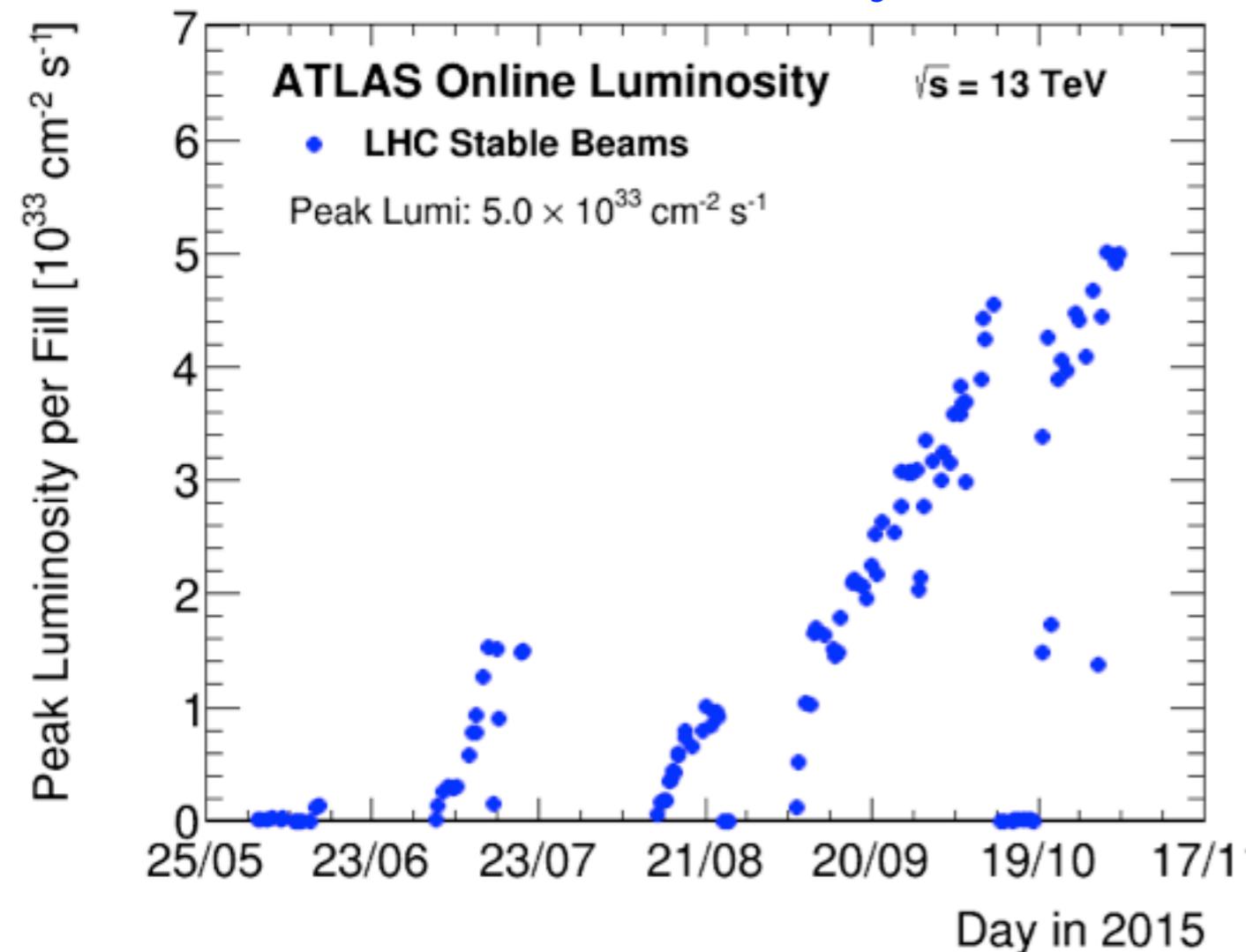


# Run 2 : 2015 -

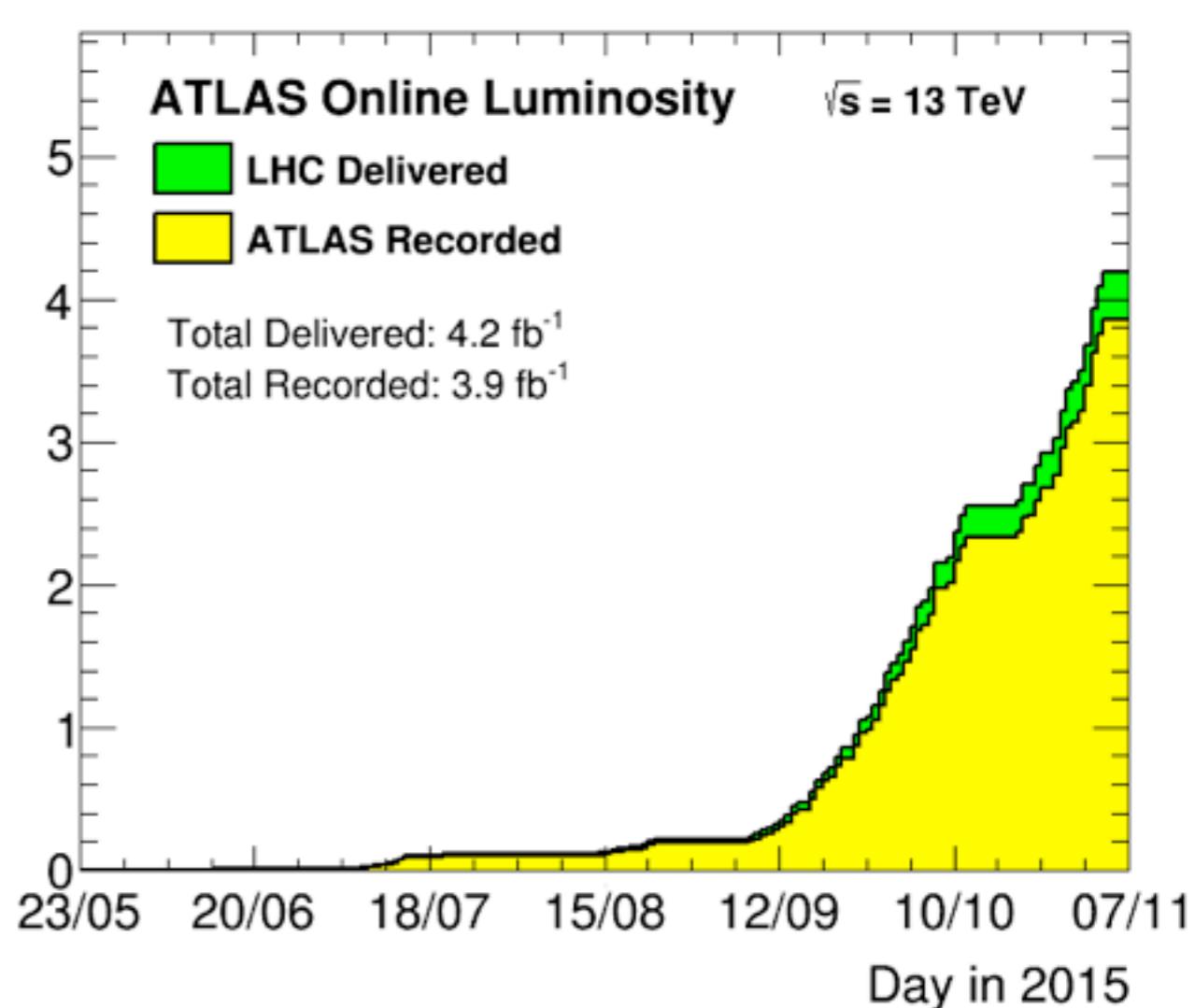
$\sqrt{s}=13\text{TeV}$

25ns bunch spacing

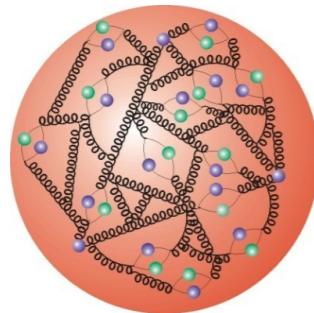
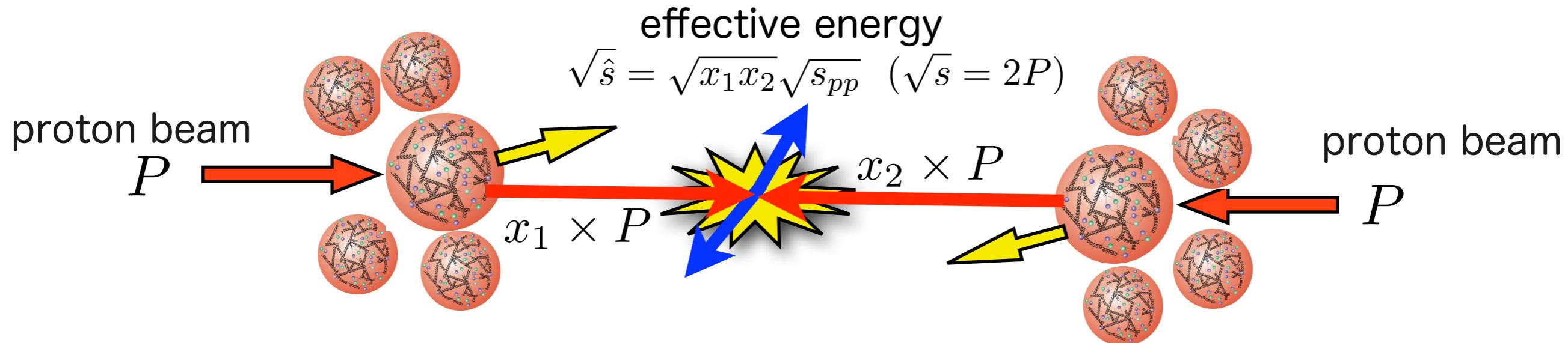
Peak luminosity



積分ルミノシティ

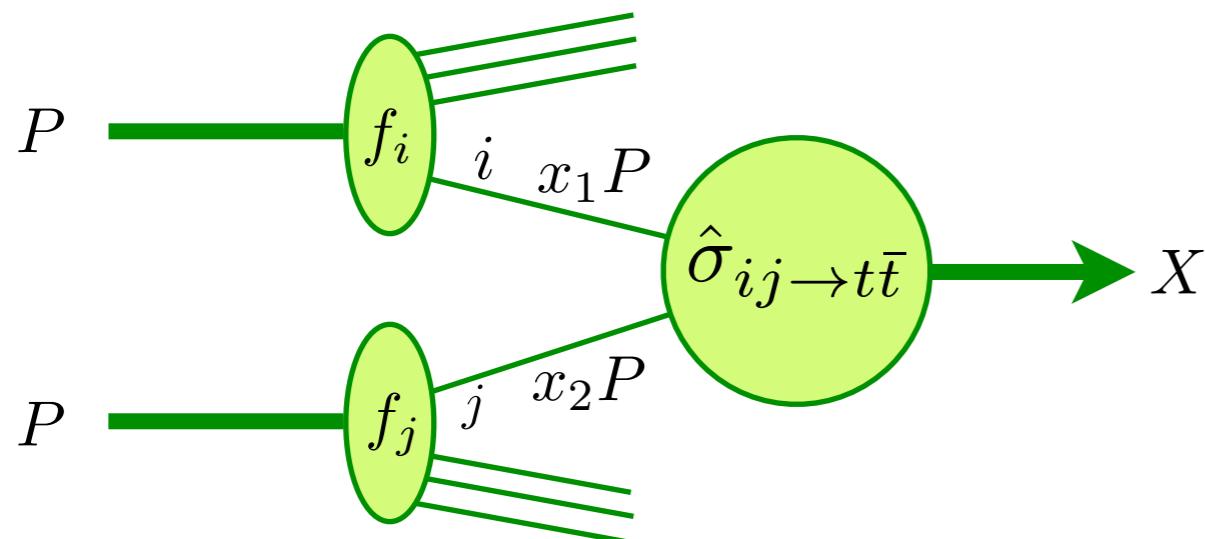


# top quark pair production in p-p collision



A proton consists of not only u-u-d valence quarks but also huge amounts of sea quarks and gluons → **parton**  
 The cross section cannot be extracted without the knowledge of the parton density.

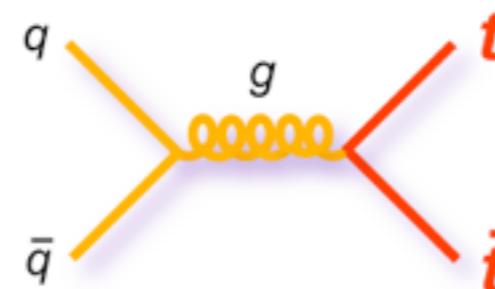
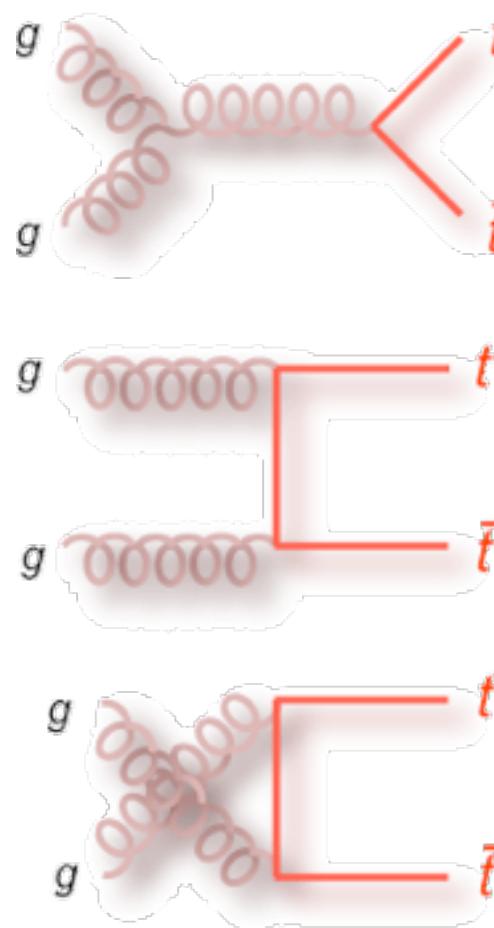
$$\sigma_{pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}} = \sum_{ij} \int dx_1 \int dx_2 [f_i(x_1, \mu) f_j(x_2, \mu)] \hat{\sigma}_{ij \rightarrow t\bar{t}}(s, \alpha_S(\hat{\mu}), Q/\mu)$$



$\hat{\sigma}_{ij \rightarrow t\bar{t}}$  parton(i)-parton(j) cross-section  
 → perturbative QCD

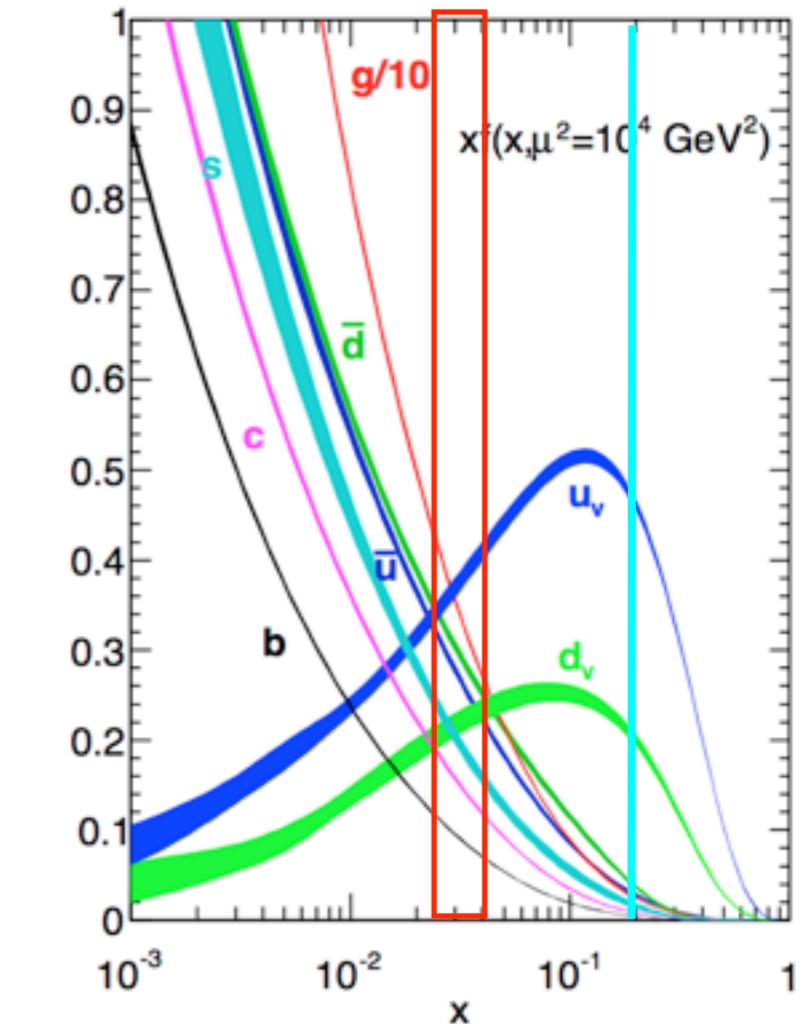
$f_i(x, \mu)$  Parton distribution function

# top quark pair production at LHC



$$\sqrt{\hat{s}} = \sqrt{x_1 x_2} \sqrt{s_{pp}} \quad x \sim \frac{2m_t}{\sqrt{s}}$$

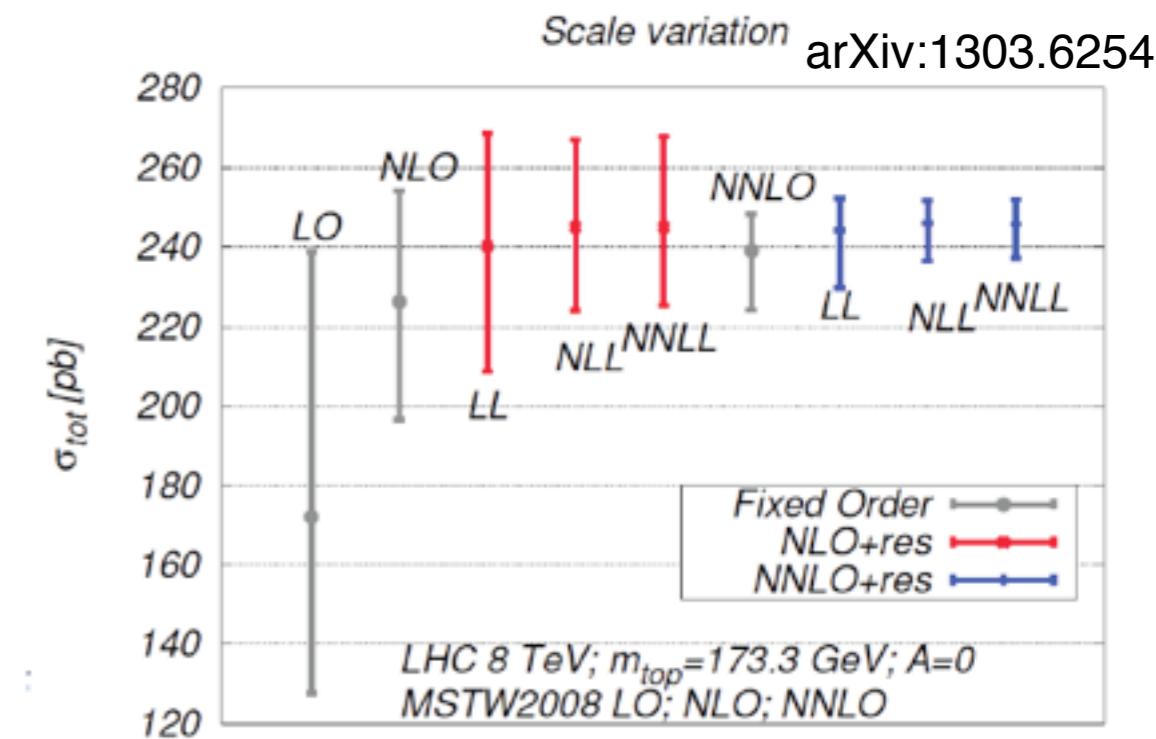
LHCはgluonのPDFに感度



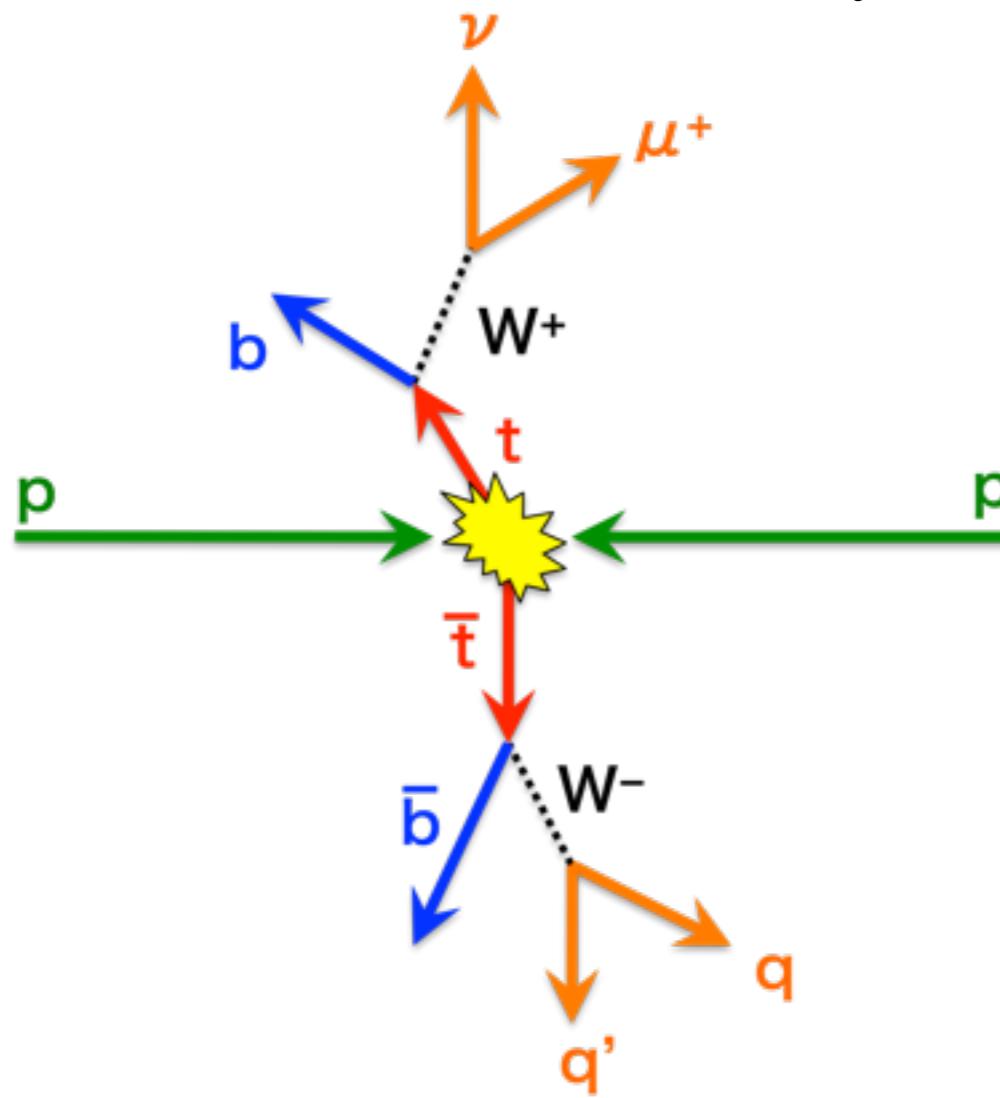
NNLO+NNLL ( $m_t=173.3$ , PDF=MSTW2008nnlo68cl)

	x	qq : gg	$\sigma_{tt}$ (pb)	$\pm$ scale	$\pm$ pdf
7TeV	0.049	15 : 85	172.0	~3%	2%3%
8TeV	0.043	12 : 88	245.8	~3%	~2.5%
14TeV	0.025	10 : 90	953.6	~3%	2%
Tevatoron 1.96 TeV	0.18	90 : 10	7.165	~2%	2%

arXiv:1303.6254



# Top quark decay



$$\text{Br}(t \rightarrow W b) \sim 100\%$$

2つのWの崩壊によって、categorizeされる

- dilepton 5%
- lepton+jets 30%
- all jets 45%
- tau+X (charged Higgsに感度)
- rare decay (FCNC decayなど)

	W decay mode	W decay mode	W decay mode
W decay mode	qq'	tau plus jets	all hadronic
ev/μν τν	eτ/μτ	ττ	tau plus jets
dilepton		eτ/μτ	lepton plus jets
ev/μν τν			qq'

# A Toroidal Lhc Appratus

Calorimeters:  
Tile & LAr

Muons:

Trigger

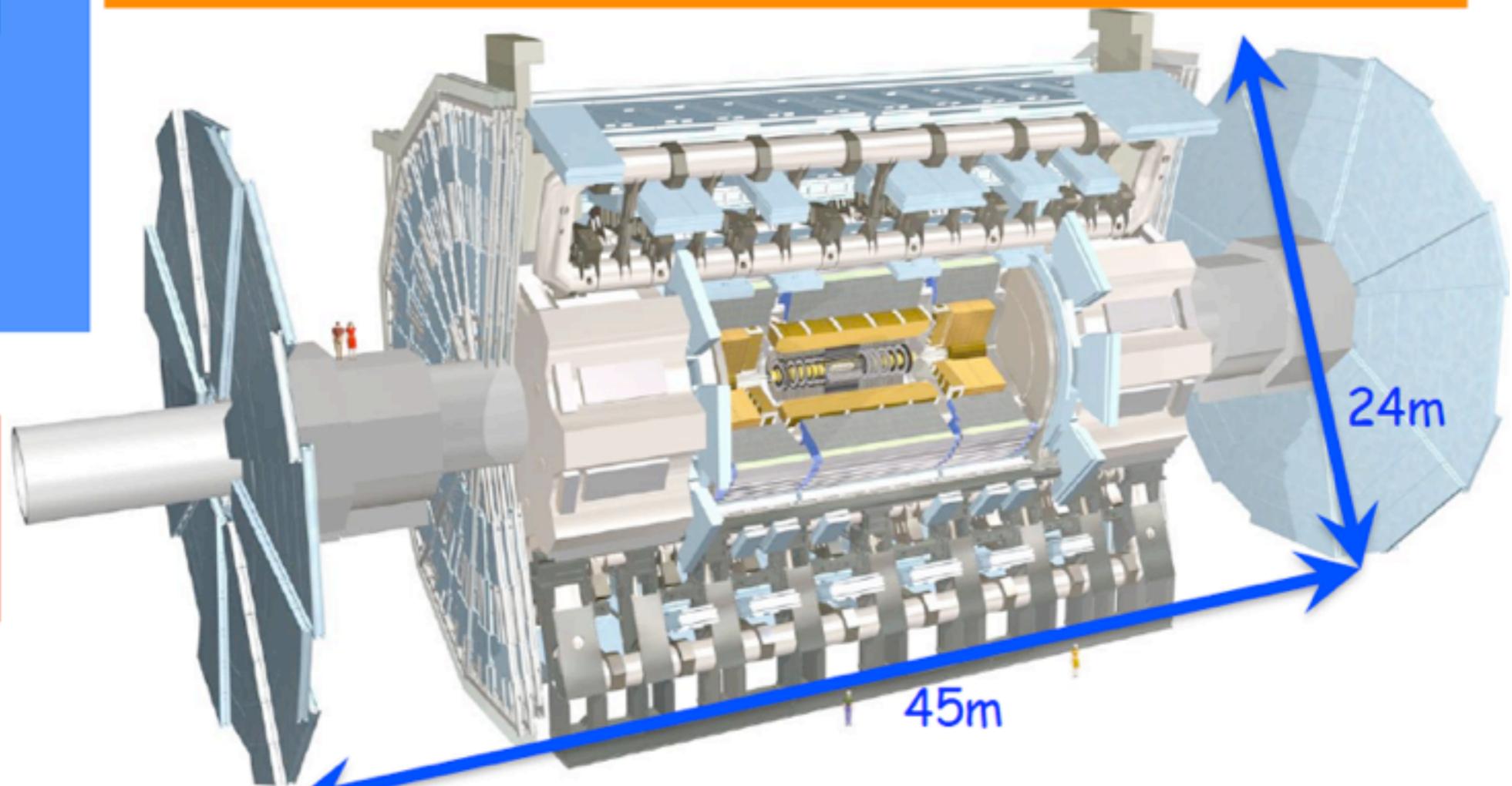
TGC  
RPC

Precision  
CSC  
MDT

大きさ : 24m × 45m  
重量 : 7000 トン  
読み出し : 160M

$$e/\gamma \quad \frac{\sigma(E)}{E} = \frac{10\%}{\sqrt{E}} + 0.7\%$$

$$\text{Hadron} \quad \frac{\sigma(E)}{E} = \frac{50\%}{\sqrt{E}} + 3\% \quad |\eta| < 3, \quad \frac{\sigma(E)}{E} = \frac{100\%}{\sqrt{E}} + 10\% \quad |\eta| > 3$$



Magnets:

Solenoid : 2テスラ



Toroidal :

$$\int B \times d\ell = 2 \sim 6 \text{ (T×m)}$$

$$\text{Inner Tracker: } \frac{\sigma}{P_T} = 0.05\% \times P_T + 1\% \quad (2\% @ 20\text{GeV})$$

Pixel:

$$50 \times 400 \mu\text{m}^2$$

80M channels

SCT:



$$80 \mu\text{m} \times 6\text{cm}$$

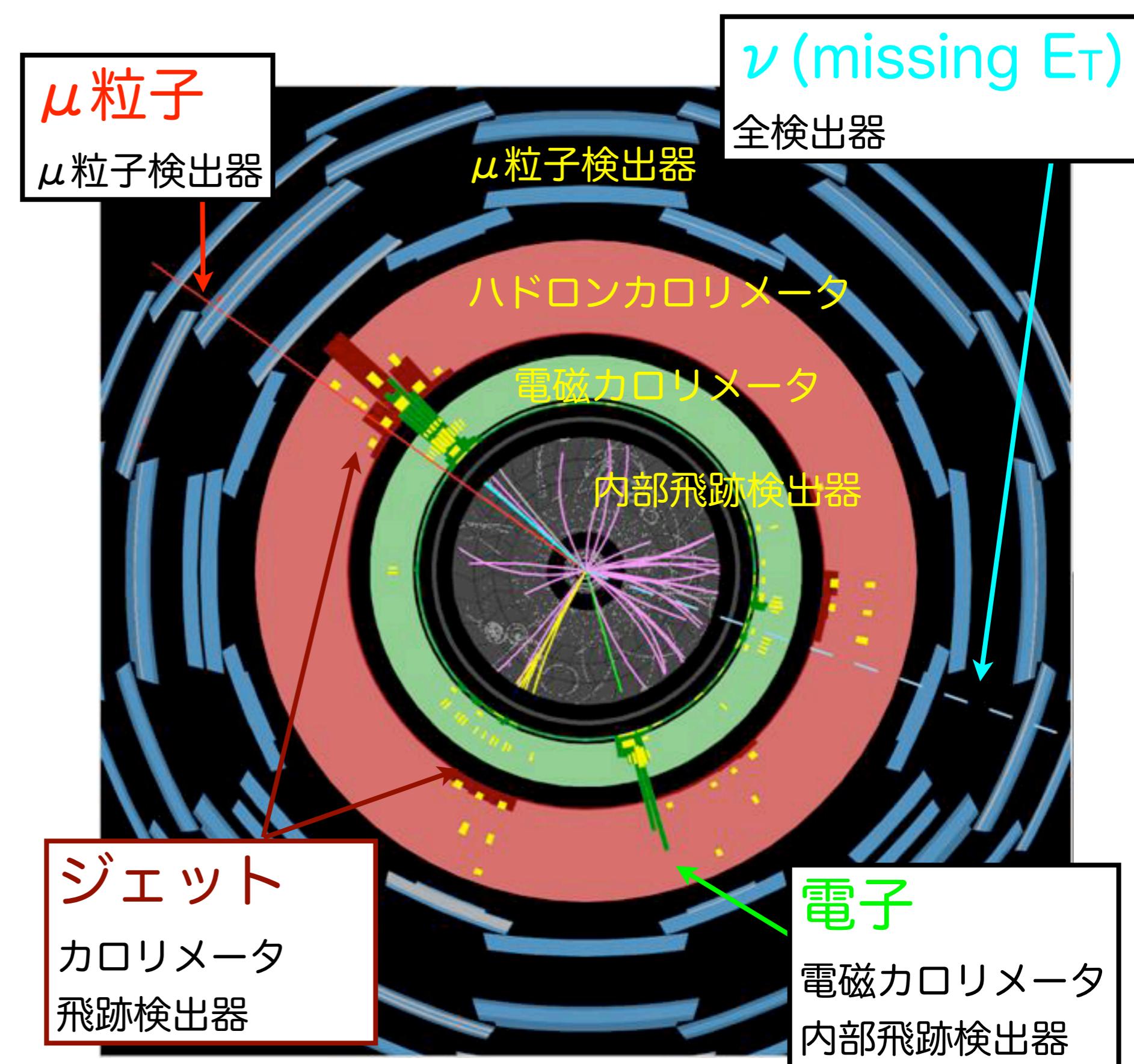
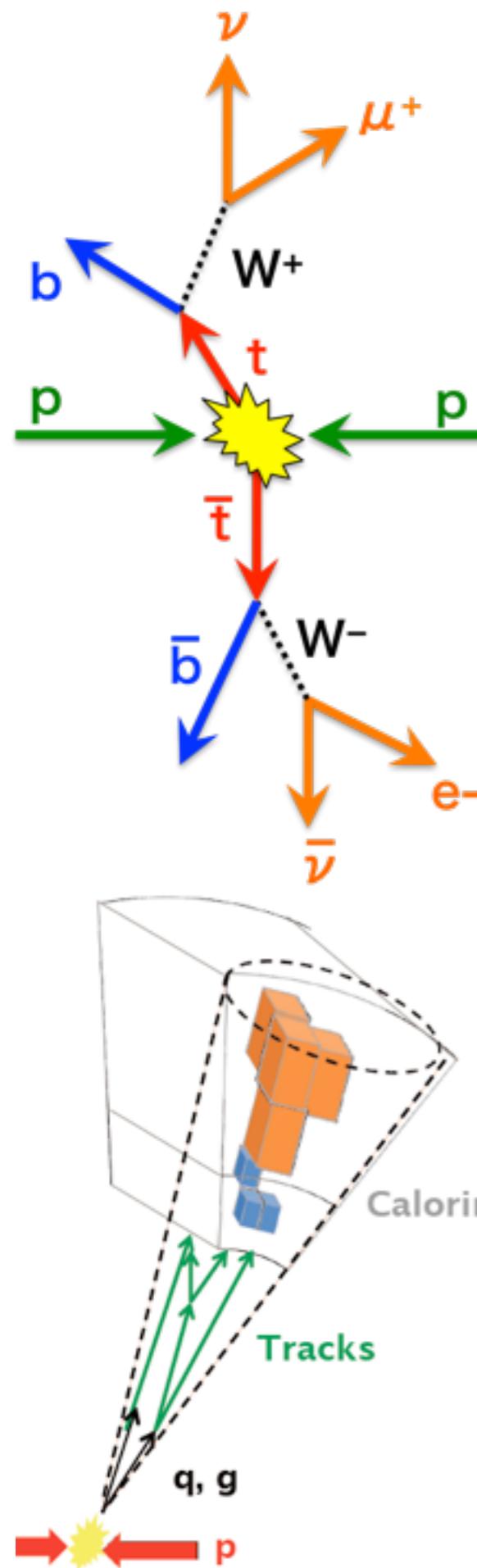
7M channels

TRT:

4mm φ straw tube

350k channels

# Object ID



# b-jet id & $\tau$ -id

## b-jet id

jet内のmultiplicityが大

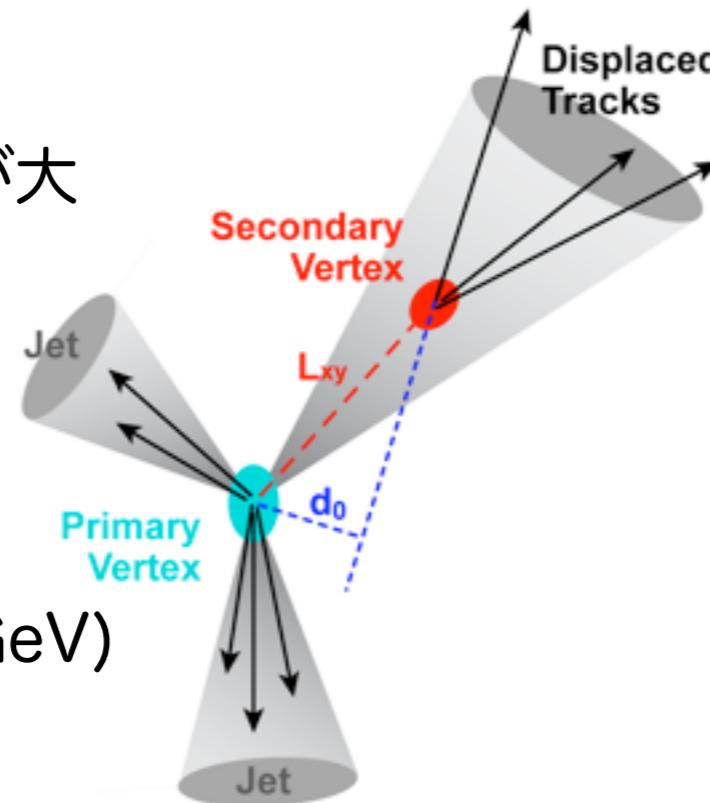
$L_{xy}$ が大

jet内の $d_0$ が大

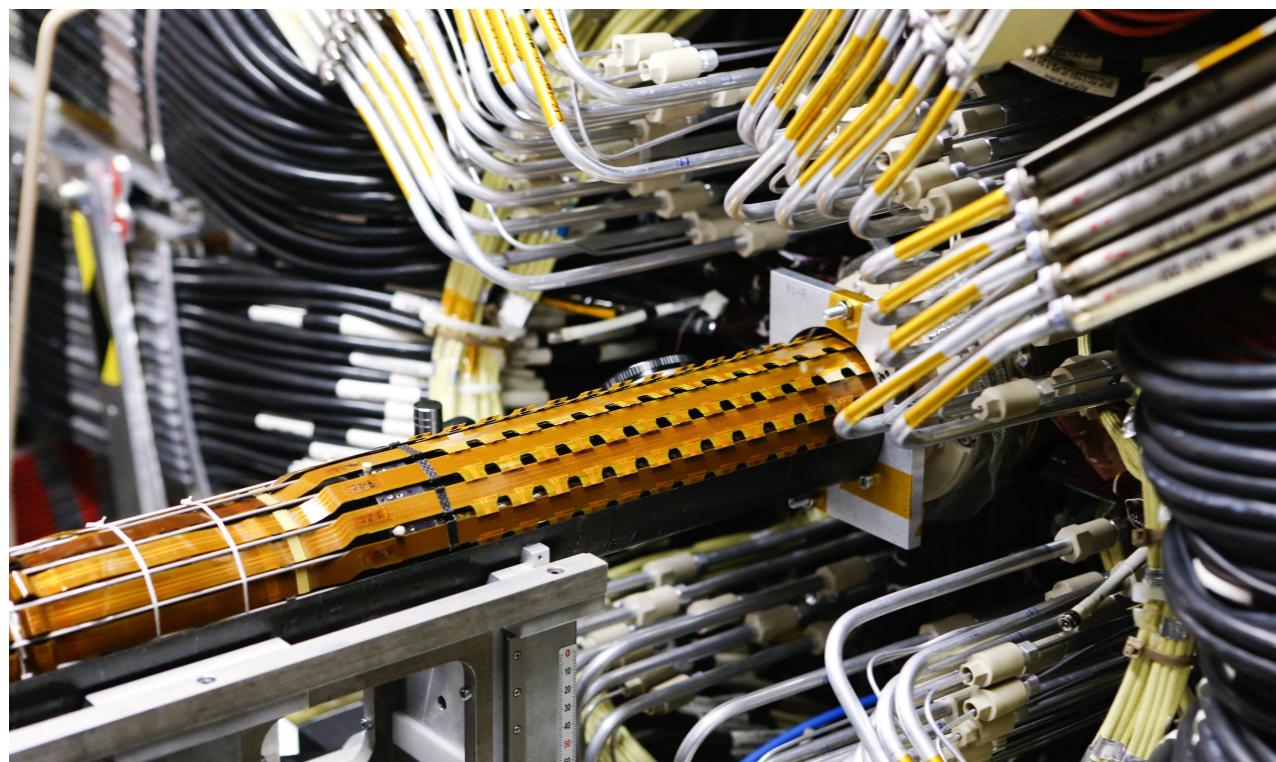
$$c\tau \sim 500 \mu\text{m}$$

$$\beta\gamma \sim 10 \text{ (@P} \sim 50 \text{ GeV)}$$

$\rightarrow 5 \text{ mm位走る}$



Run 2からInsertable B layer (IBL)を導入



## $\tau$ -jet id

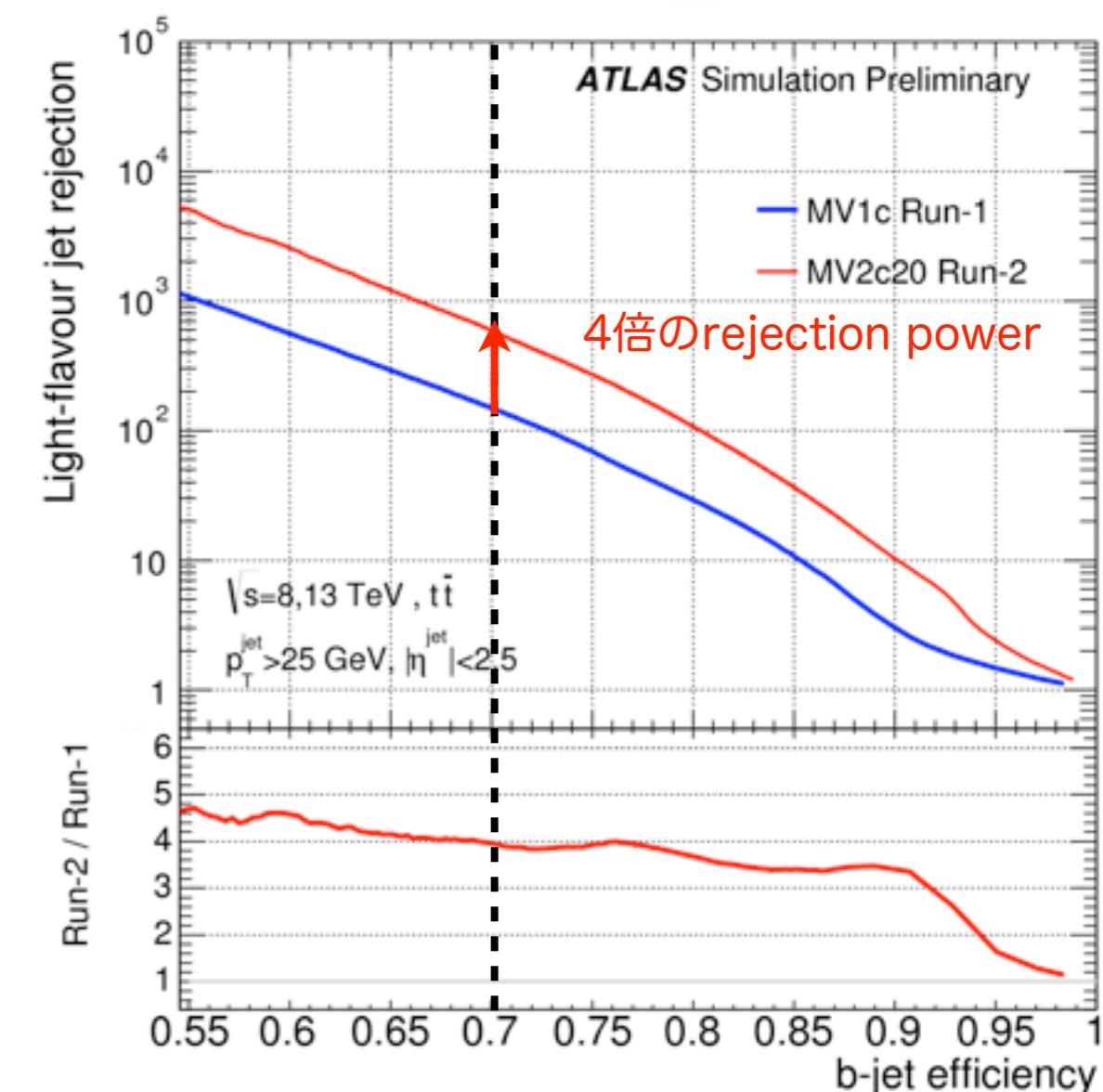
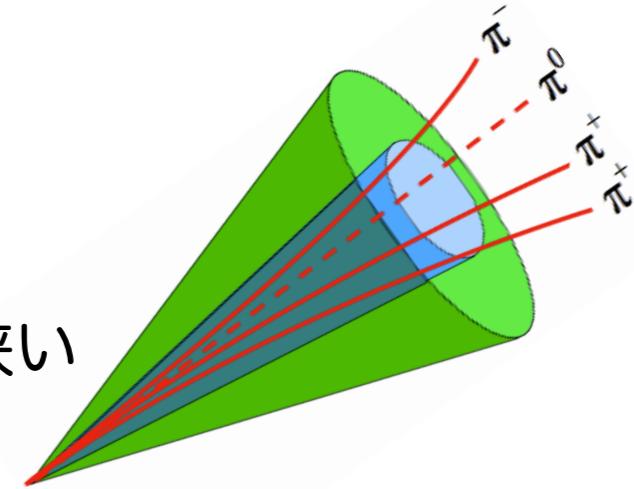
energyの広がり :

$e/\gamma$ より広い

quark/gluonより狭い

荷電粒子 :

1本か3本がcollinearに



# Event selection

## ○ dilepton

- 2 isolated leptons
- $Z$  mass veto (for  $ee$ ,  $\mu\mu$ )
- $\geq 2$  jets, at least one jet b-tagged

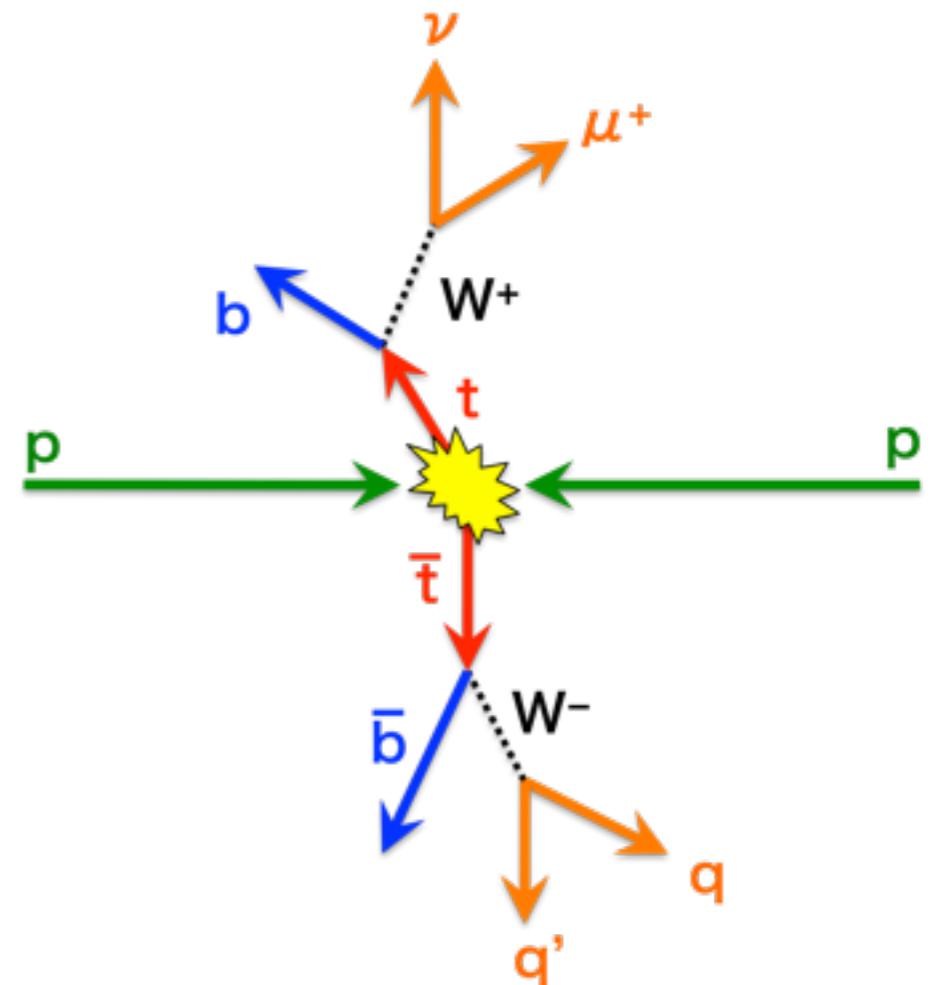
## ○ single lepton

- 1 isolated lepton
- $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ ,  $M_T(W)$ でmulti-jet,  $W+\text{jets}$ をcontrol
- $\geq 4$  jets, at least one jet b-tagged

## ○ all-jets

- No isolated lepton
- $\geq 6$  jets, 2 jets b-tagged
- Small  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  significance, centrality

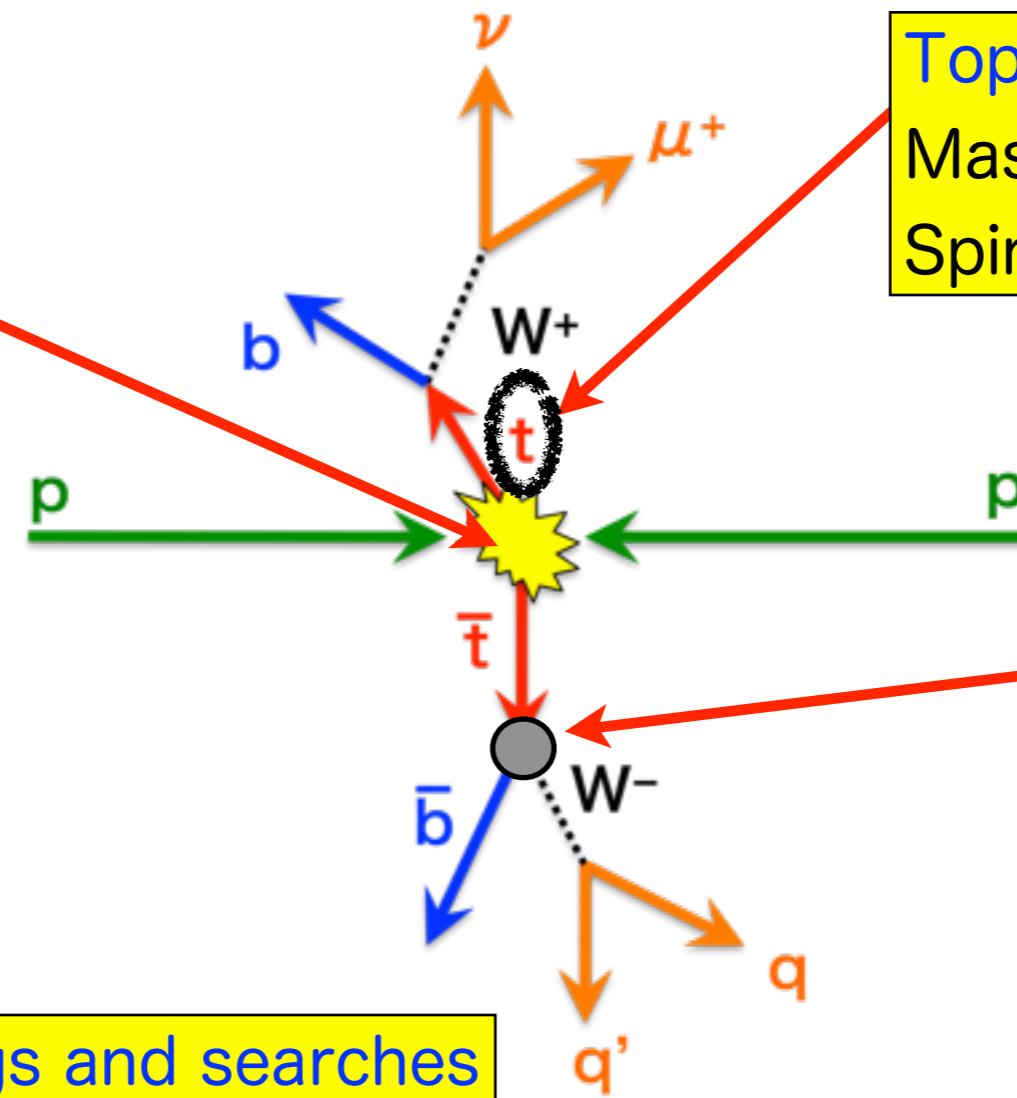
b-tag: typically  $\varepsilon = 70\%$ ,  
rejection factor=130 (light quark), 5 (c-quark)



$W$ decay mode	qq'	lepton plus jets	tau plus jets	all hadronic
ev/ $\mu\nu$	$e\tau/\mu\tau$	$\tau\tau$	$\tau\tau$	tau plus jets
dilepton	$e\tau/\mu\tau$	$e\tau/\mu\tau$	$e\tau/\mu\tau$	lepton plus jets
ev/ $\mu\nu$	$\tau\tau$	$qq'$	$qq'$	$W$ decay mode

# Top quark physics program

Top production  
 test QCD  
 Charge asymmetry  
 anomalous coupling  
 $t\bar{t}+X$  production  
 Resonance Production  
 top from new particle



**Top properties**  
 Mass, Width, Spin, Charge  
 Spin correlation, polarization

**Top decay**  
 test EW  
 W helicity  
 Wtb coupling  
 anomalous coupling  
 CP violation  
 FCNC  
 New particle from top

Major background for Higgs and searches

# Top quark pair production cross-section

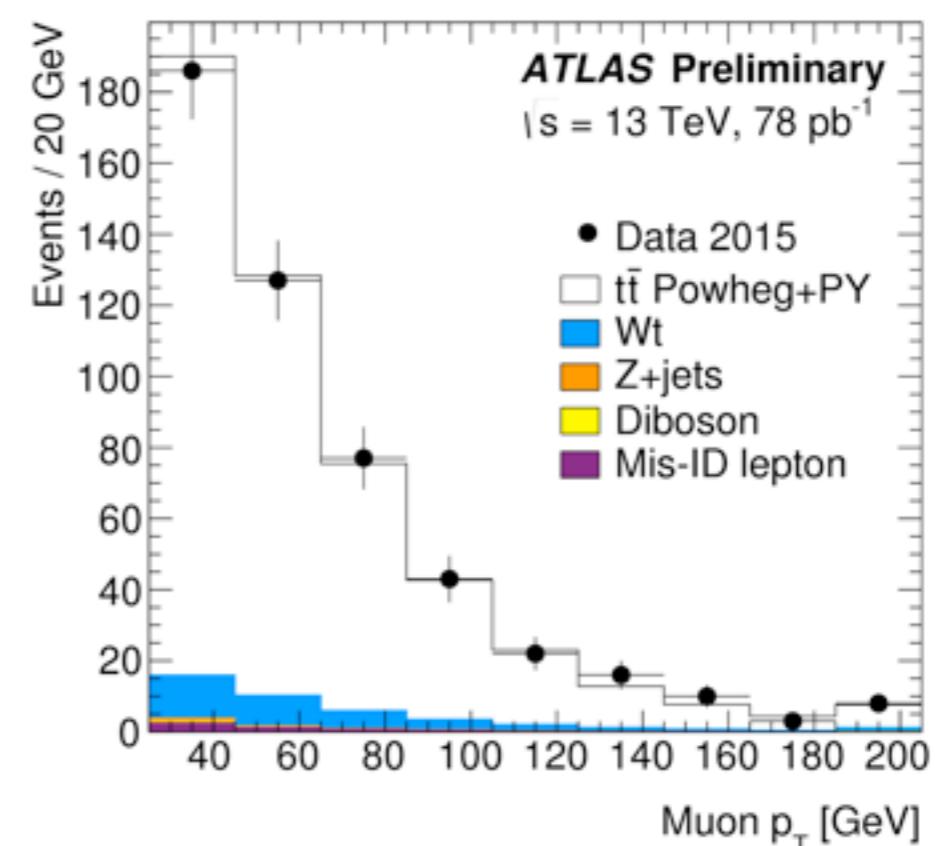
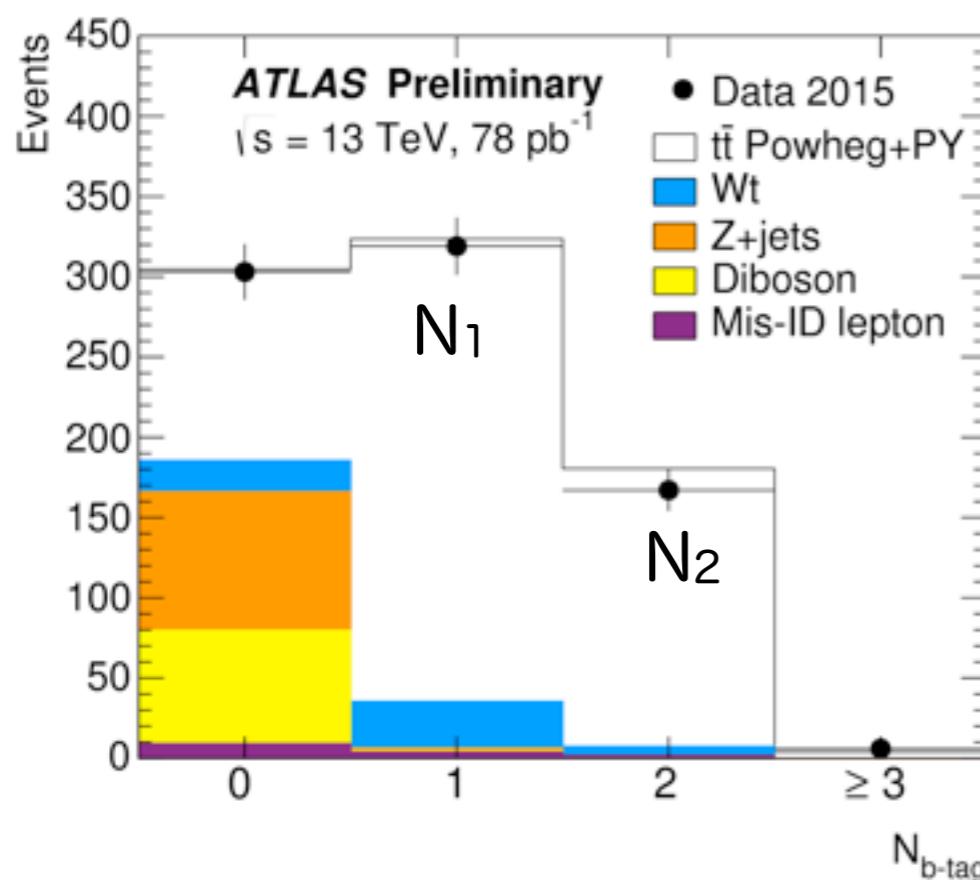
# Inclusive cross-section

ATLAS-CONF-2015-049

Event counts	$N_1$	$N_2$
Data	319	167
$Wt$ single top	$29.0 \pm 3.8$	$5.6 \pm 2.0$
Dibosons	$1.1 \pm 0.2$	$0.0 \pm 0.0$
$Z(\rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow e\mu) + \text{jets}$	$1.3 \pm 0.7$	$0.1 \pm 0.1$
Misidentified leptons	$6.0 \pm 3.9$	$2.8 \pm 2.9$
Total background	$37.3 \pm 5.5$	$8.5 \pm 3.5$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_1 &= L\sigma_{t\bar{t}} \epsilon_{e\mu} 2\epsilon_b (1 - C_b \epsilon_b) + N_1^{\text{bkg}} \\
 N_2 &= L\sigma_{t\bar{t}} \epsilon_{e\mu} C_b \epsilon_b^2 + N_2^{\text{bkg}}
 \end{aligned}$$

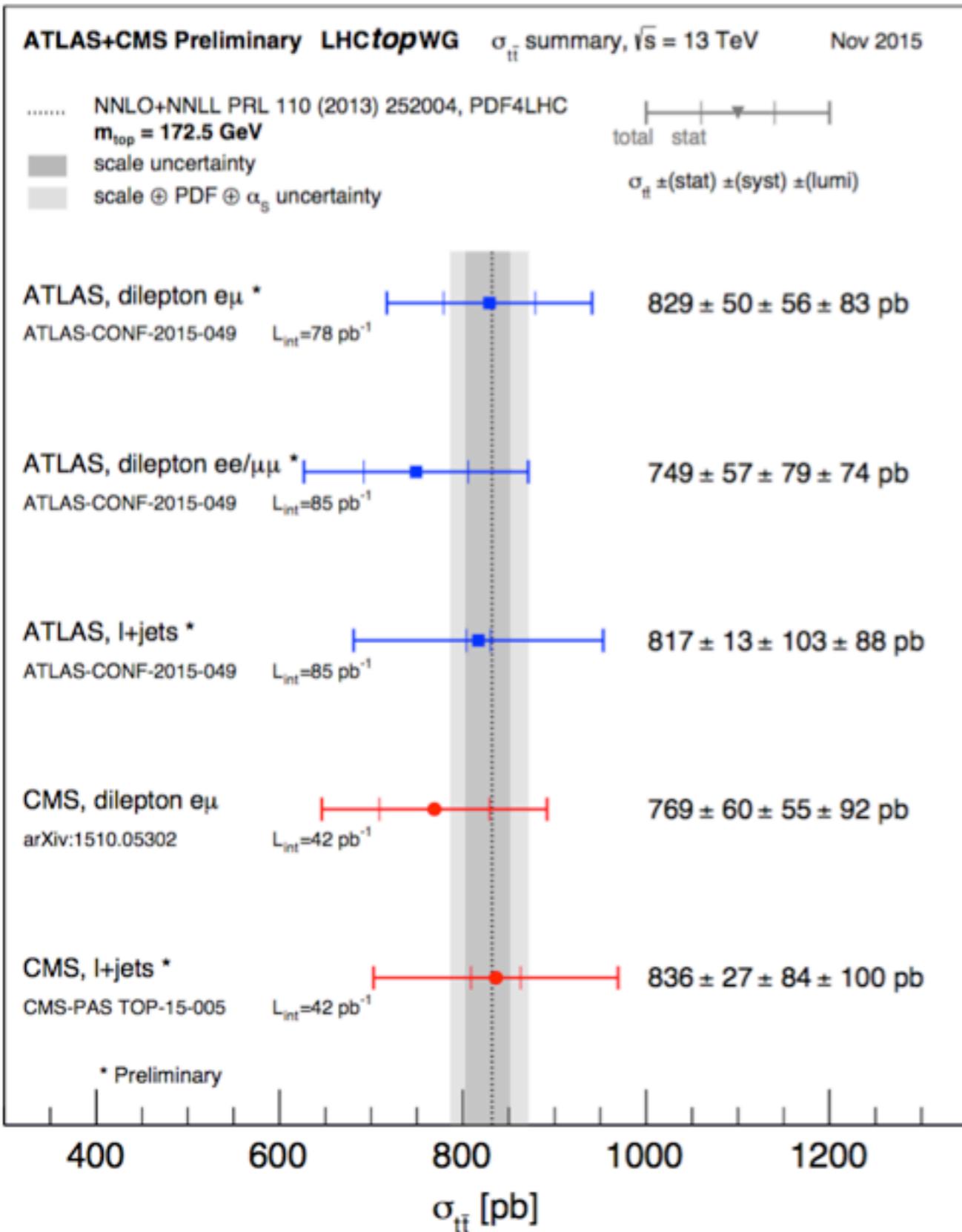
$\epsilon_{e\mu}$  :  $e\mu$  selection efficiency  
 $\epsilon_b$  : b-tag rate  
 $C_b$  : correlation constant



$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 829 \pm 50 \pm 56 \pm 83 \text{ pb}$$

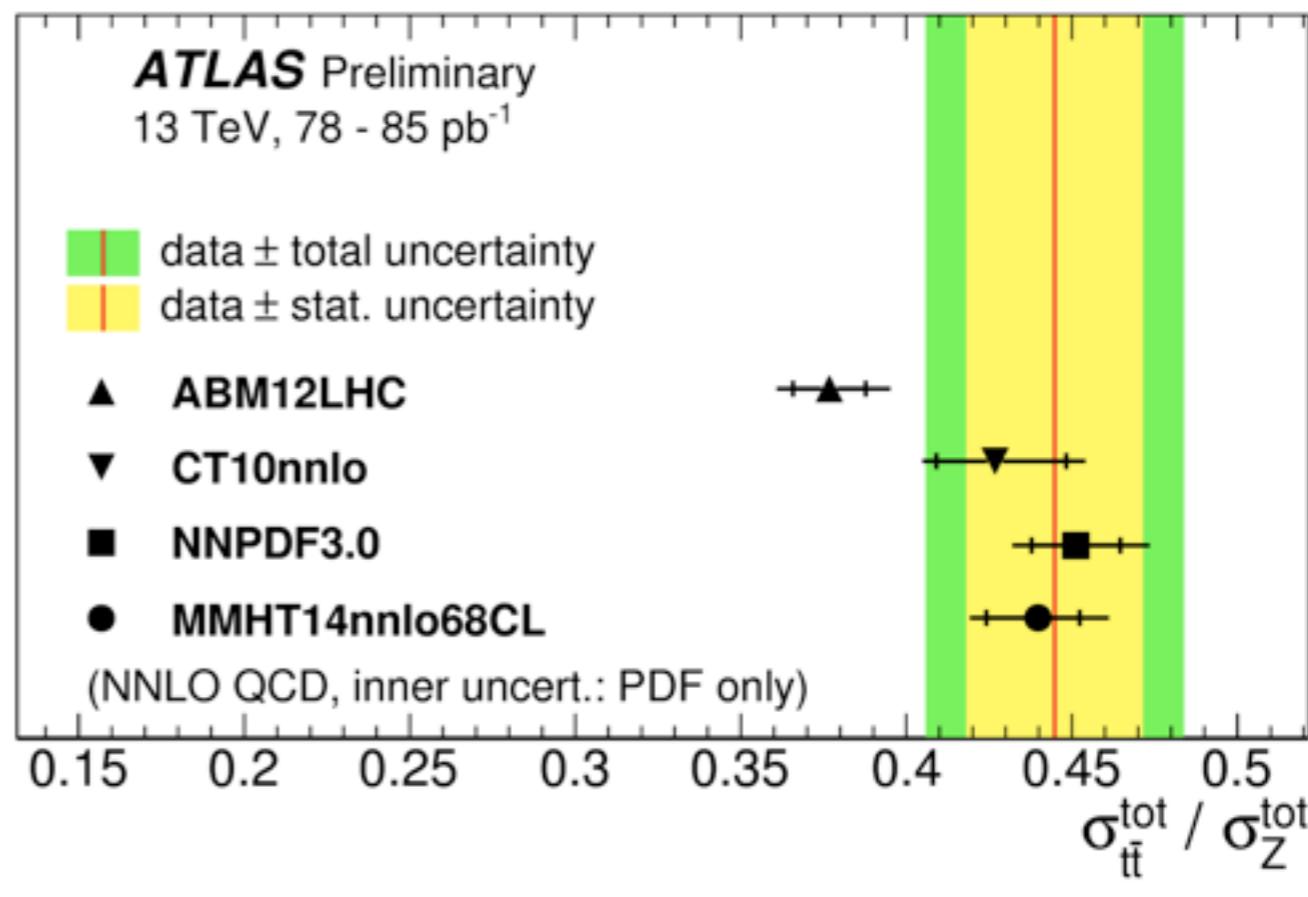
$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{\text{NNLO+NNLL}} = 832^{+20}_{-29} (\text{scale})^{+35}_{-35} (\text{PDF} \alpha_S) \text{ pb}$$

# Inclusive cross-section in Run2

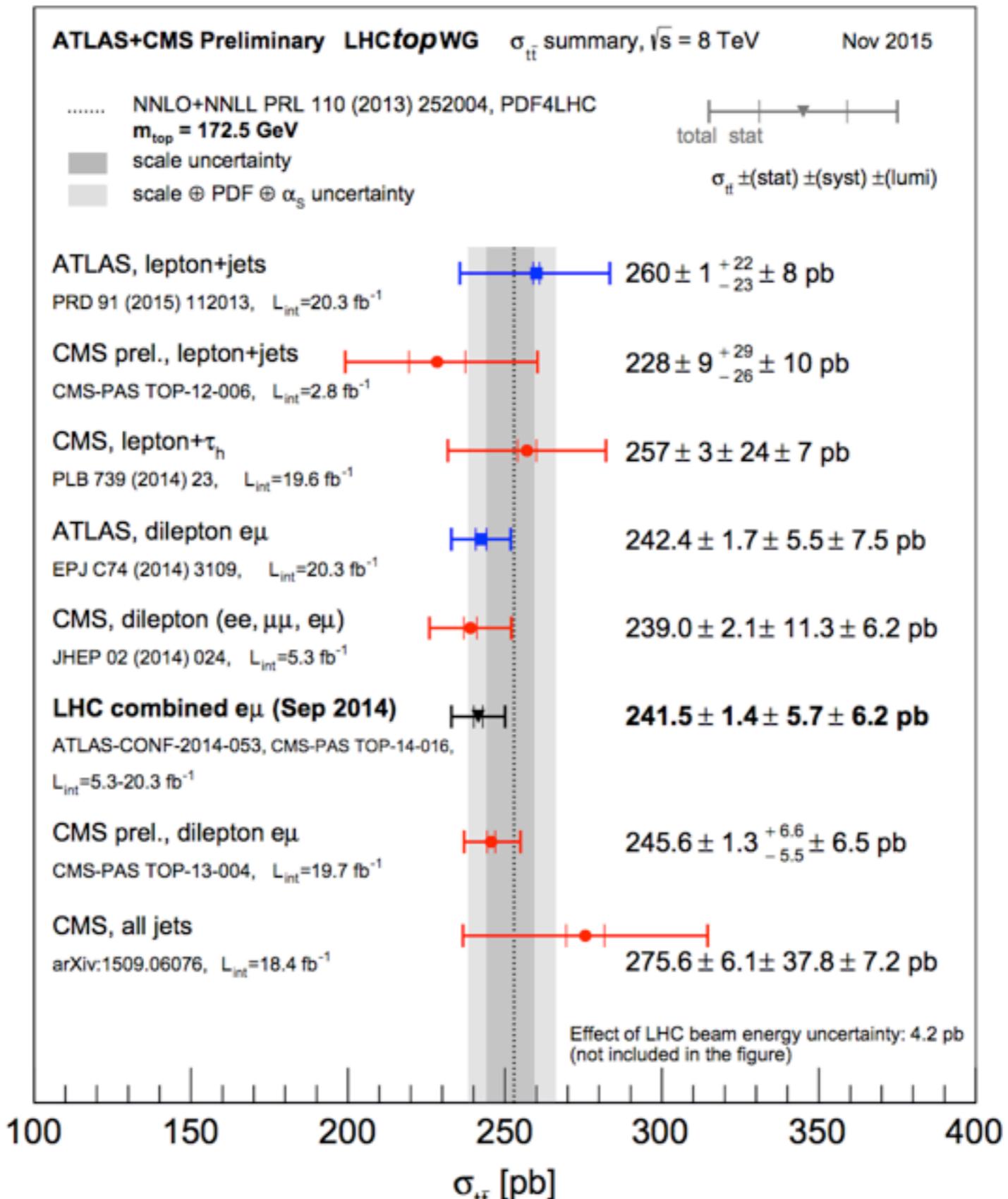


$$R_{t\bar{t}/Z} = \frac{\sigma_{t\bar{t}}}{0.5(\sigma_{Z \rightarrow ee} + \sigma_{Z \rightarrow \mu\mu})}$$

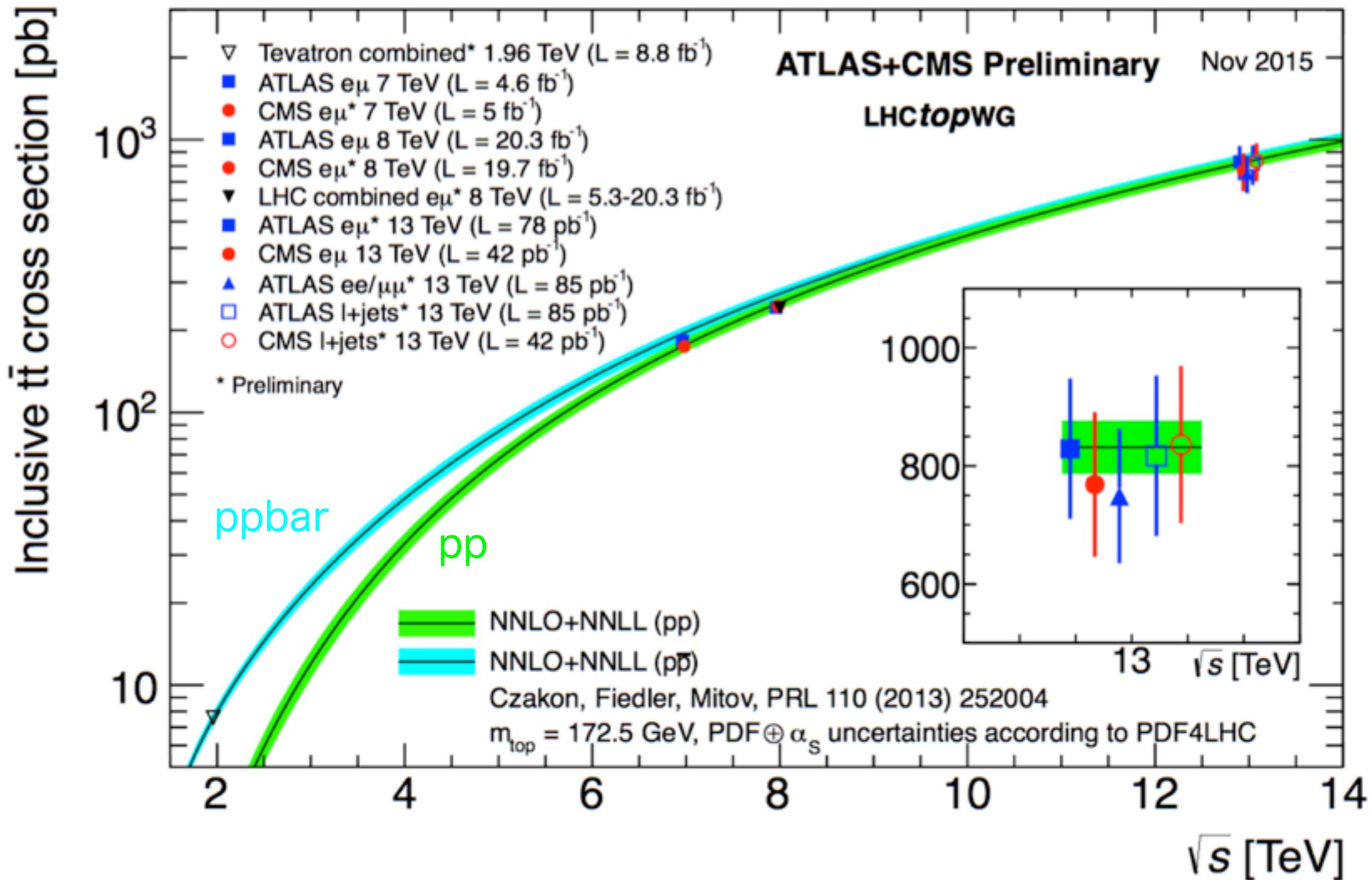
gluonとsea-quark PDFに感度  
共通のSystematic uncertaintyをキャンセル



# Inclusive cross-section in Run1

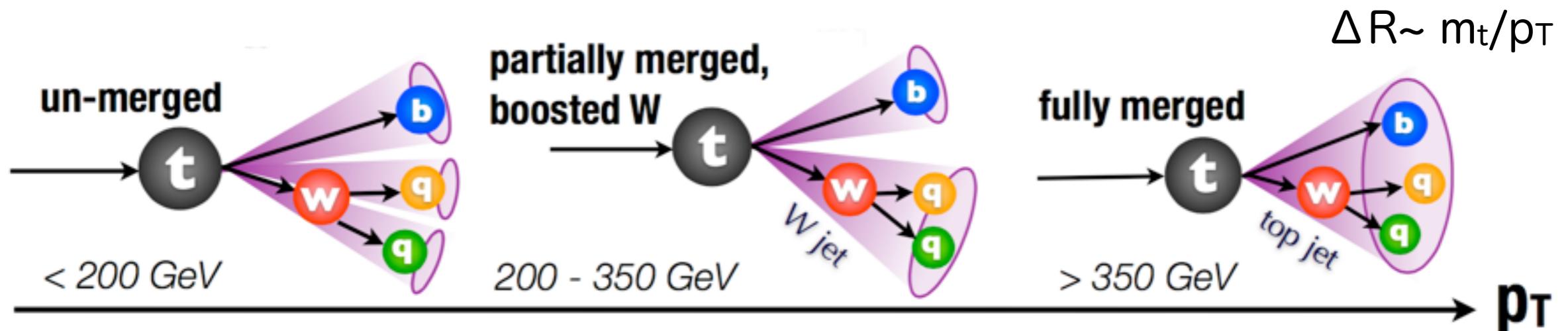


# $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ VS $\sqrt{s}$



# Differential cross-section

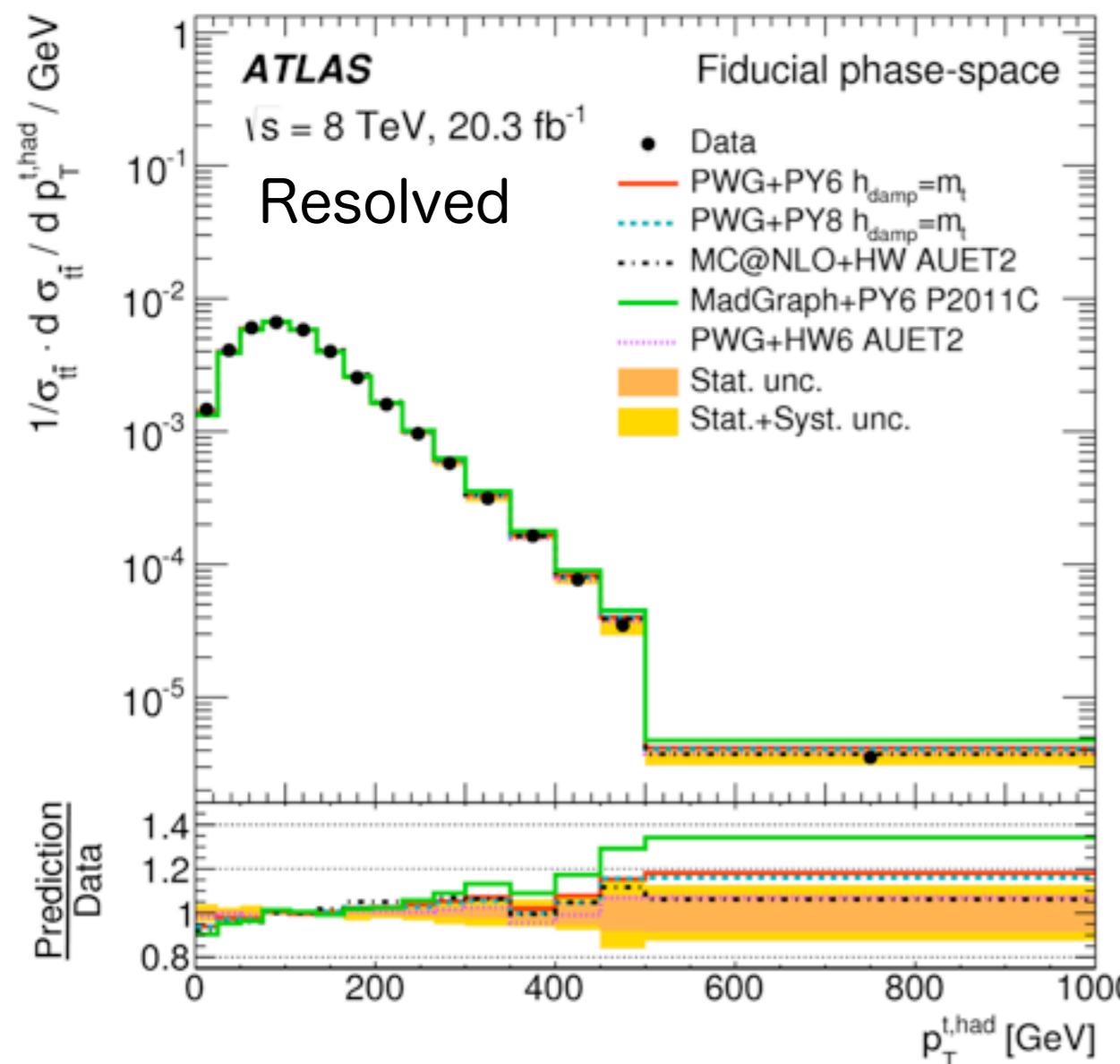
- PDF, kinematics of ttbar system, parton shower evolutionなどの検証
- $p_T(\text{top})$ ,  $p_T(\text{ttbar})$ ,  $m(\text{ttbar})$ ,  $y(\text{ttbar})$ , Njets ... 分布などの依存性を確認
  - $p_T(\text{top})$ などはISR, FSRに感度
  - $y(\text{ttbar})$ はgluon のPDFに感度
  - $m(\text{ttbar})$ はHigh-Q<sup>2</sup>の(新)物理に感度
- top quarkのboost具合に応じて：
  - “Resolved” regime : top quark からのlepton, jetが分離されている
  - “boosted” regime : top quarkからの全粒子が”fat jet”として再構成



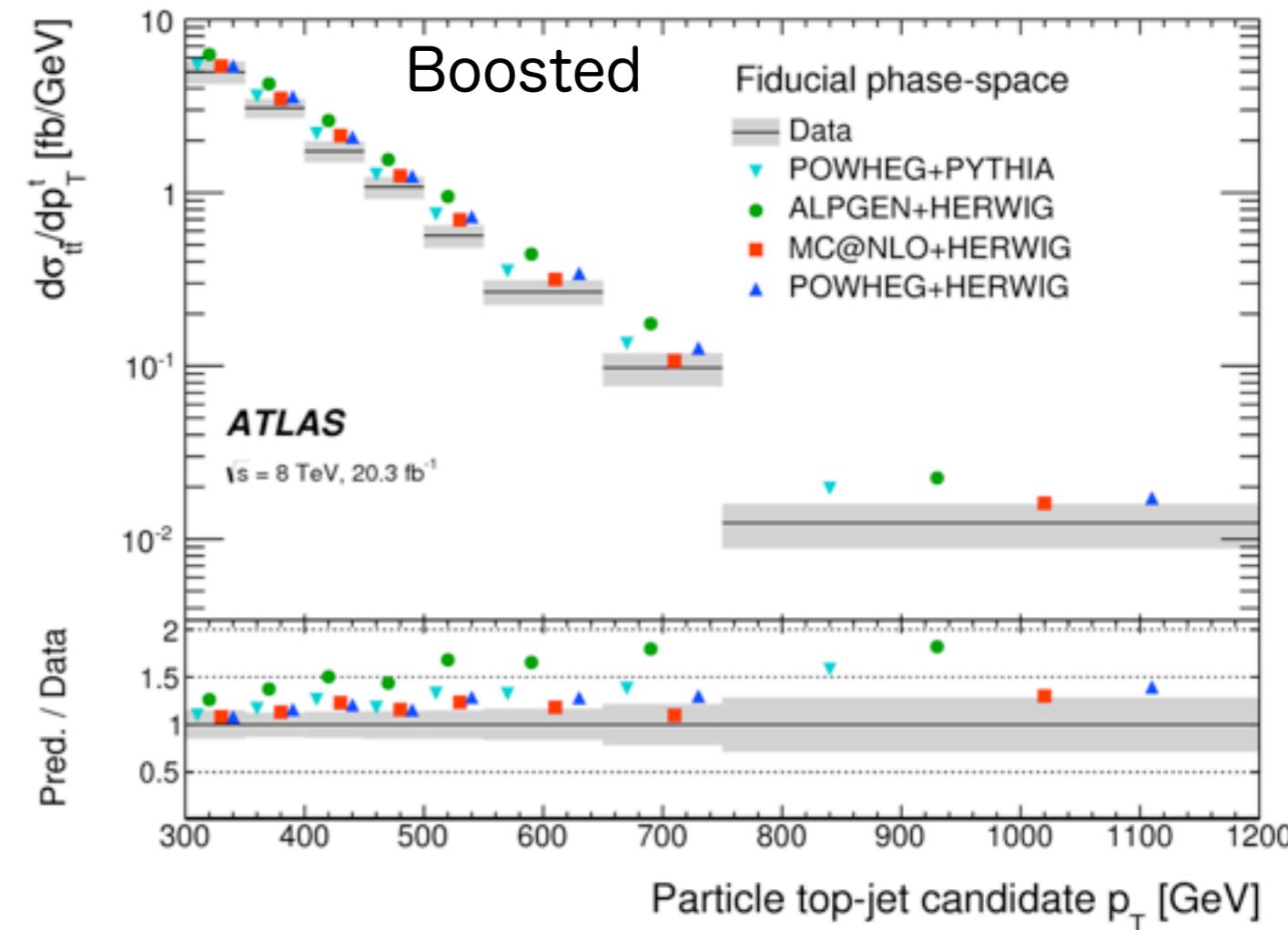
# $d\sigma/dp_T$ differential cross-section

- Unfolding reconstructed object → **particle level**  
stable truth level particlesによる再構成  
parton levelへの更なる外挿の不定性を減らす

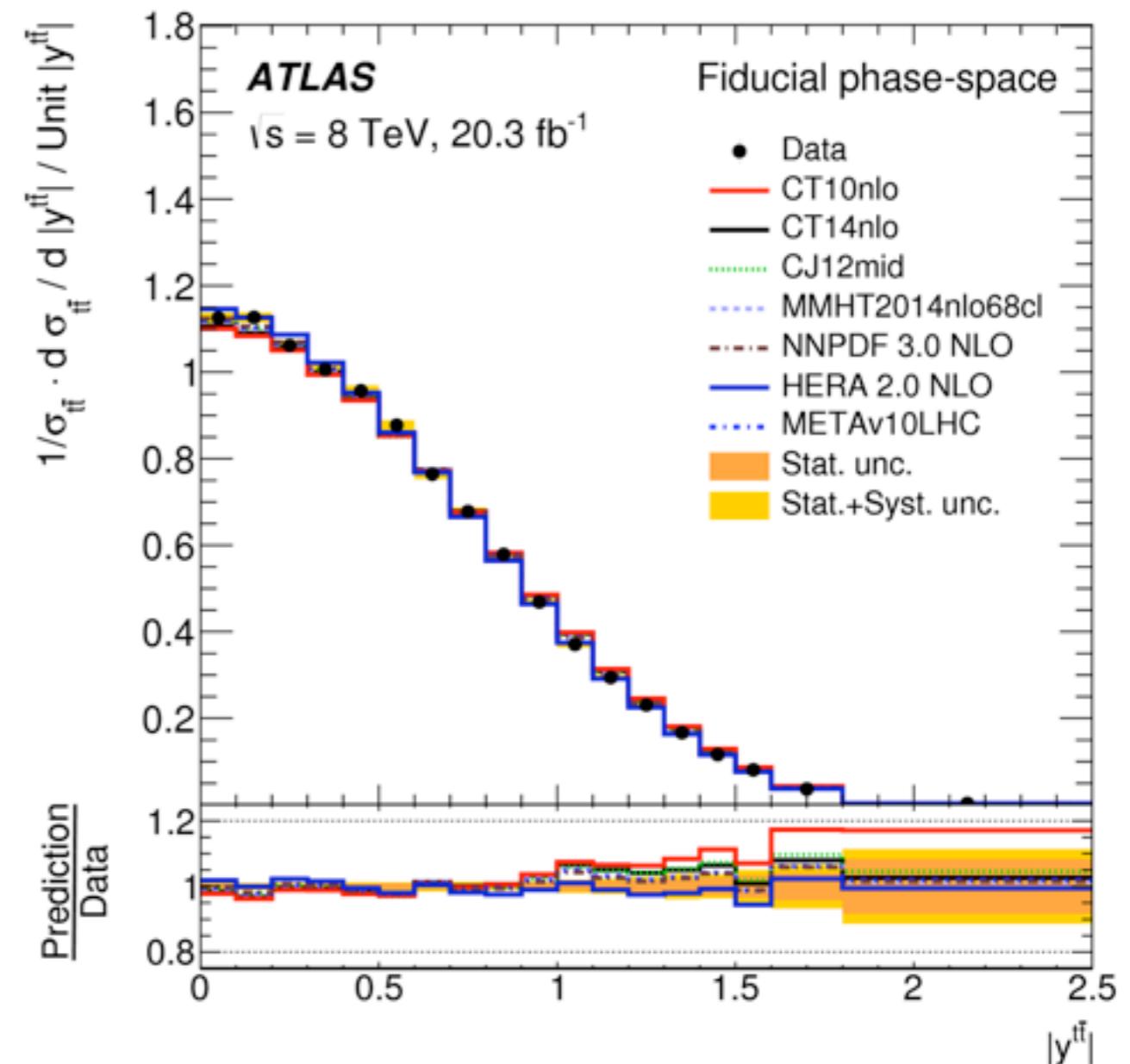
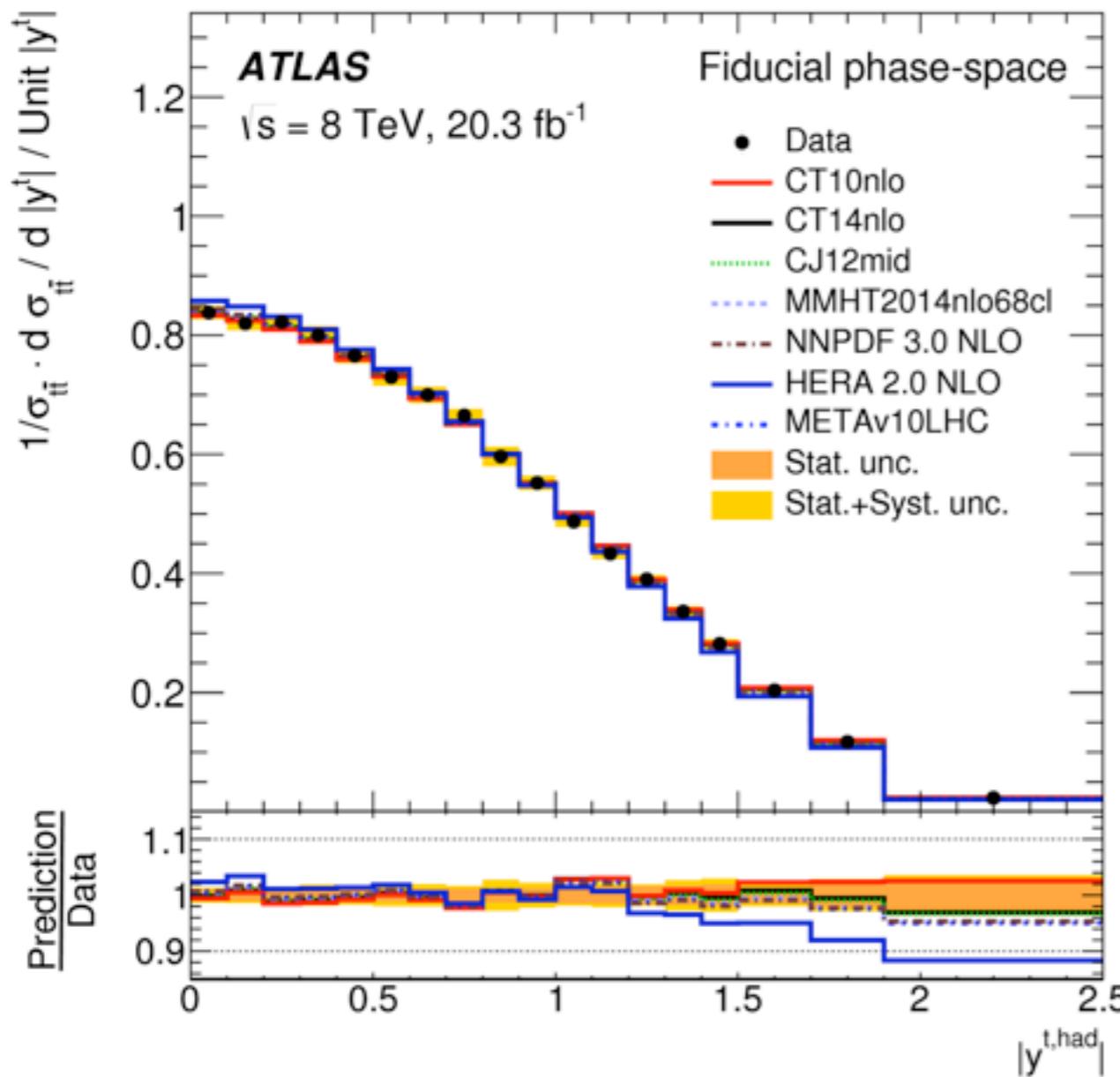
$$\frac{d\sigma^{\text{fid}}}{dX^i} \equiv \frac{1}{\mathcal{L} \cdot \Delta X^i} \cdot f_{\text{eff}}^i \cdot \sum_j \mathcal{M}_{ij}^{-1} \cdot f_{\text{match}}^j \cdot f_{\text{acc}}^j \cdot (N_{\text{reco}}^j - N_{\text{bg}}^j)$$



MCの方がdataよりもハードな傾向



# $d\sigma/dy$ differential cross section

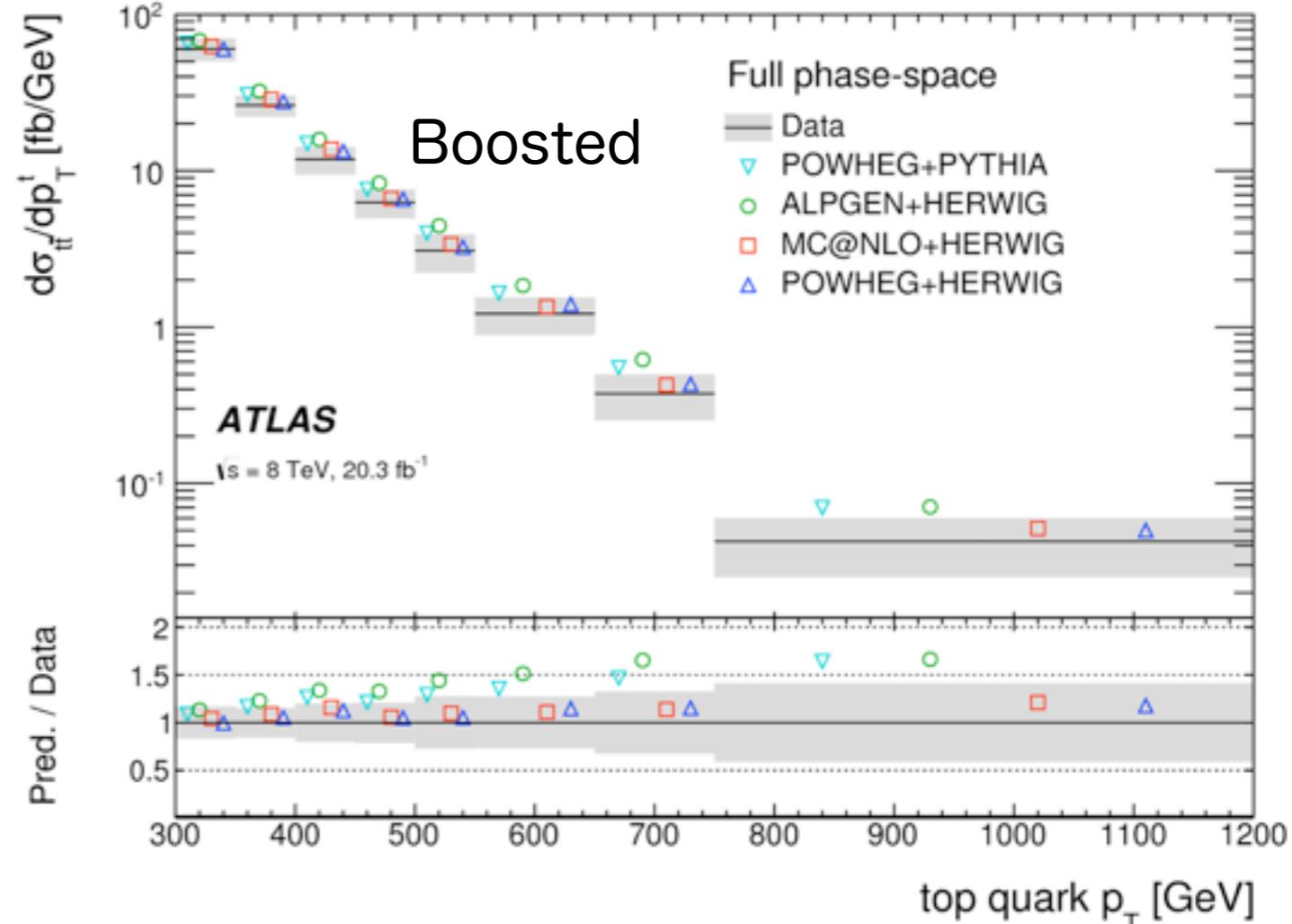
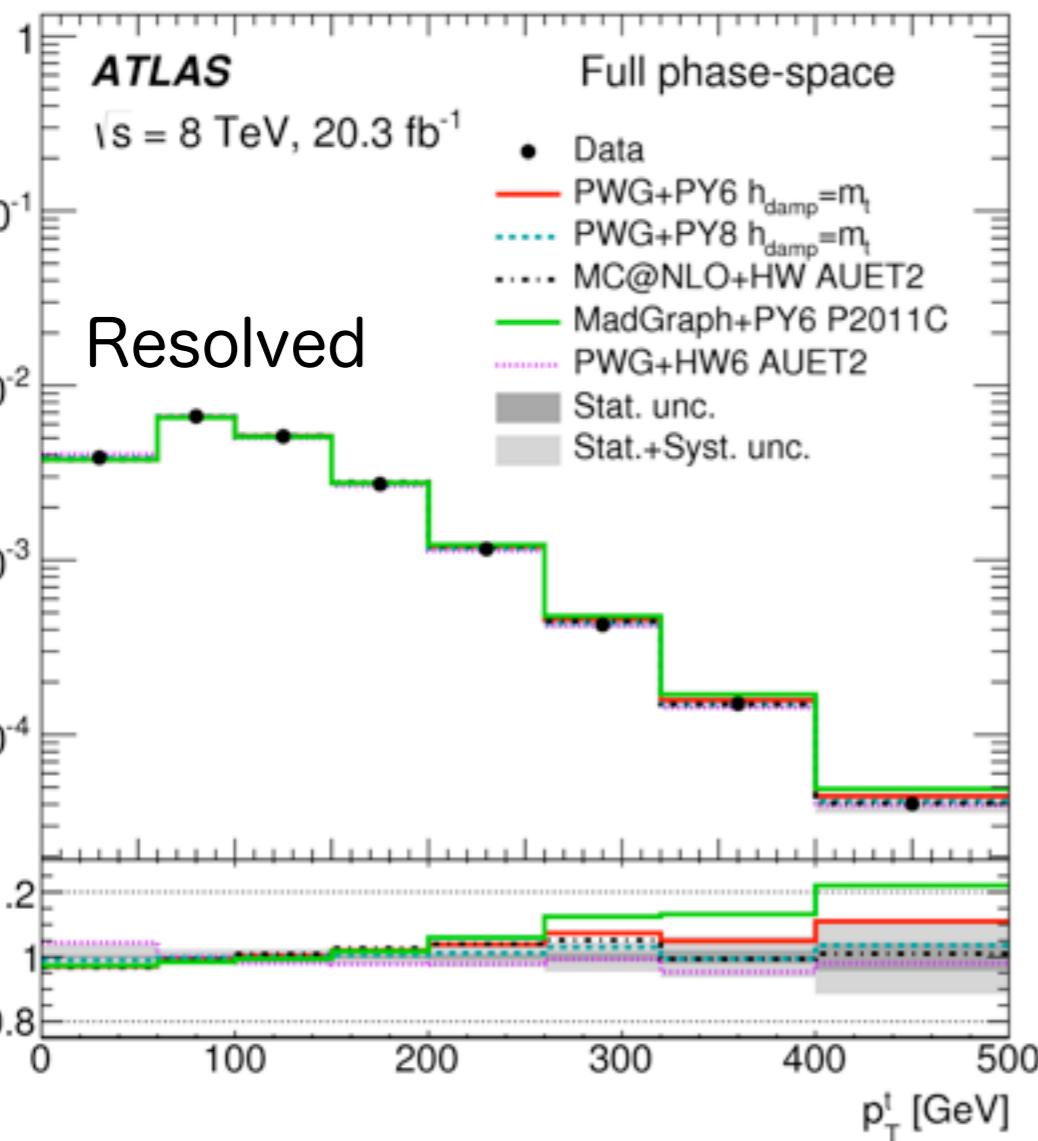


MC@NLO+HERWIG generator を使って、PDFの比較

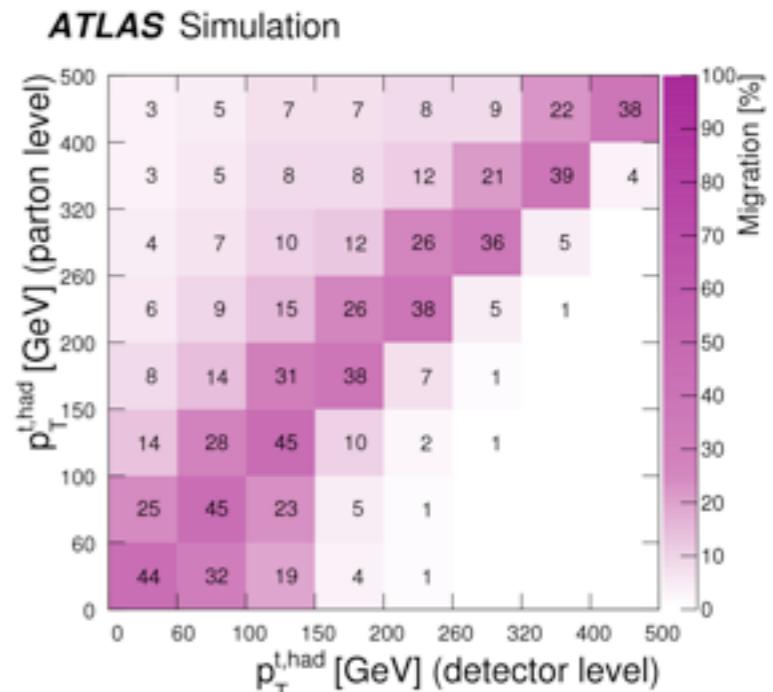
# $d\sigma/dp_T$ differential cross-section

- Unfolding reconstructed object → **parton level**

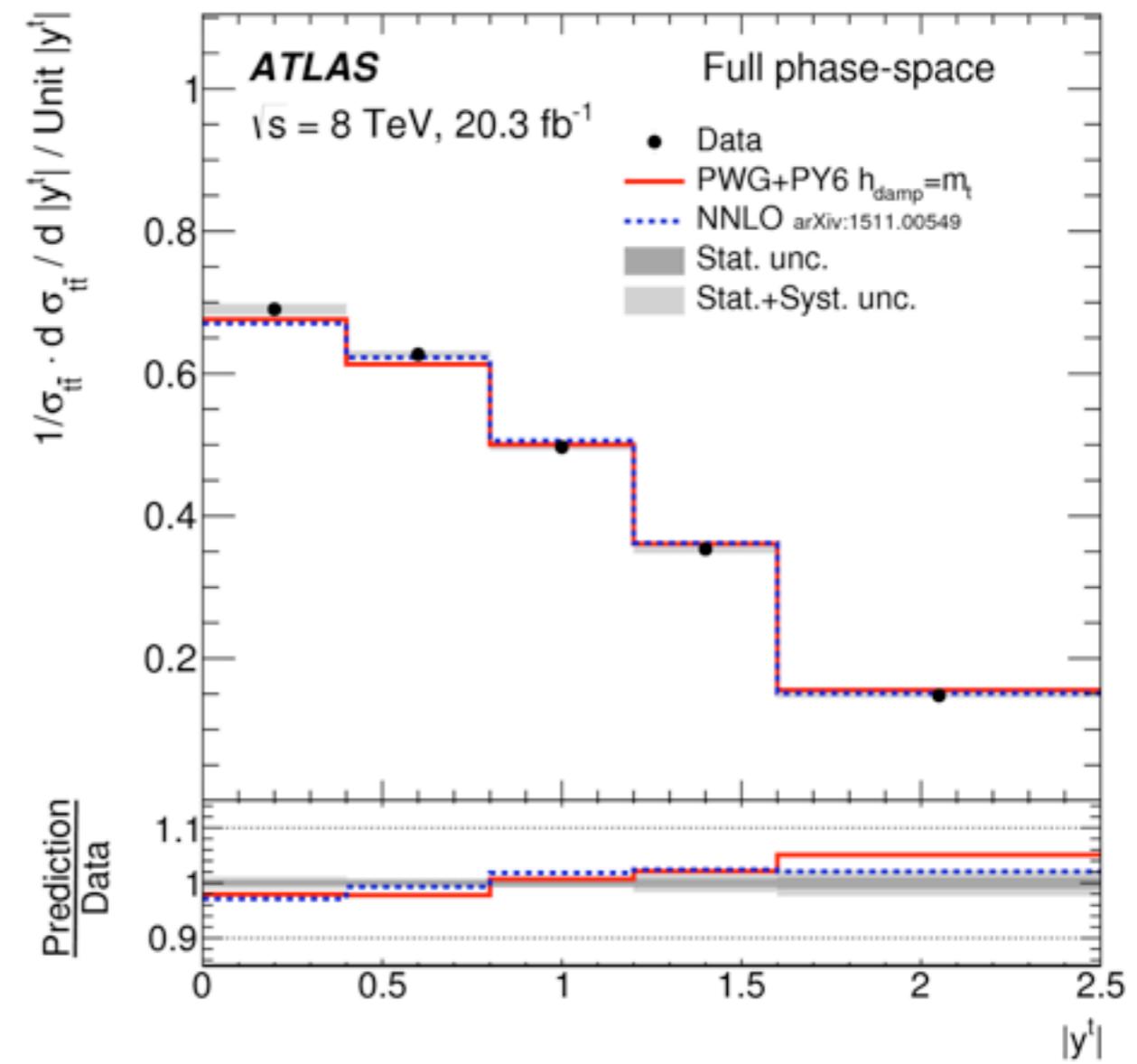
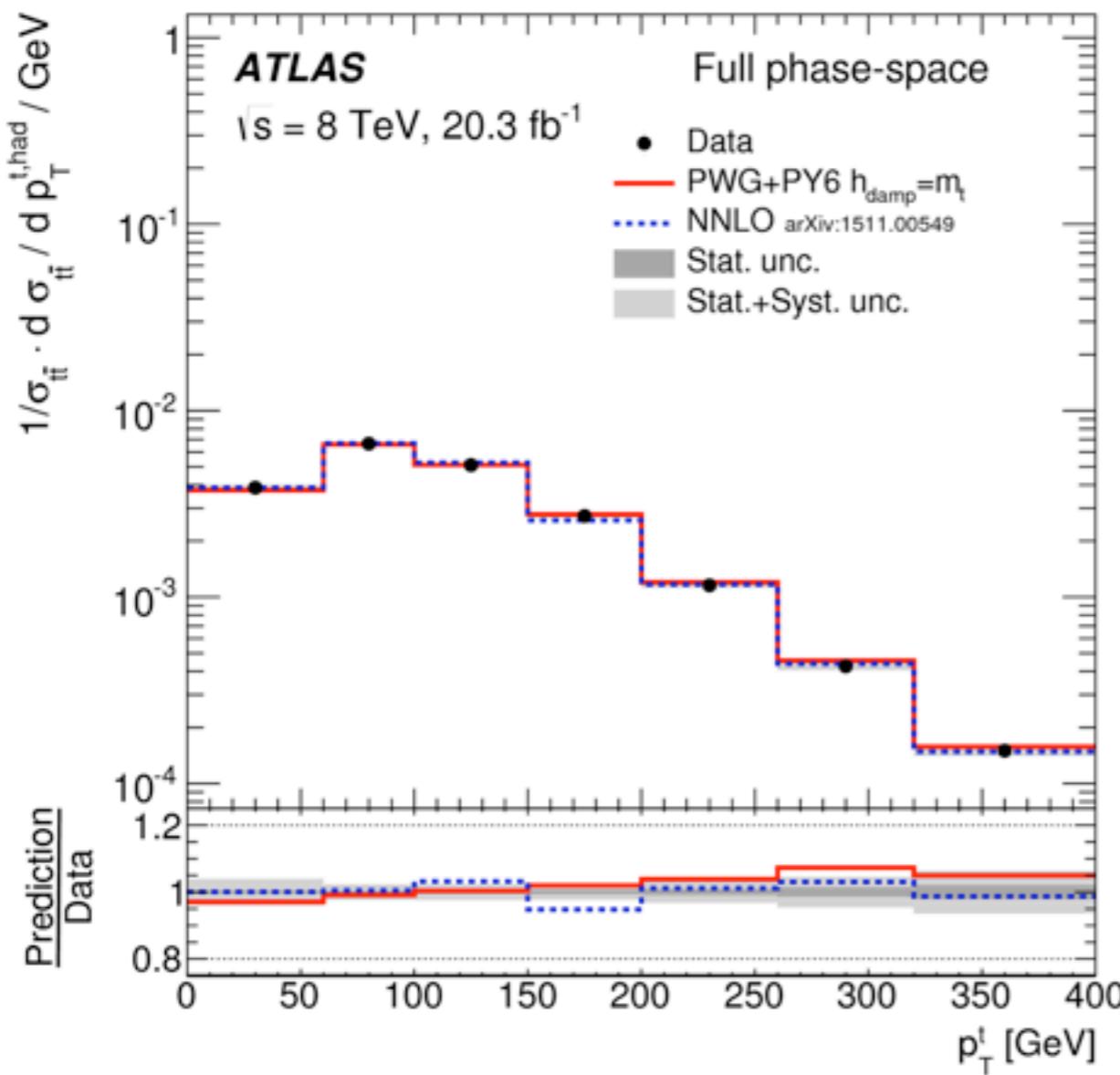
$$\frac{d\sigma^{\text{full}}}{dX^i} \equiv \frac{1}{\mathcal{L} \cdot \mathcal{B} \cdot \Delta X^i} \cdot \hat{f}_{\text{eff}}^i \cdot \sum_j \hat{\mathcal{M}}_{ij}^{-1} \cdot \hat{f}_{\text{acc}}^j \cdot \hat{f}_{\text{jets}}^i \cdot (N_{\text{reco}}^j - N_{\text{bg}}^j)$$



MCの方がdataよりもハードな傾向

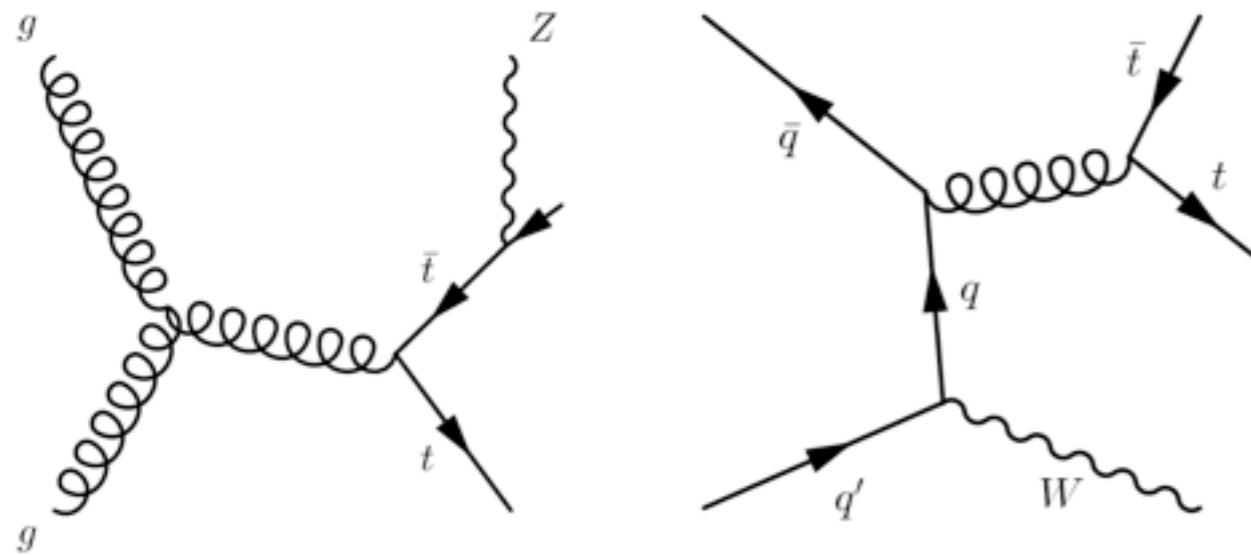


# $d\sigma/dp_T$ differential cross-section

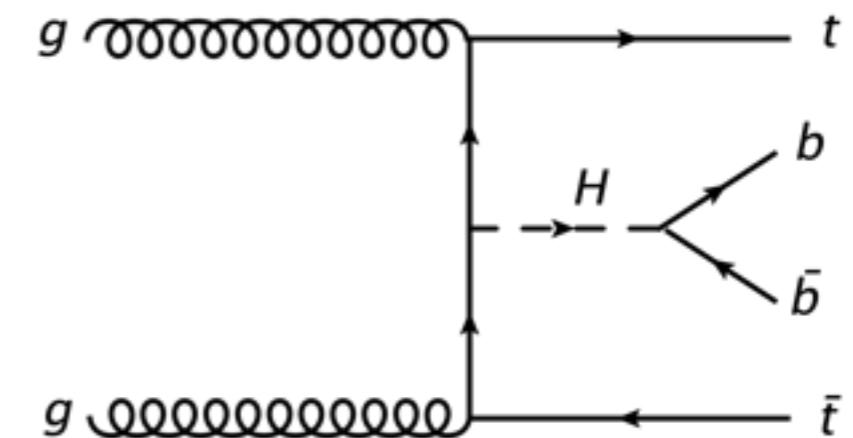


Full NNLO calculation is in good agreement with data.

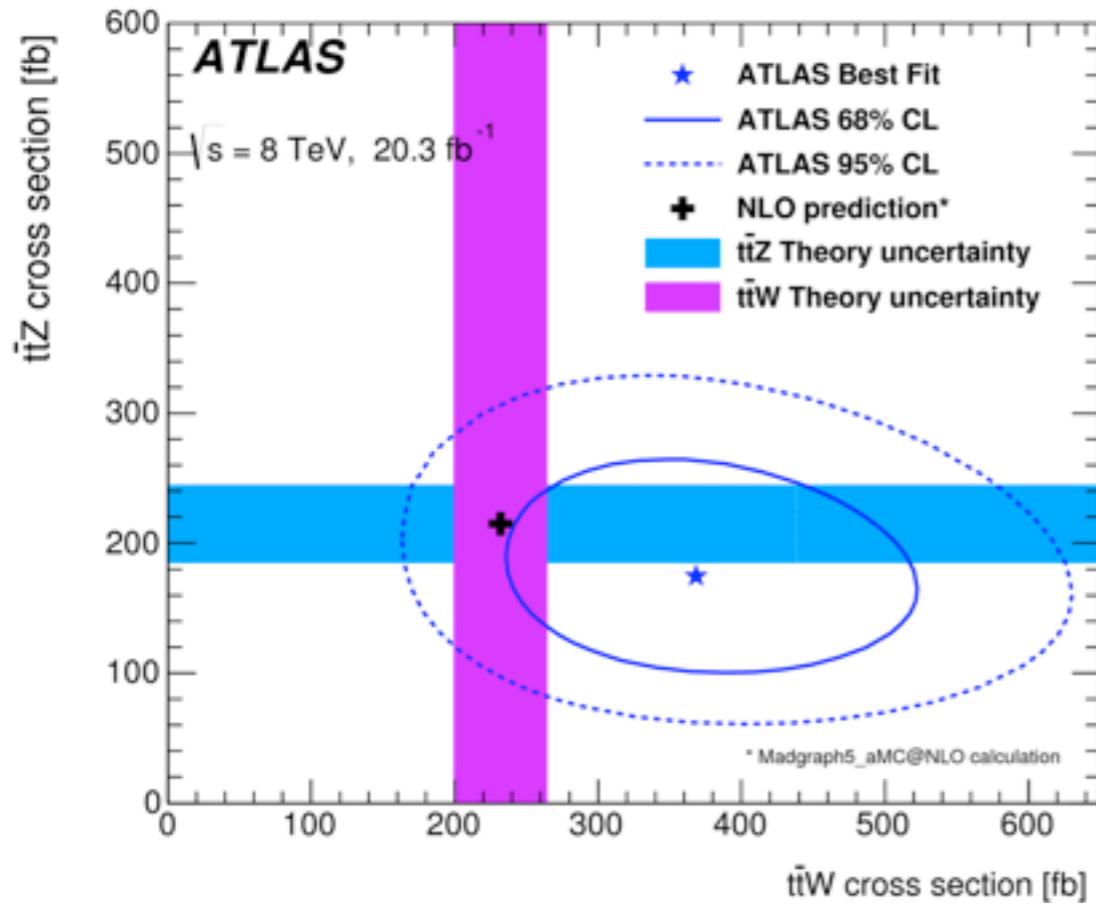
# ttbar+X cross-section



$2\ell$  same sign,  $2\ell$  opposite sign,  $3\ell$ ,  $4\ell$  +bb



dilepton, l+jets,  $H \rightarrow bb$

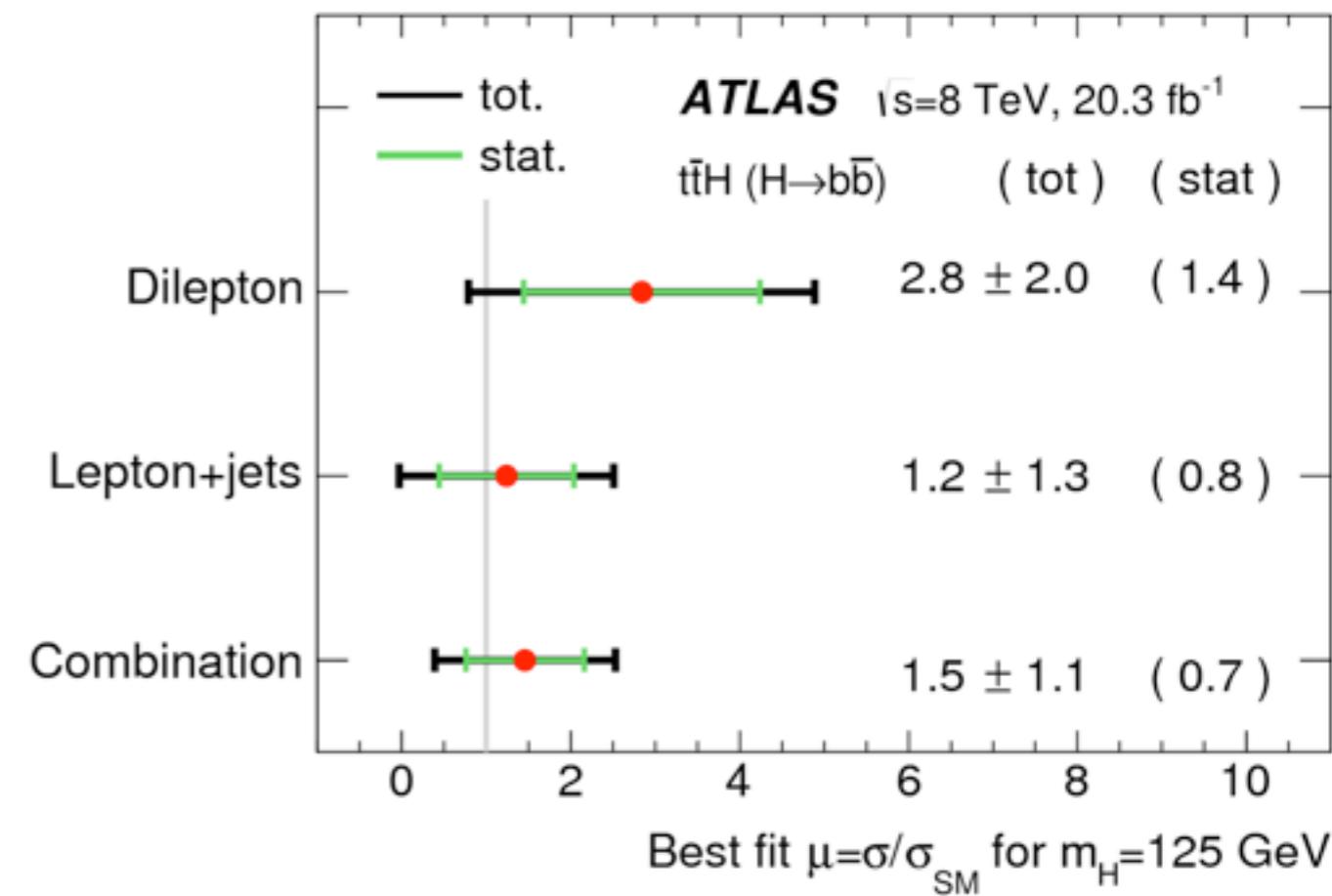


$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}W} = 369^{+86}_{-79} \text{ (stat.)} \pm 44 \text{ (syst.) fb} = 369^{+100}_{-91} \text{ fb}$$

$5\sigma(3.2\sigma)$

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}Z} = 176^{+52}_{-48} \text{ (stat.)} \pm 24 \text{ (syst.) fb} = 176^{+58}_{-52} \text{ fb.}$$

$4.2\sigma(4.5\sigma)$

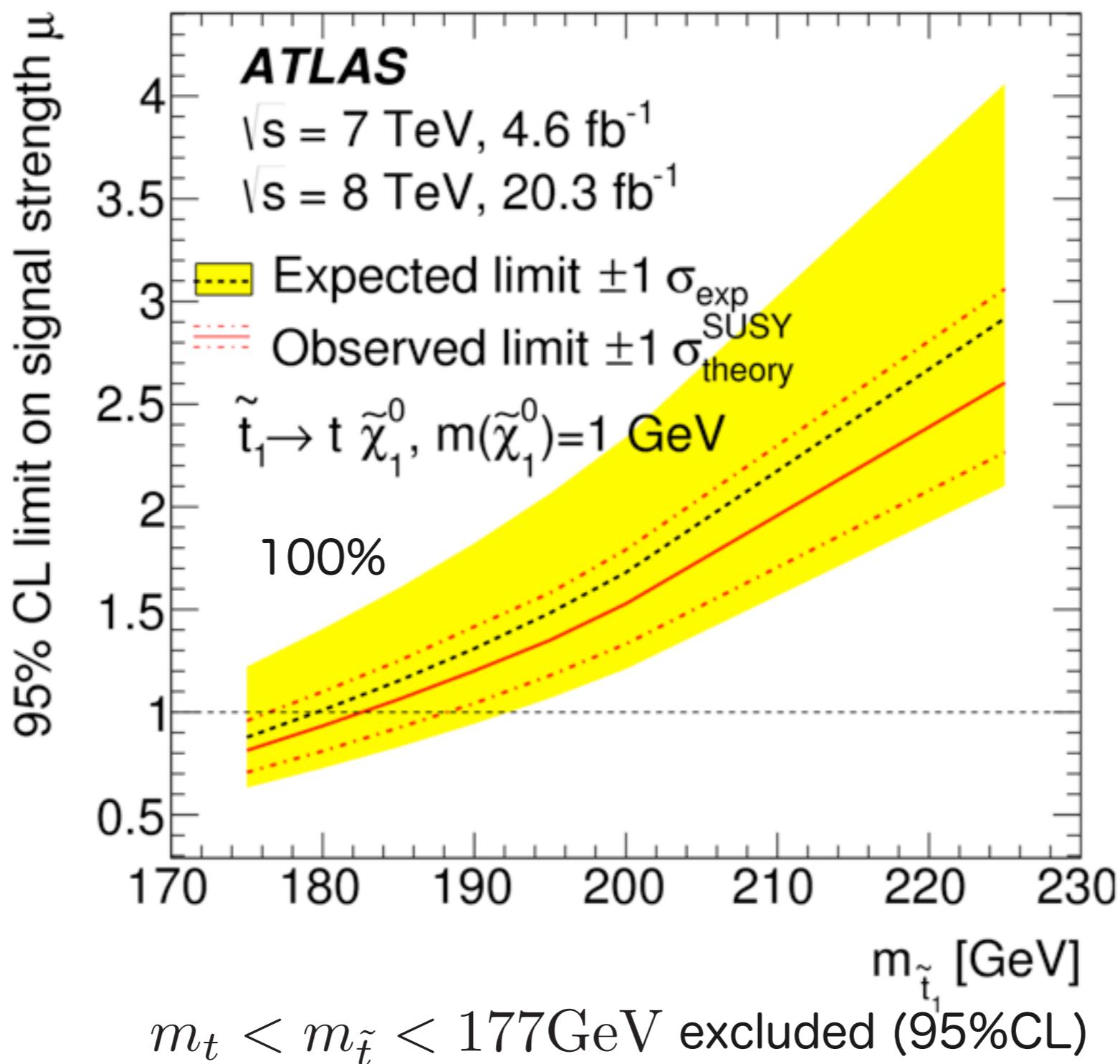


# ttbar+MET

stop 探索に感度

$$pp \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 \bar{\tilde{t}}_1 \rightarrow t \bar{t} \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \quad (m_{\tilde{t}_1} > m_t + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})$$

$$\sigma_{\tilde{t}_1 \bar{\tilde{t}}_1} = 40 \text{ pb} \sim 20 \text{ pb} \quad (m_{\tilde{t}} = 175 \text{ GeV} \rightarrow 200 \text{ GeV})$$



# Top quark mass

# Top mass : Standard method

Eur. Phys. J. C (2015) 75:158 , Eur. Phys. J. C (2015) 75:330, etc

Kinematic likelihood fitで ttbar事象を再構成

$$\begin{aligned}
 L = & \mathcal{B}(\tilde{E}_{p,1}, \tilde{E}_{p,2} | m_W, \Gamma_W) \cdot \mathcal{B}(\tilde{E}_{\text{lep}}, \tilde{E}_\nu | m_W, \Gamma_W) \\
 & \mathcal{B}(\tilde{E}_{p,1}, \tilde{E}_{p,2}, \tilde{E}_{p,3} | m_t, \Gamma_t) \cdot \mathcal{B}(\tilde{E}_{\text{lep}}, \tilde{E}_\nu, \tilde{E}_{p,4} | m_t, \Gamma_t) \\
 & \mathcal{W}(\hat{E}_x^{\text{miss}} | \tilde{p}_{x,\nu}) \cdot \mathcal{W}(\hat{E}_y^{\text{miss}} | \tilde{p}_{y,\nu}) \cdot \mathcal{W}(\hat{E}_{\text{lep}} | \tilde{E}_{\text{lep}}) \cdot \\
 & \prod_{i=1}^4 \mathcal{W}(\hat{E}_{\text{jet},i} | \tilde{E}_{p,i}) \cdot \prod_{i=1}^4 P(\text{tagged} | \text{parton flavour}),
 \end{aligned}$$

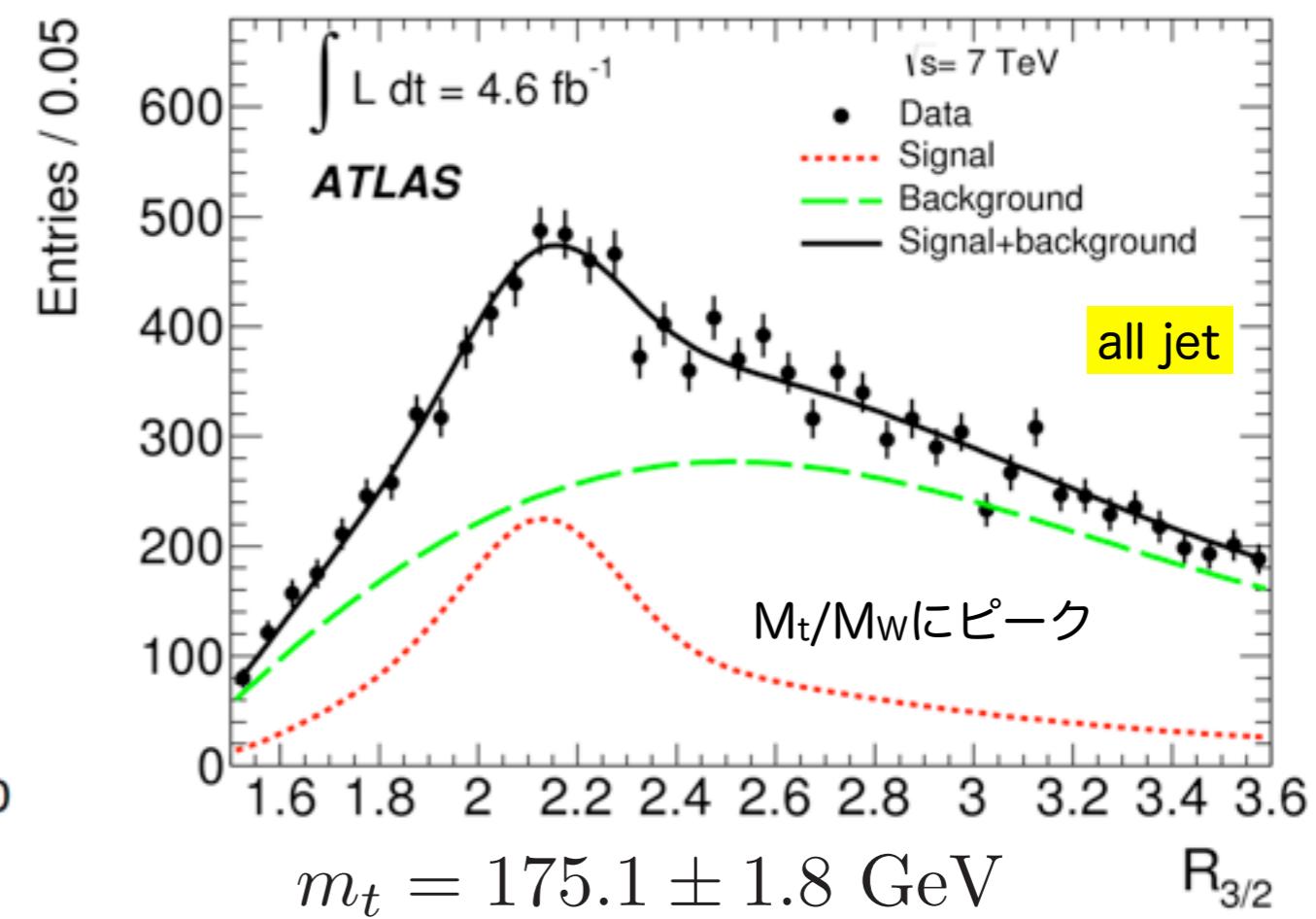
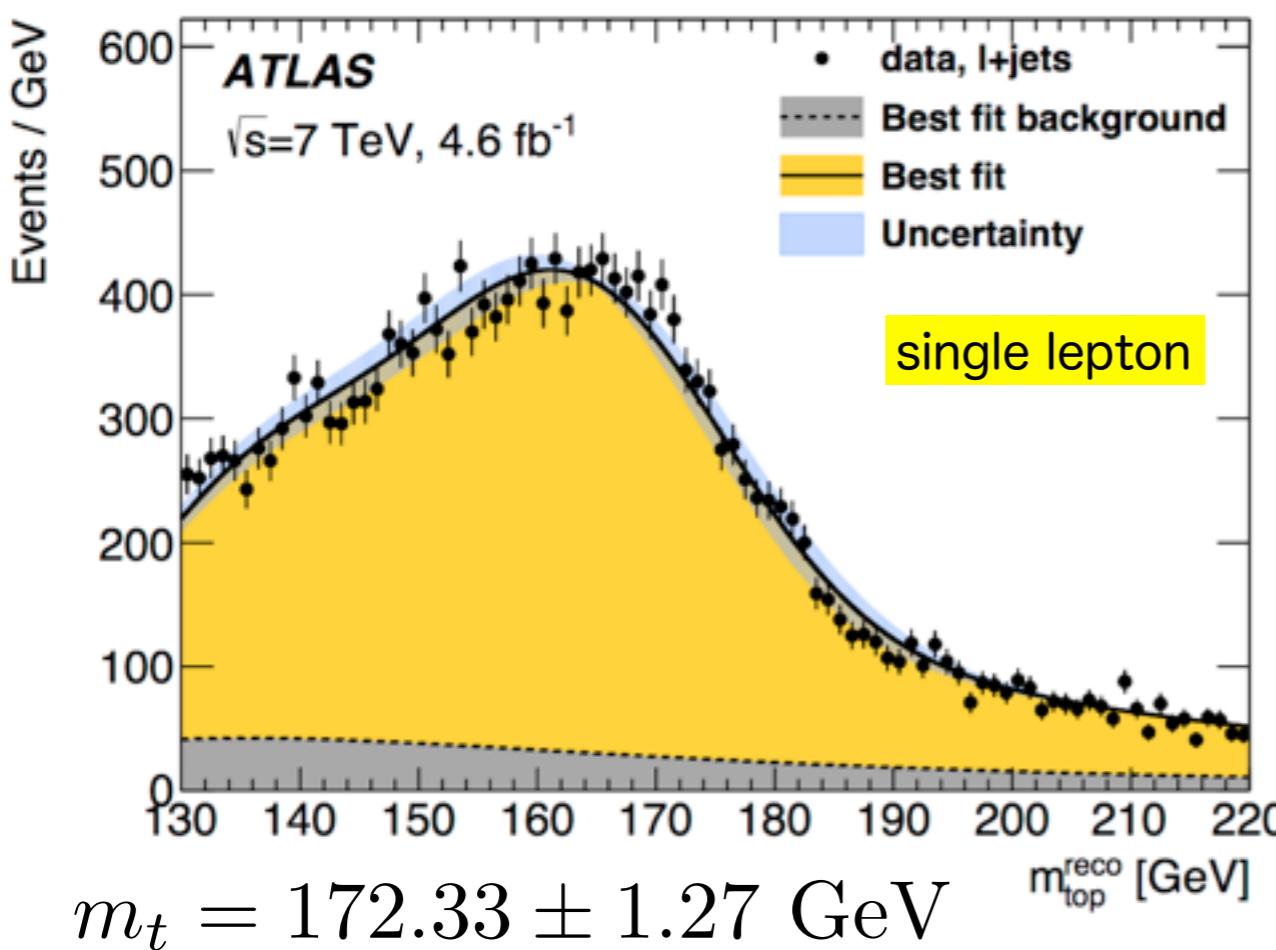
dilepton : 2 leptons, 2 b-jets  $\rightarrow m_{lb}$

single lepton : lepton,  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ , 2 b-jets, 2 light-jets  $\rightarrow m_{\text{top}^{\text{reco}}}, m_W^{\text{reco}}, R_{\text{bq}^{\text{reco}}}$

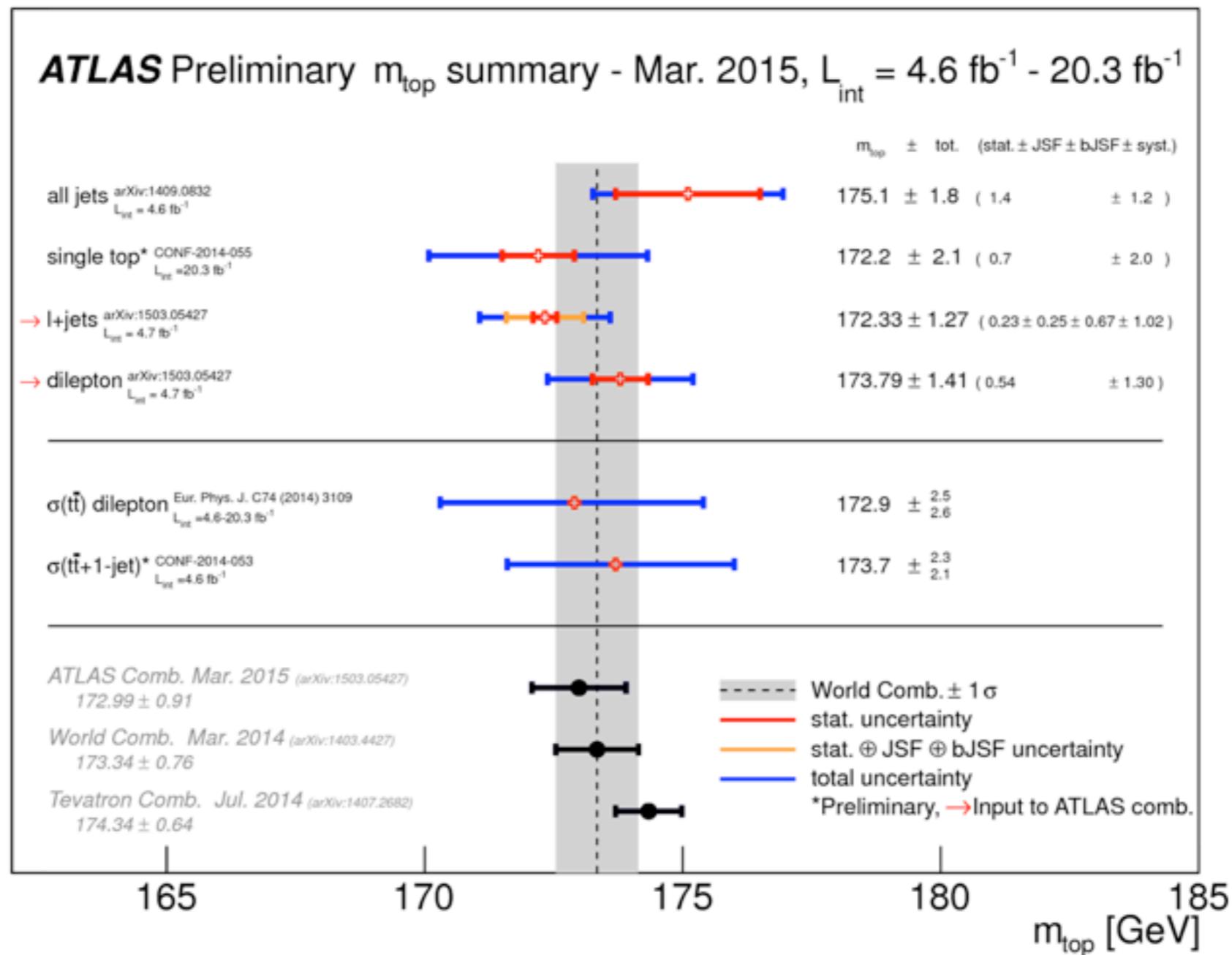
$m_{\text{top}^{\text{reco}}}, m_W^{\text{reco}}, R_{\text{bq}}$ 分布の3D fitから  $m_t$ , JSF, bJSFを同時決定

all jets : 2 b-jets, 4 light-jets  $\rightarrow R_{3/2} = m_{\text{jjj}}/m_{\text{jj}}$

$$R_{\text{bq}}^{\text{redo}} = \frac{p_T^{b_{\text{had}}} + p_T^{b_{\text{lep}}}}{W_{\text{jet}1} + W_{\text{jet}2}}$$



# Standard Methodによる質量測定のまとめ<sup>29</sup>



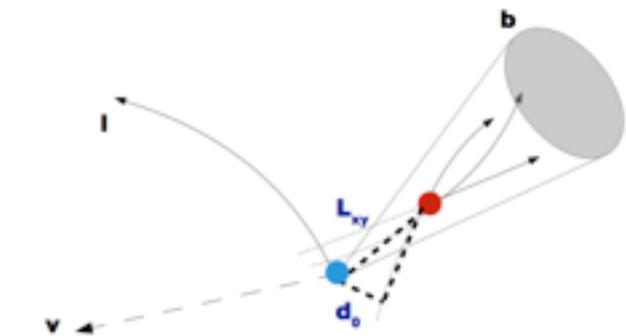
$$m_t = 172.99 \pm 0.91 \text{ GeV (ATLAS Comb.) } 0.5\% \quad \text{arXiv:1503.05427}$$
$$m_t = 173.34 \pm 0.76 \text{ GeV (World Comb.) } 0.4\% \quad \text{arXiv:1403.4427}$$

# Top mass : Other methods

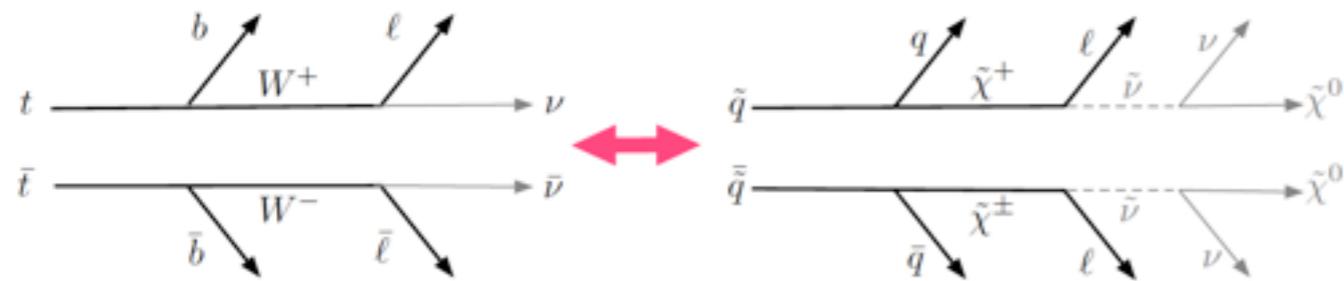
- B-hadron Lifetime CMS-PAS-TOP-12-030

$$L_{xy} = \gamma_b \beta_B \tau_B \simeq 0.4 \cdot \frac{m_t}{m_B} \beta_B \tau_B \quad < L_{xy} > \sim 7 \text{ mm}$$

$$m_t = 173.5 \pm 1.5_{\text{stat}} \pm 1.3_{\text{syst}} \pm 2.6_{p_T(t)} \text{ GeV}$$



- Kinematic Endpoint Eur.Phys.J.C(2013)73:2494

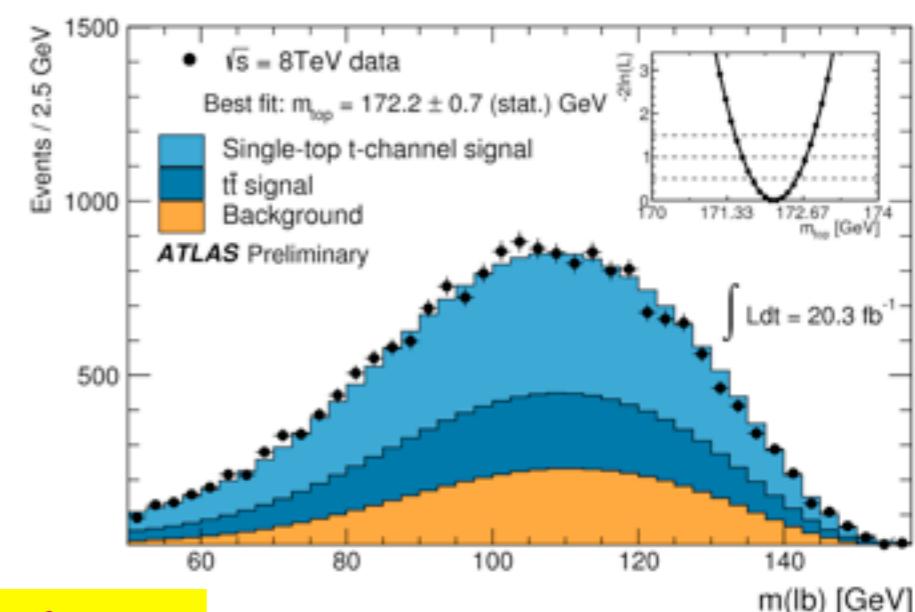
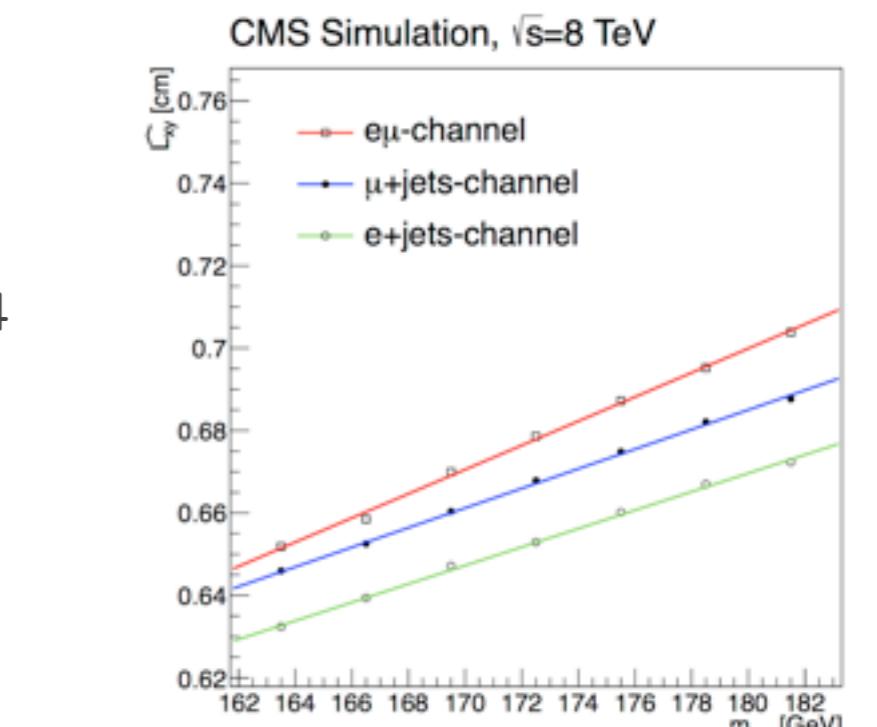


$$m_t = 173.9 \pm 0.9(\text{stat})^{+1.7}_{-2.1}(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$$

- t-channel single top ATLAS-CONF-2014-055

Template fit of lepton-b-jet mass

$$m_t = 172.2 \pm 0.7(\text{stat}) \pm 2.0(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$$



→ Standard methodと異なるSystematics

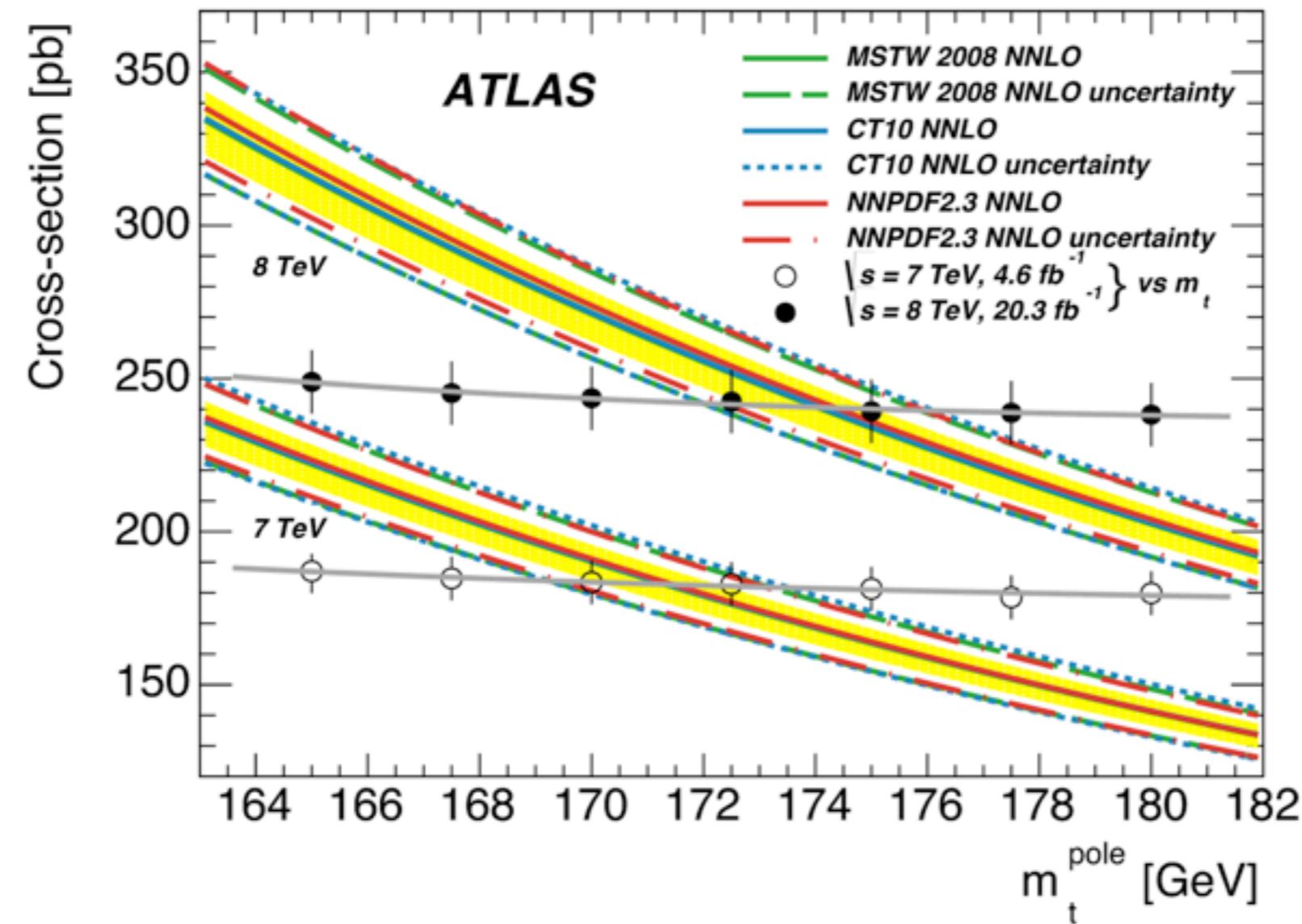
# Top mass : pole mass from $\sigma_{tt}$

arXiv:1303.6254

EPJ C74 (2014) 3109

$$\sigma(m_t) = \sigma(m_{\text{ref}}) \left( \frac{m_{\text{ref}}}{m_t} \right)^4 \left[ 1 + a_1 \left( \frac{m_t - m_{\text{ref}}}{m_{\text{ref}}} \right) + a_2 \left( \frac{m_t - m_{\text{ref}}}{m_{\text{ref}}} \right)^2 \right]$$

$m_t^{\text{ref}} = 172.5 \text{ GeV}$



$$m_t^{\text{pole}} = 171.4 \pm 2.6 \text{ GeV (7TeV)}$$

$$m_t^{\text{pole}} = 174.1 \pm 2.6 \text{ GeV (8TeV)}$$

$$m_t^{\text{pole}} = 172.9^{+2.6}_{-2.6} \text{ GeV (combined)}$$

# Top mass : pole mass with ttbar+1 jet

arXiv:1507.01769

- Differential cross sectionによる間接的なpole mass測定

Eur. Phys. J C73 (2013) 2438, arXiv:1303.6415で紹介

gluon radiationがtop quark massに依存すること  
を利用

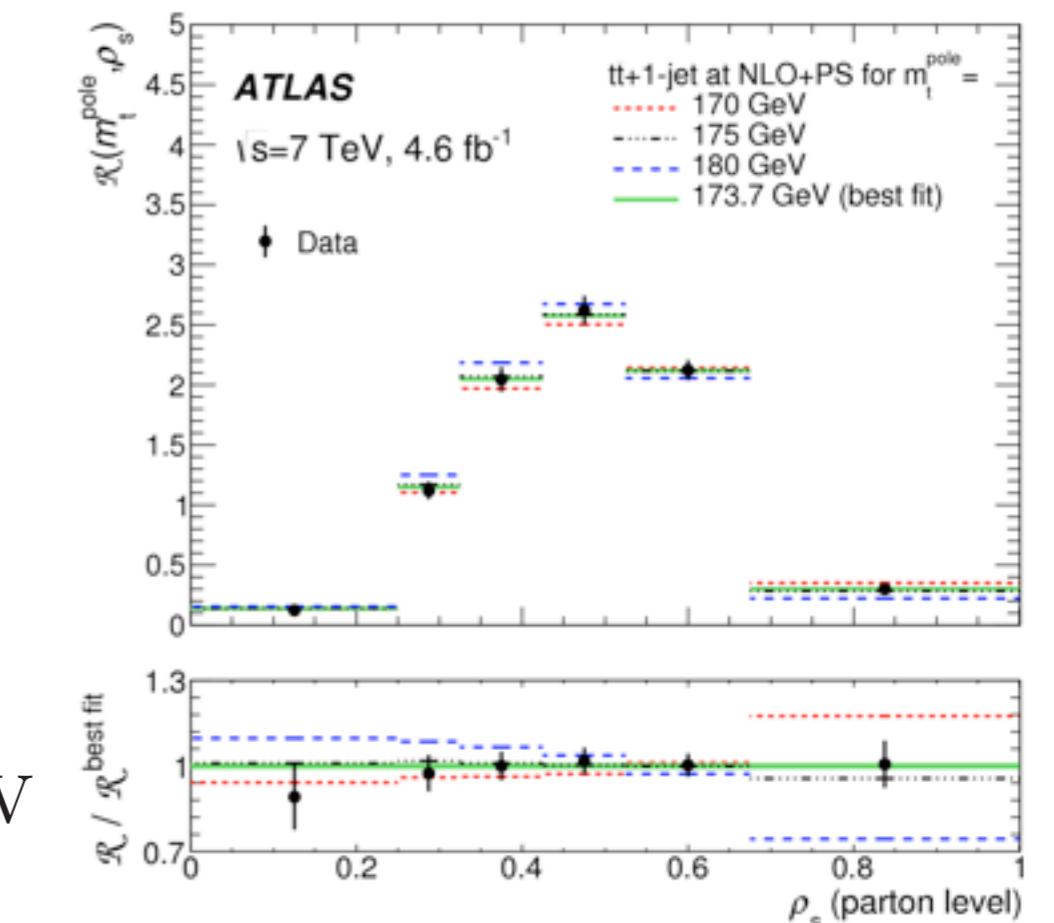
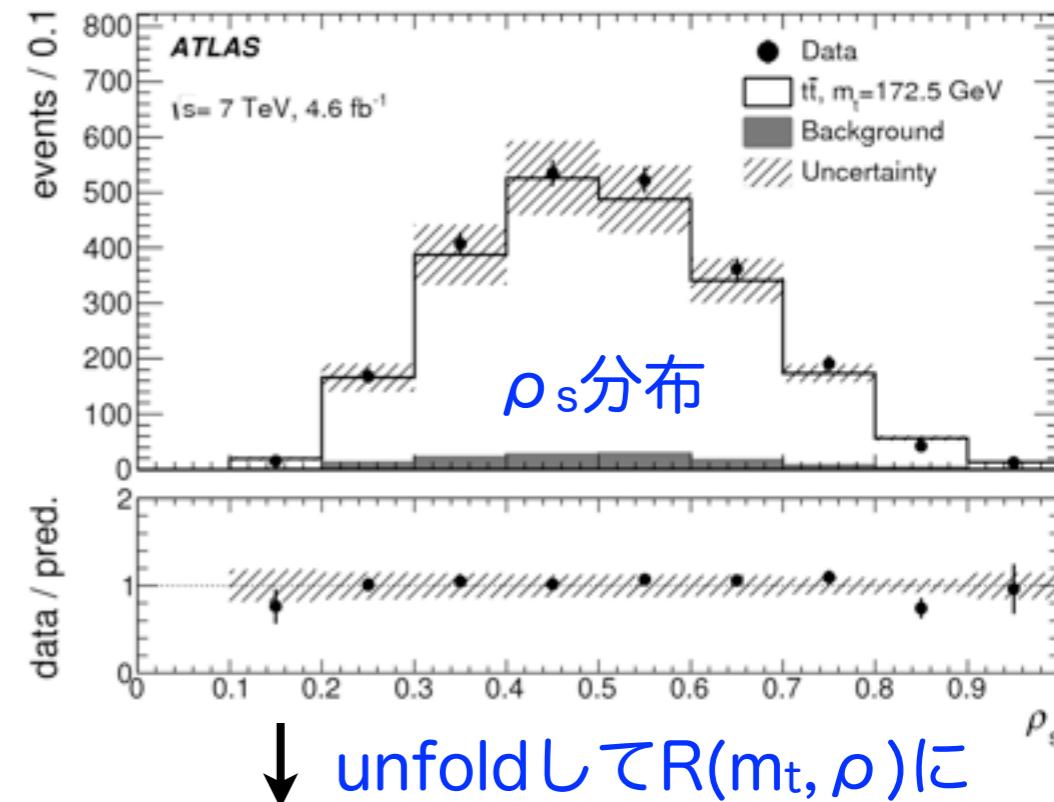
$$\mathcal{R}(m_t^{pole}, \rho_s) = \frac{1}{\sigma_{t\bar{t}+1jet}} \frac{d\sigma_{t\bar{t}+1jet}}{d\rho_s}(m_t^{pole}, \rho_s)$$

$$\rho_s = \frac{2m_0}{\sqrt{s_{t\bar{t}j}}} \quad m_0 = 170 \text{ GeV} \quad (\text{m}_t \text{位の任意量})$$

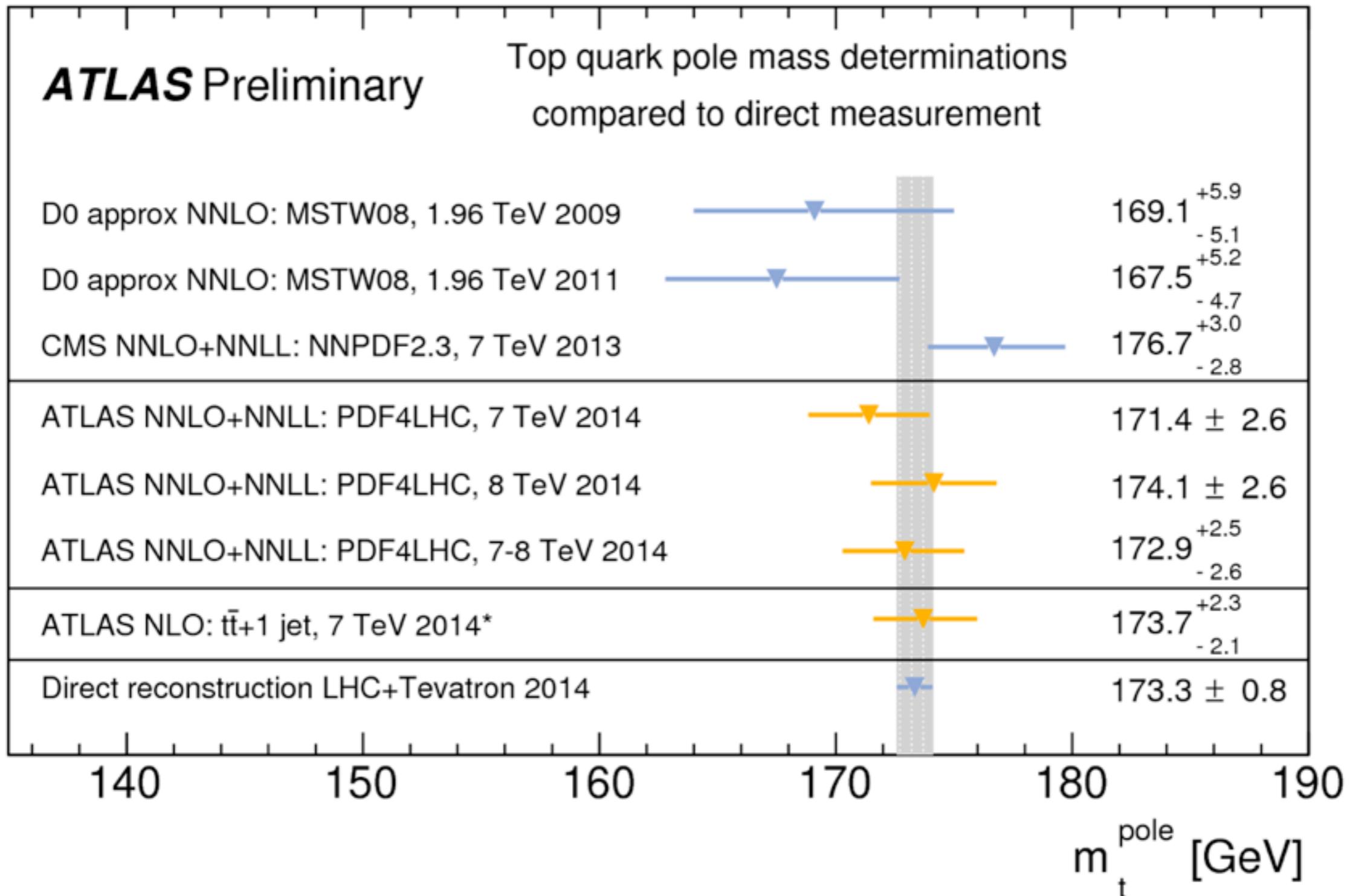
- single lepton終状態による解析

- lepton,  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ からleptonic topのWを再構成
- WのKinematics条件からhadronic top の2jetを選択
- $m_t^{\text{lep}} - m_t^{\text{had}}$  が最小となるb-jetとWの組を決定
- ttbar以外のjetは、 $pT > 50 \text{ GeV}$ のleading jet
- $\rho_s$ 分布をunfoldして  $\chi^2$  fitで質量を決定

$$m_t^{pole} = 173.7 \pm 1.5(\text{stat.}) \pm 1.4(\text{syst.}) {}^{+1.0}_{-0.5}(\text{theo.}) \text{ GeV}$$



# Top mass : pole mass測定のまとめ

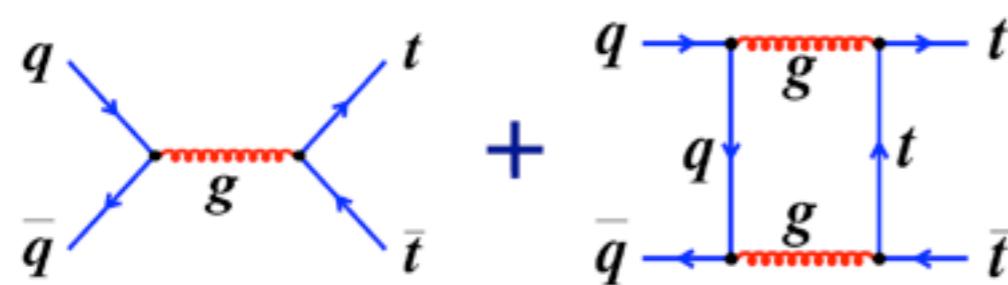


# Top quark property

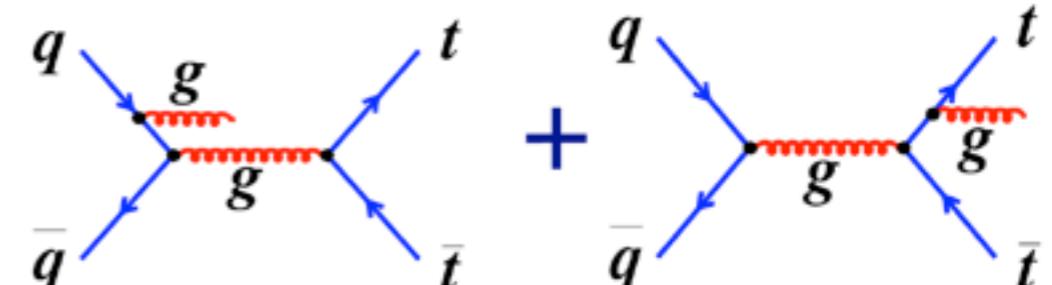
# Charge asymmetry

SMによるasymmetry

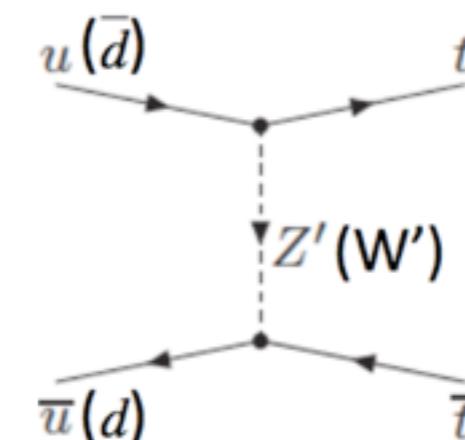
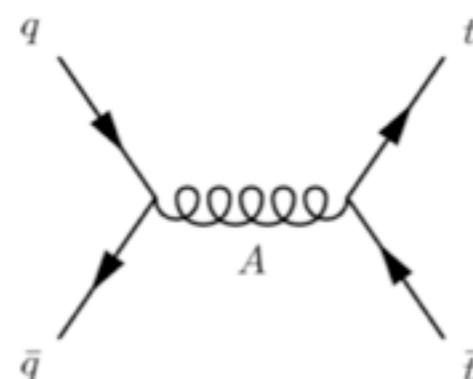
treeとboxのinterference



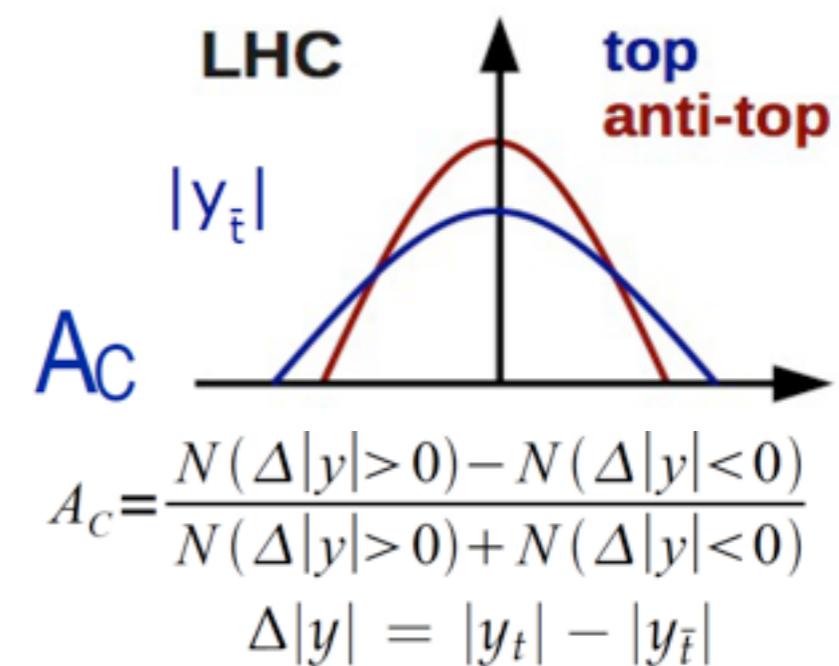
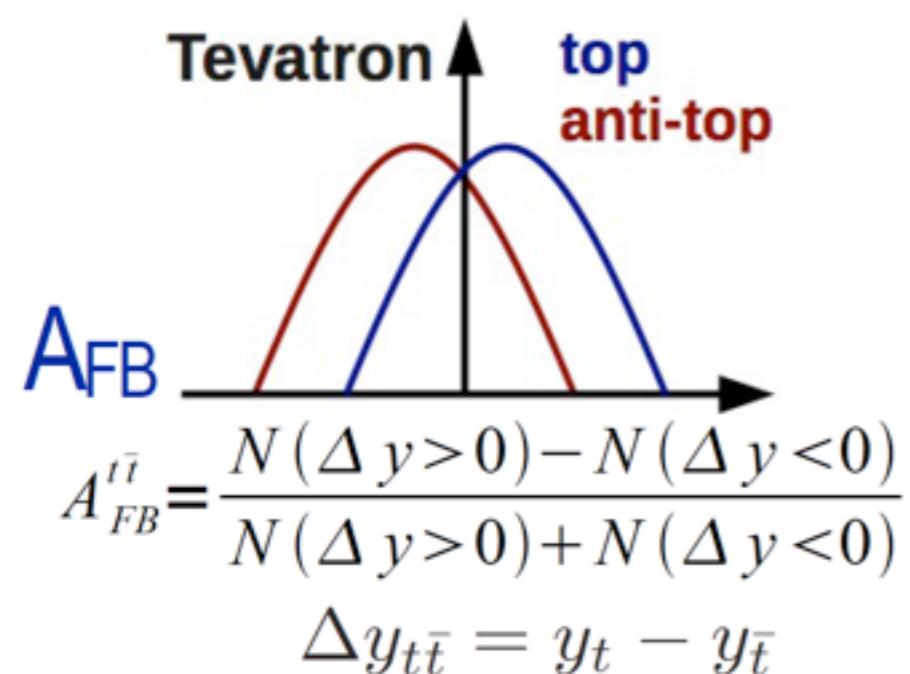
ISRとFSRのinterference



+新物理で標準模型からのズレ?



ppbarかppで見え方が異なる



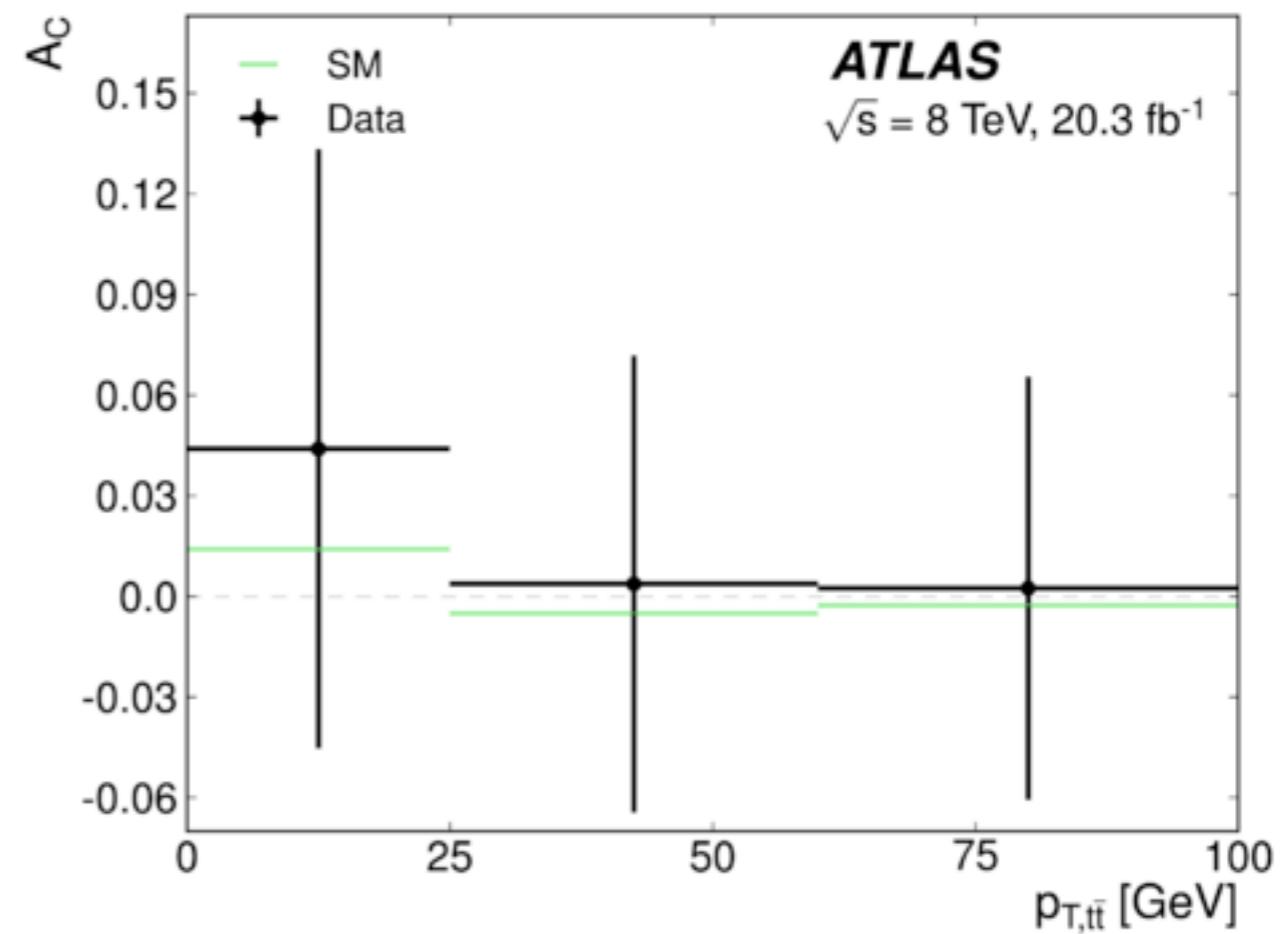
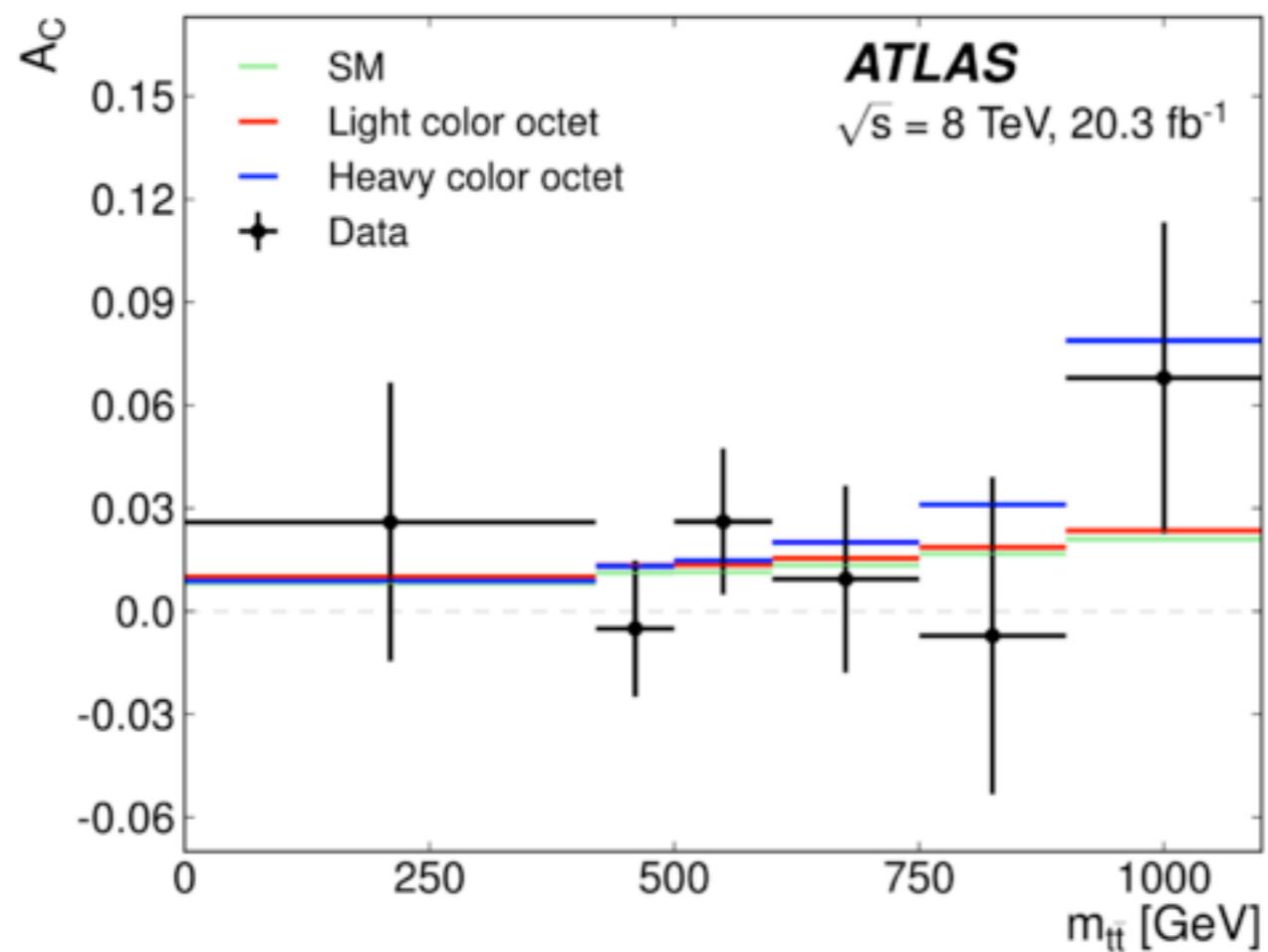
# Charge asymmetry

ttbar事象をkinematical fitを用いて再構成

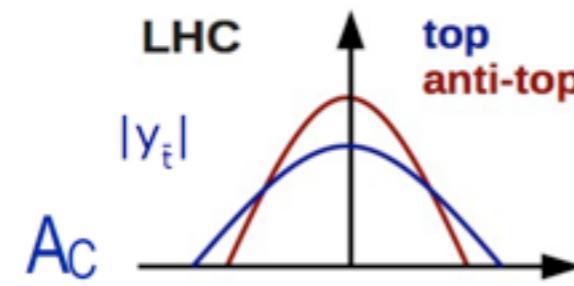
$\Delta|y|$ 分布をparton levelにunfold

Inclusive測定の他に,  $m_{t\bar{t}}$ ,  $p_{T,t\bar{t}}$ ,などの関数で $A_C$ の測定

$$A_C = 0.009 \pm 0.005 \text{ (stat.+syst.)}$$



# Charge asymmetry



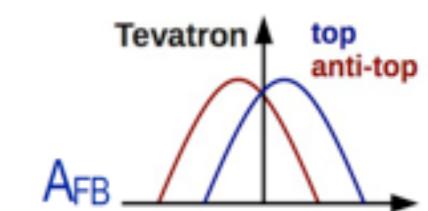
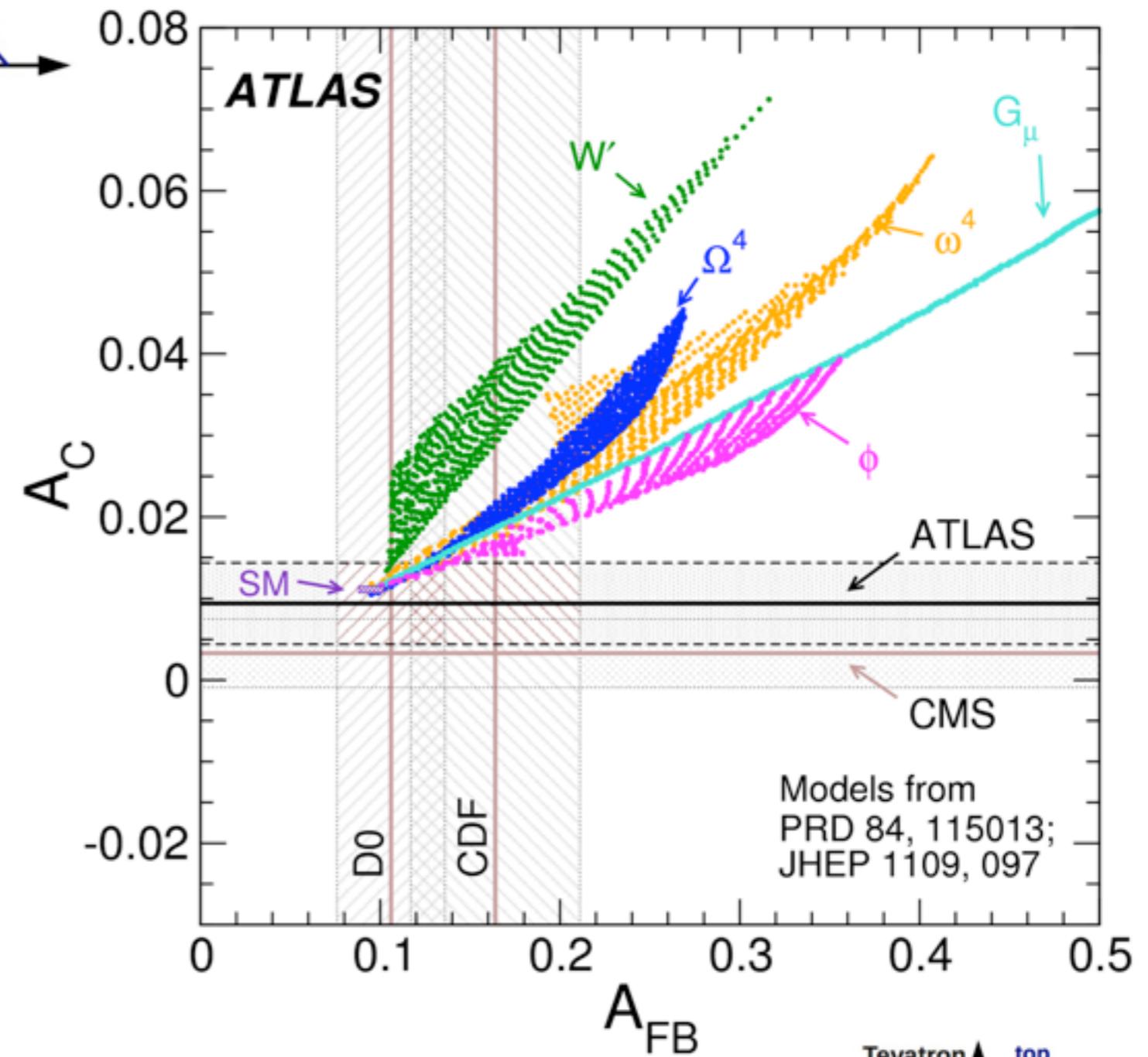
$Z'$ : Flavor violating  $Z'$  exchanged in t-channel in  $u\bar{u} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$  and with right-handed  $Z'tu$  couplings

$W'$ :  $W'$  boson with right-handed couplings exchanged in t-channel in  $d\bar{d} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$

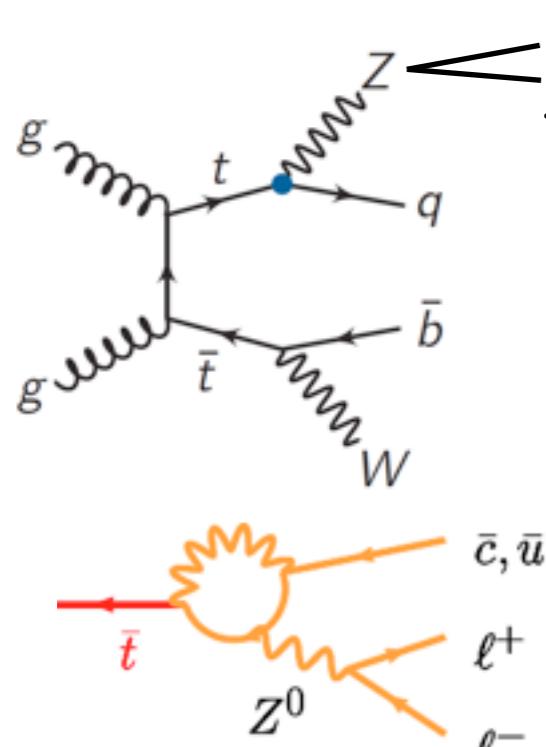
$\Omega^4$ : Color-sextet scalar with right-handed flavor violating  $t u$ -couplings and exchanged in u-channel

$\omega^4$ : Color triplet with flavor violating  $t u$ -couplings, right-handed, exchanged in u-channel in  $u\bar{u} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$

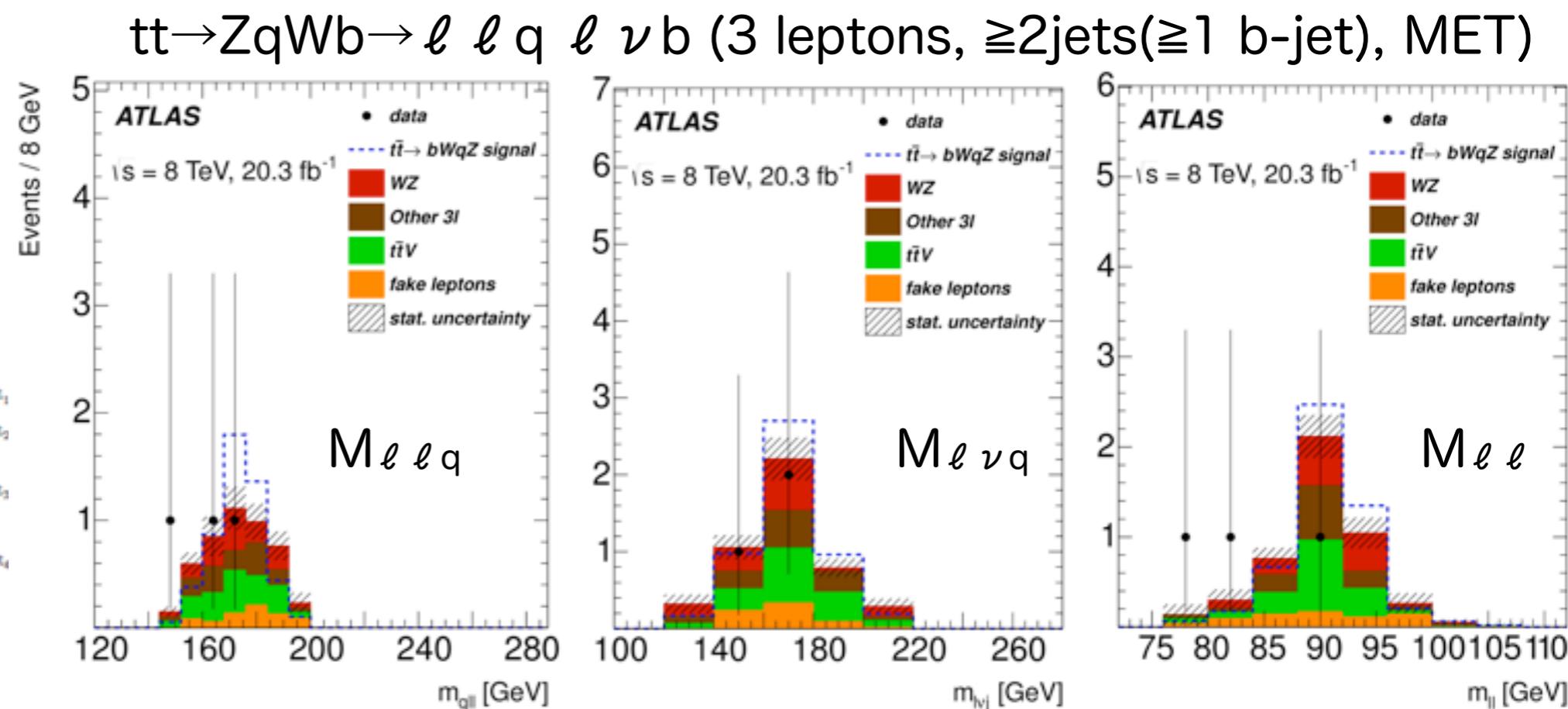
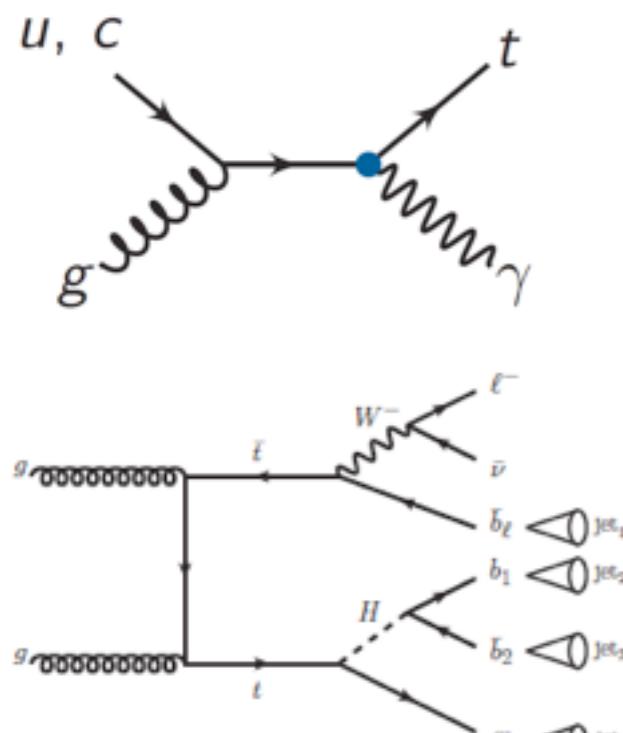
$G_\mu$ : Axigluon, color octet vector with axial couplings



# Flavor changing neutral current



Process	SM	2HDM(FV)	2HDM(FC)	MSSM	RPV	RS
$t \rightarrow Zu$	$7 \times 10^{-17}$	—	—	$\leq 10^{-7}$	$\leq 10^{-6}$	—
$t \rightarrow Zc$	$1 \times 10^{-14}$	$\leq 10^{-6}$	$\leq 10^{-10}$	$\leq 10^{-7}$	$\leq 10^{-6}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$
$t \rightarrow gu$	$4 \times 10^{-14}$	—	—	$\leq 10^{-7}$	$\leq 10^{-6}$	—
$t \rightarrow gc$	$5 \times 10^{-12}$	$\leq 10^{-4}$	$\leq 10^{-8}$	$\leq 10^{-7}$	$\leq 10^{-6}$	$\leq 10^{-10}$
$t \rightarrow \gamma u$	$4 \times 10^{-16}$	—	—	$\leq 10^{-8}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$	—
$t \rightarrow \gamma c$	$5 \times 10^{-14}$	$\leq 10^{-7}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$	$\leq 10^{-8}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$
$t \rightarrow hu$	$2 \times 10^{-17}$	$6 \times 10^{-6}$	—	$\leq 10^{-5}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$	—
$t \rightarrow hc$	$3 \times 10^{-15}$	$2 \times 10^{-3}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$	$\leq 10^{-4}$

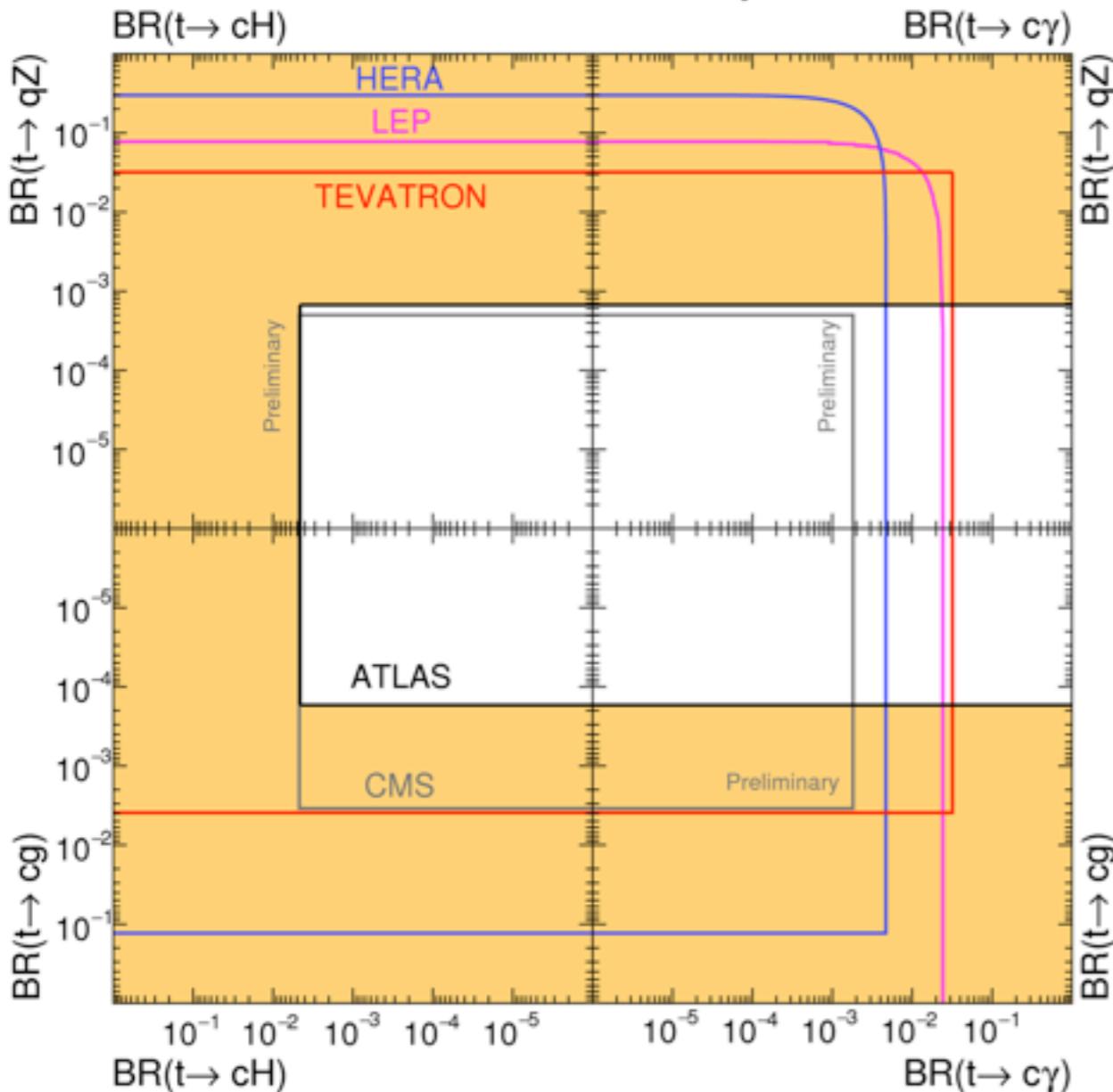


$\text{BR}(t \rightarrow Zq) < 7 \times 10^{-4}$  @95% C.L.

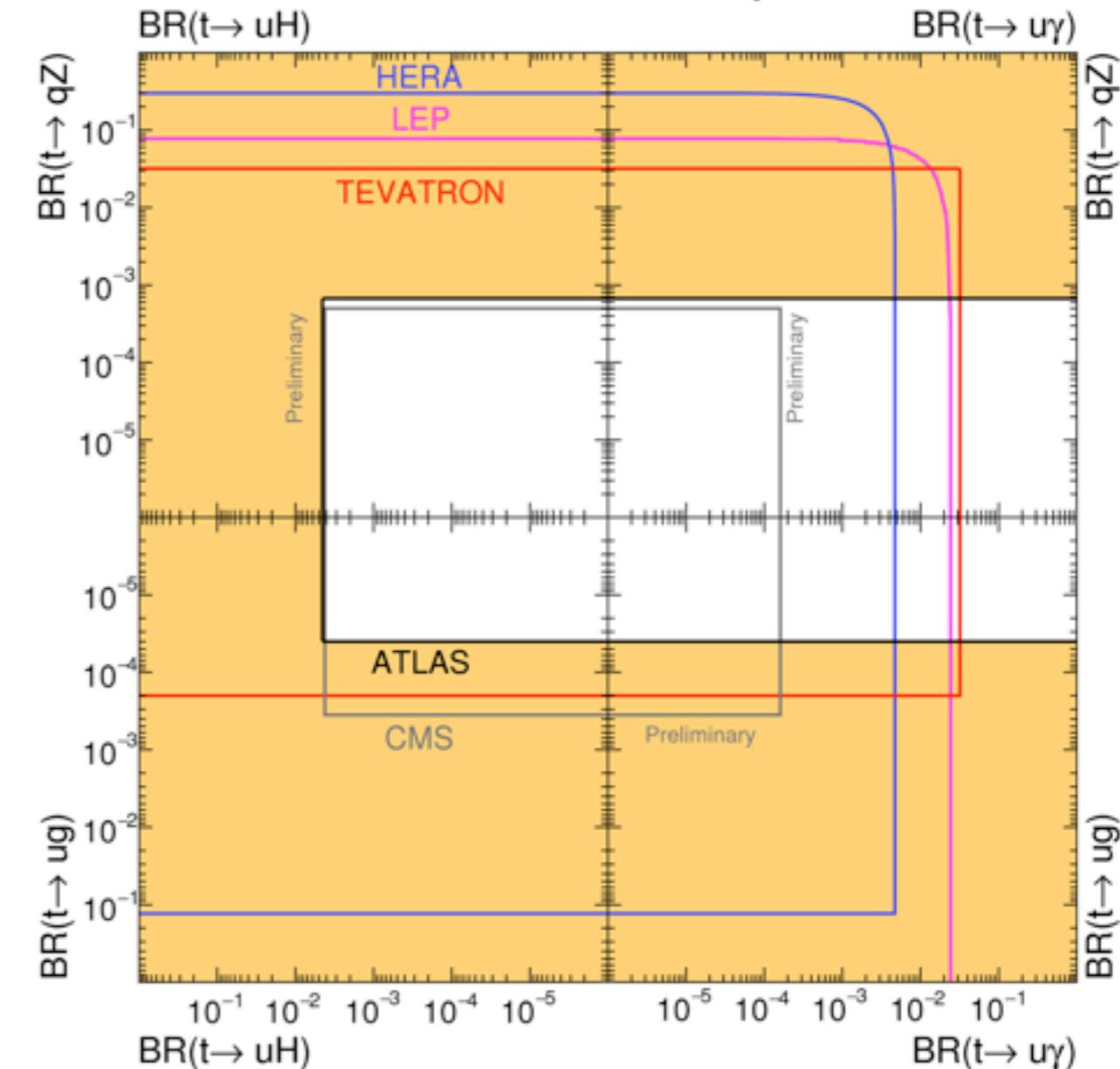
# Flavor changing neutral current

$t \rightarrow cX$

**ATLAS Preliminary**



**ATLAS Preliminary**



$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Zq)$	$19.5 \text{ fb}^{-1} @ 8 \text{ TeV}$	$300 \text{ fb}^{-1} @ 14 \text{ TeV}$	$3000 \text{ fb}^{-1} @ 14 \text{ TeV}$
Exp. bkg. yield	3.2	26.8	268
Expected limit	< 0.10%	< 0.027%	< 0.010%
$1\sigma$ range	0.06 – 0.13%	0.018 – 0.038%	0.007 – 0.014%
$2\sigma$ range	0.05 – 0.20%	0.013 – 0.051%	0.005 – 0.020%

# その他のTop quark properties

- Top quark charge JHEP11(2013)031

$$q_t = 0.64 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.08$$

- Top polarization and spin correlation

Phys. Rev. Lett 111, 232002 (2013) Phys. Rev. Lett 114, 142001 (2015)

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{d \cos \theta_1 d \cos \theta_2} = \frac{1}{4} (1 + \alpha_1 P_1 \cos \theta_1 + \alpha_2 P_2 \cos \theta_2 - C \cos \theta_1 \cos \theta_2)$$

- Wtb coupling

JHEP06(2012)088 JHEP10(2013)167 arXiv:1410.1154

ATLAS-CONF-2013-032

$$\mathcal{L}_{Wtb} = -\frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{b} \gamma^\mu (V_L P_L + V_R P_R) t W_\mu^- - \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{b} \frac{i \sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{m_W} (g_L P_L + g_R P_R) t W_\mu^- + \text{h.c.}$$

- ...

Consistent with SM prediction

# New physics search with top quark

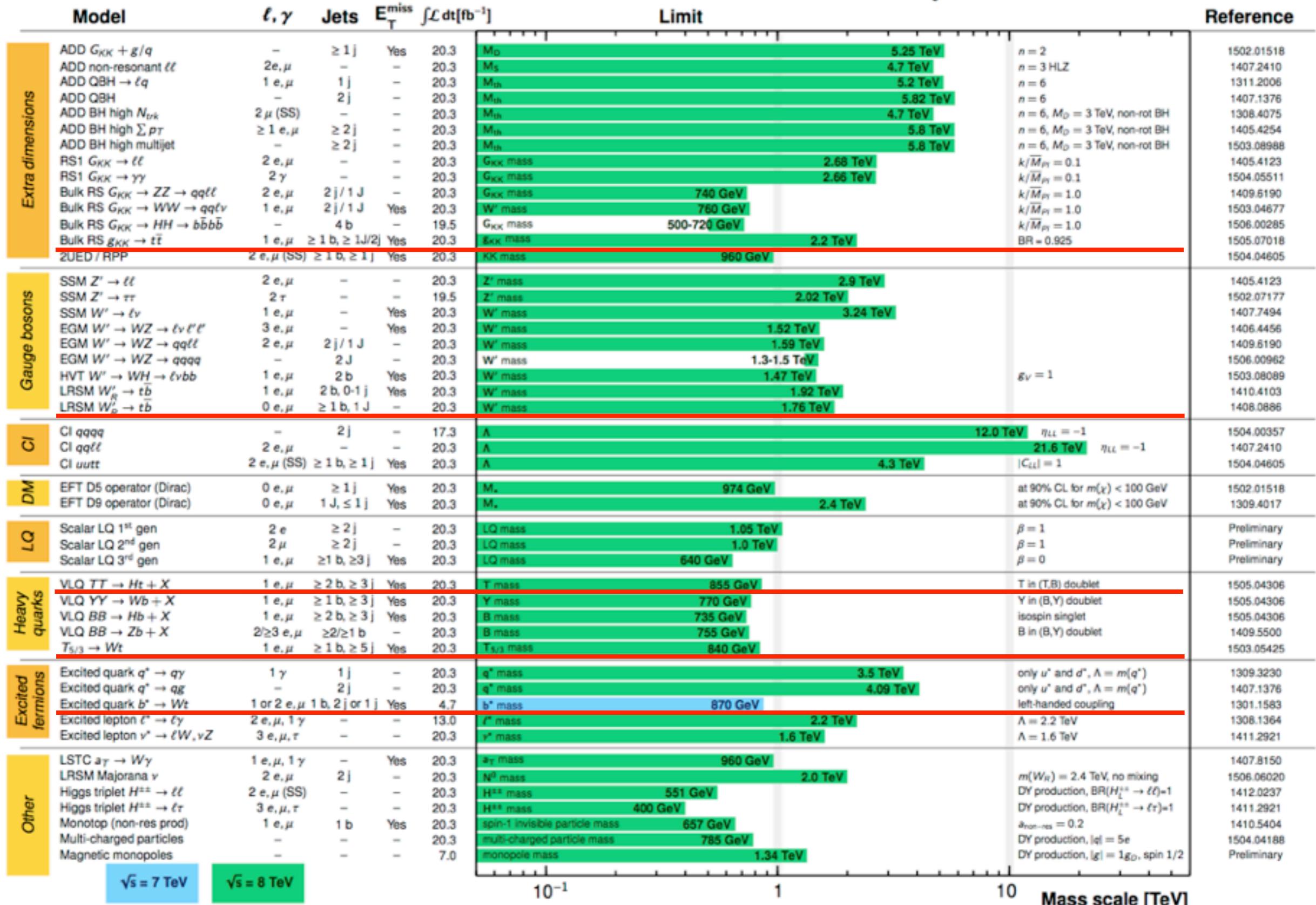
**ATLAS Exotics Searches\* - 95% CL Exclusion**

Status: July 2015

**ATLAS** Preliminary

$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (4.7 - 20.3) \text{ fb}^{-1}$

$\sqrt{s} = 7, 8 \text{ TeV}$



$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$

$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$

$10^{-1}$

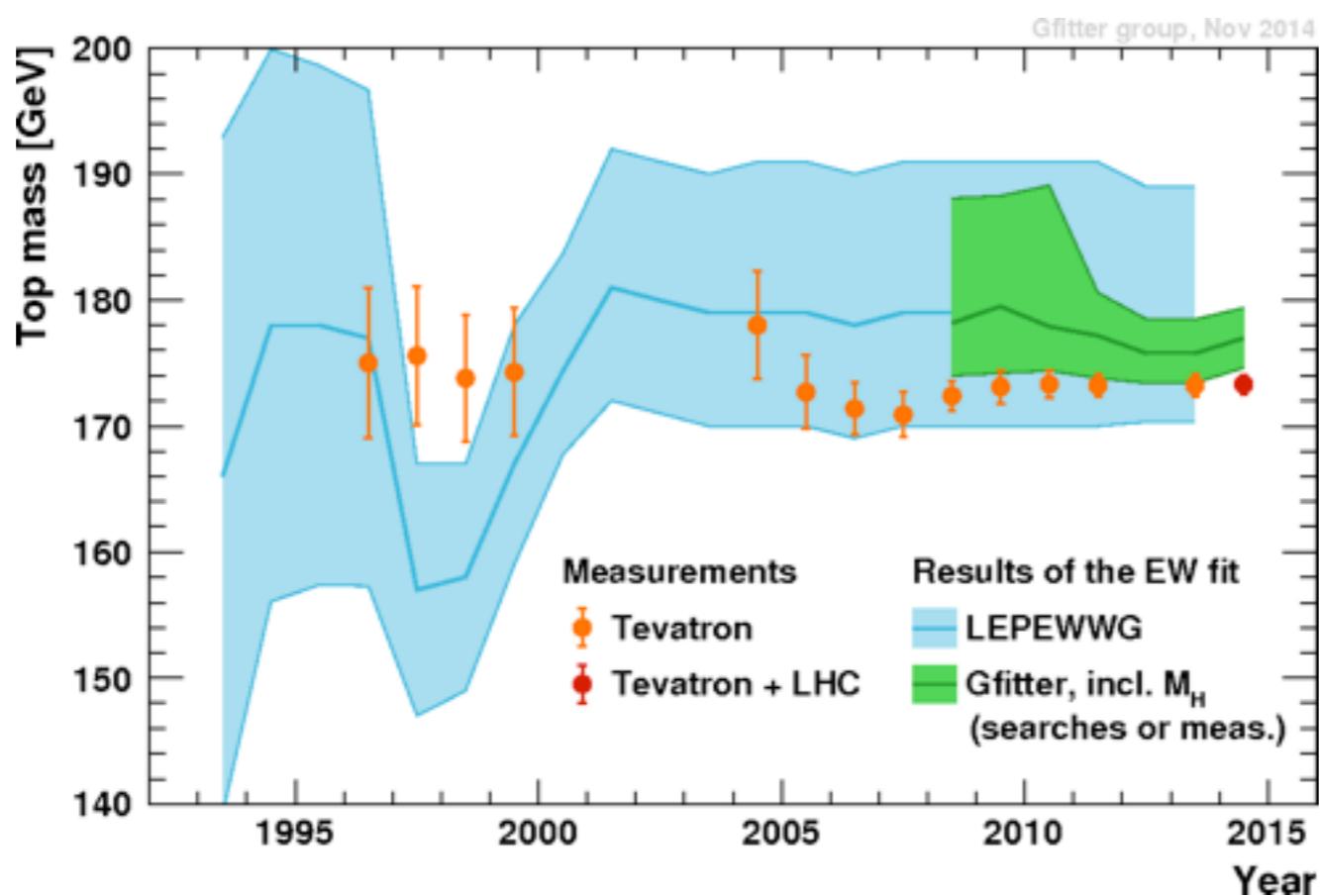
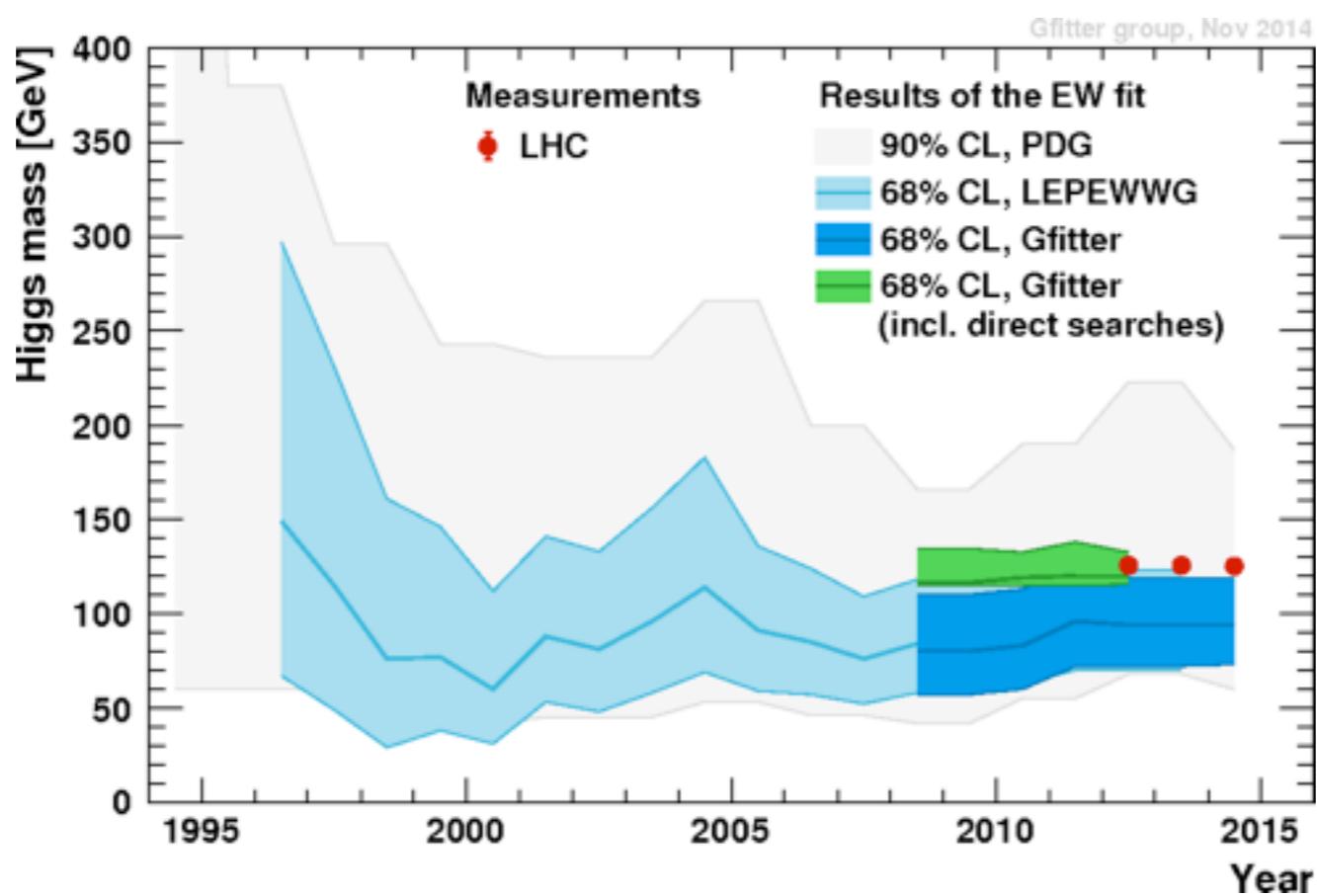
1

10

Mass scale [TeV]

\*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown.

backup

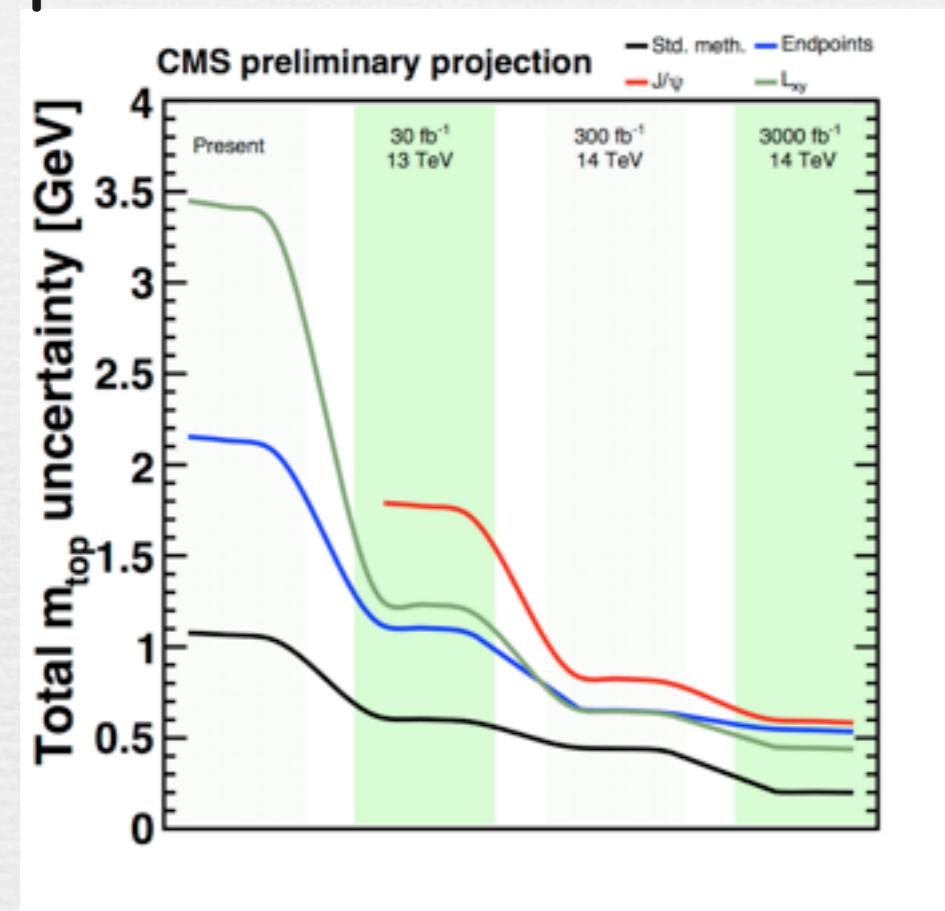


# Run2とそれ以降に向けて：perspective

## ○ Cross-section

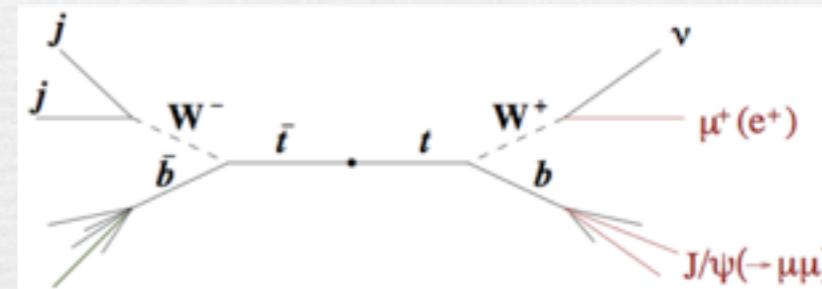
$\sqrt{s}=13, 14\text{TeV}$ の新しい点、Differential cross-section、light stop search

## ○ Top mass CMS-PAS-FTR-13-017



様々な手法で質量測定

Standard, Endpoint,  $L_{xy}$ ,  $J/\psi$  method, ...

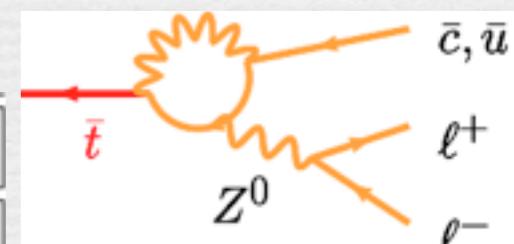


ATLASとCMSの良い解析手法を採用

Full NLO tools

## ○ 新物理 (FCNC) CMS-PAS-FTR-13-016

$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Zq)$	19.5 $\text{fb}^{-1}$ @ 8 TeV	300 $\text{fb}^{-1}$ @ 14 TeV	3000 $\text{fb}^{-1}$ @ 14 TeV
Exp. bkg. yield	3.2	26.8	268
Expected limit	< 0.10%	< 0.027%	< 0.010%
1 $\sigma$ range	0.06 – 0.13%	0.018 – 0.038%	0.007 – 0.014%
2 $\sigma$ range	0.05 – 0.20%	0.013 – 0.051%	0.005 – 0.020%



SM:  $10^{-12} \sim 10^{-17}$

BSM:  $< 10^{-4}$

# PDF: Parton Distribution Function

Hadron is non-perturbative object

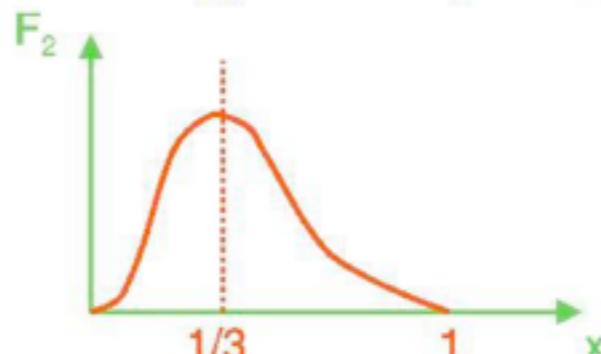
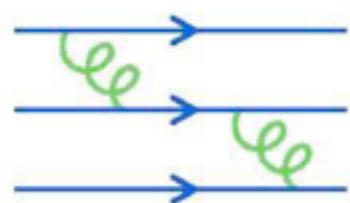
→ PDF is obtained by fit of experimental data

Based on n-th fixed order calculation

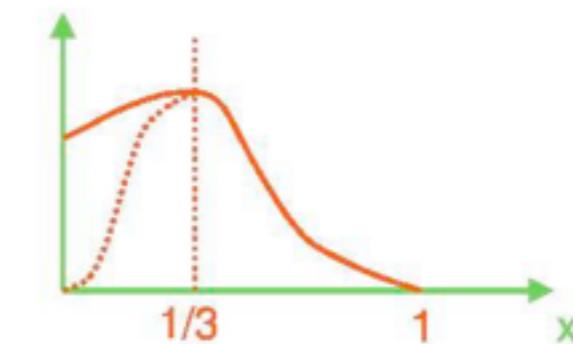
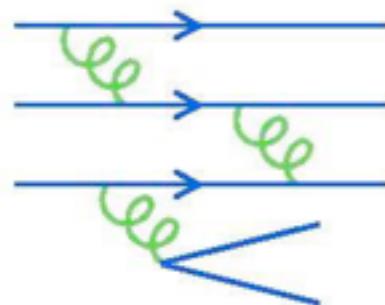
3 free quarks



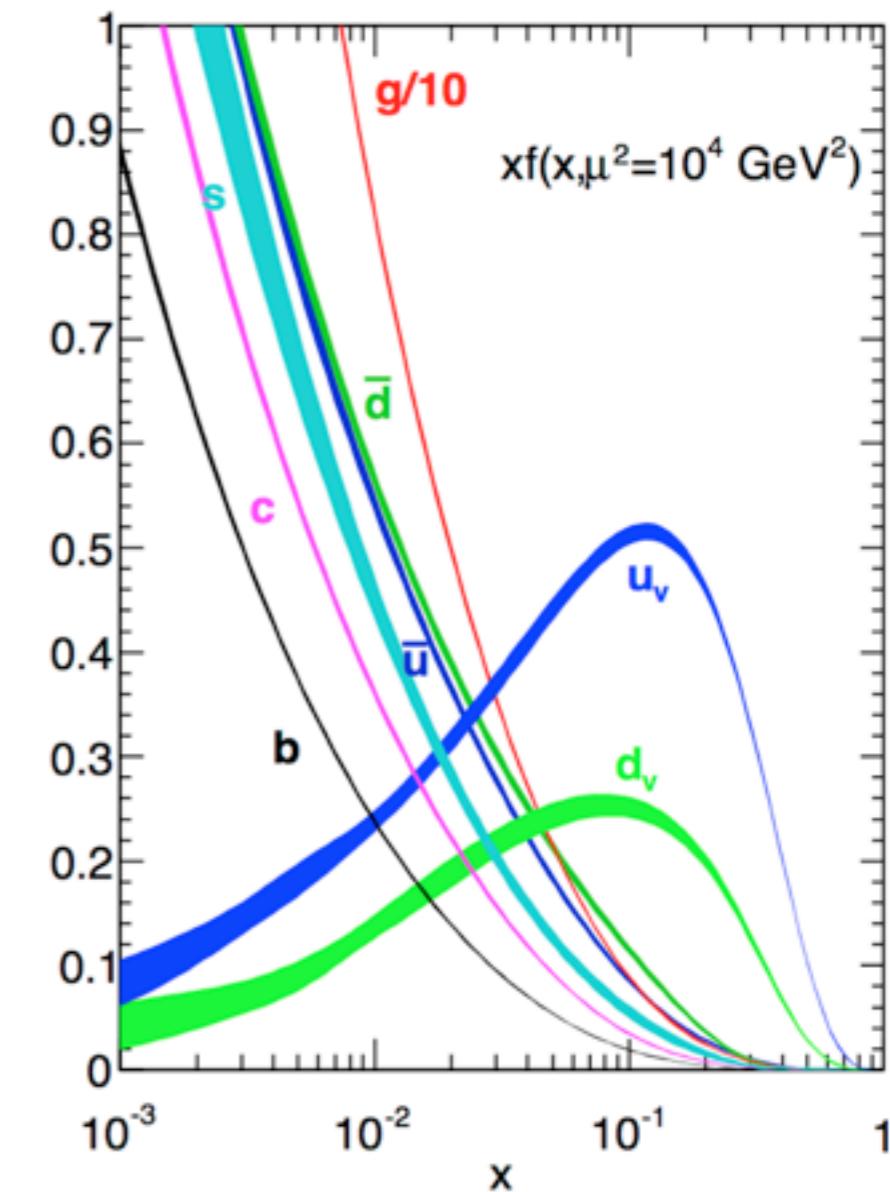
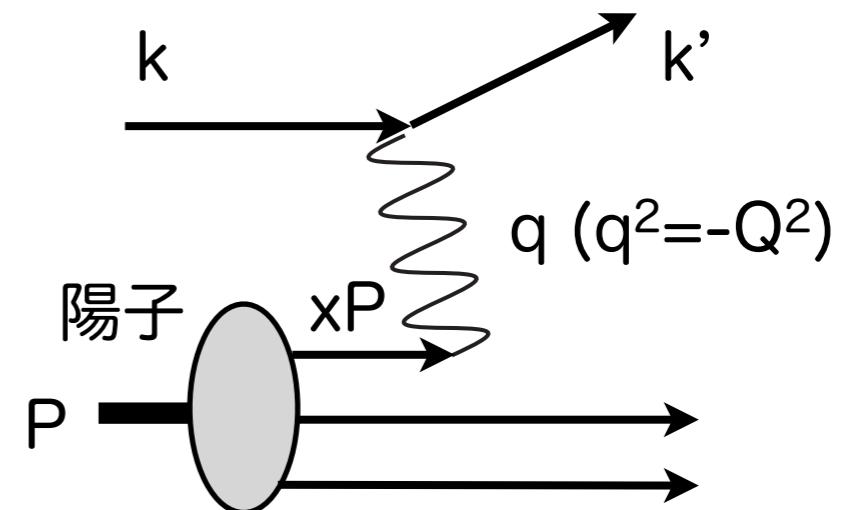
3 bound quarks



3 bound quarks plus "stuff"



$$y = \frac{1}{2} \ln [(E + p_z)/(E - p_z)] = \frac{1}{2} \ln (x_1/x_2)$$



# Top quark production

- Top quark pair production via QCD

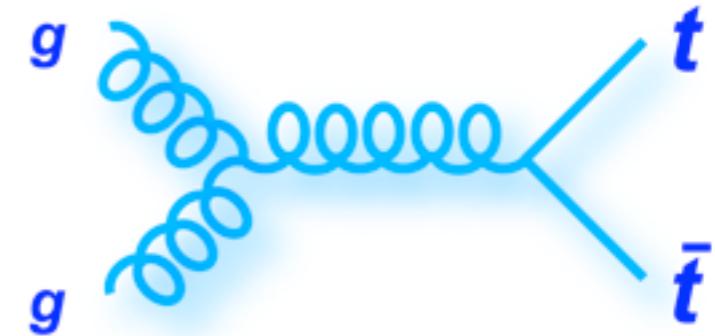
PRL 110 252004 (2013), arXiv:1303.6254

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 177.3^{+10.1}_{-10.8} \text{ pb (7TeV)}$$

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 252.9^{+13.3}_{-14.5} \text{ pb (8TeV)}$$

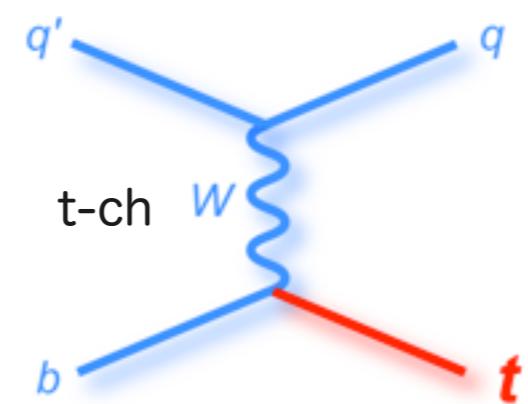
@NNLO+NNLL ( $m_t=172.5\text{GeV}$ ) top++ 2.0

→ ~6.4M top quark pairs in LHC Run 1



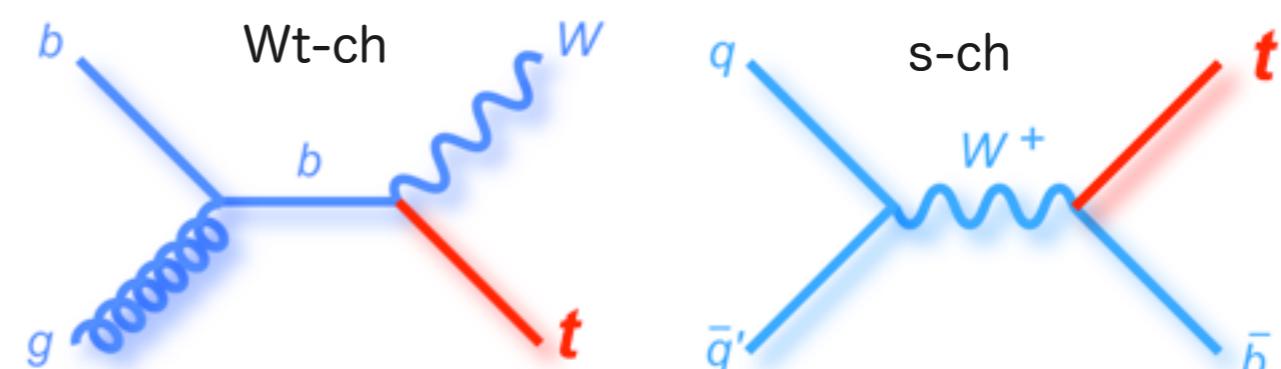
- Single top production via EW

Phys. Rev. D 83 (2011) 091503, arXiv:1103.2792 [hep-ph].  
 Phys. Rev. D 82 (2010) 054018, arXiv:1005.4451 [hep-ph].  
 Phys. Rev. D 81 (2010) 054028, arXiv:1001.5034 [hep-ph].



$$\sigma(\sqrt{s} = 7\text{TeV}) = 64.6 \pm 2.4 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma(\sqrt{s} = 8\text{TeV}) = 87.8 \pm 3.4 \text{ pb}$$



$$15.7 \pm 1.1 \text{ pb}$$

$$22.4 \pm 1.5 \text{ pb}$$

$$4.6 \pm 0.2 \text{ pb}$$

$$5.6 \pm 0.2 \text{ pb}$$

→ ~3M single tops in LHC Run 1

@NLO+NNLL ( $m_t=172.5\text{GeV}$ )